

Altice Luxembourg S.A.



Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

**As of and for the six month period ended
June 30, 2018**

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Consolidated Statement of Income	Notes	Six months ended June 30, 2018	Six months ended June 30, 2017 (revised*)
(€m)			
Revenues		7,146.6	7,562.9
Purchasing and subcontracting costs	4	(2,154.8)	(2,401.2)
Other operating expenses	4	(1,656.6)	(1,574.3)
Staff costs and employee benefits	4	(713.7)	(803.8)
Depreciation, amortization and impairment	4	(1,857.9)	(2,007.4)
Other expenses and income	4	57.9	(804.8)
Operating profit		821.5	(28.6)
Interest relative to gross financial debt		(800.7)	(1,044.3)
Other financial expenses ¹		(135.2)	(38.9)
Finance income ¹		15.5	60.8
Net result on extinguishment of a financial liability		-	(39.0)
Finance costs, net		(920.3)	(1,061.4)
Share of earnings of associates		(0.9)	0.2
Loss before income tax from continuing operations		(99.7)	(1,089.8)
Income tax benefit	10	(2.6)	192.6
Loss for the period from continuing operations		(102.2)	(897.2)
<i>Attributable to equity holders of the parent</i>		(83.6)	(799.7)
<i>Attributable to non-controlling interests</i>		(18.6)	(97.5)

1 The changes in other financial expenses and finance income are affected by the net foreign exchange gains or losses. For the six month period ended June 30, 2018, the net foreign exchange losses recorded in the first half of 2018, amounting to €67.9 million loss compared to a €67.9 million gain was recorded in the same period in 2017.

Consolidated Statement of Other Comprehensive Income	Six months ended June 30, 2018	Six months ended June 30, 2017 (revised*)
(€m)		
Loss for the period	(102.2)	(897.2)
Other comprehensive income		
Items that are reclassified to profit or loss		
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	22.2	17.3
Revaluation of available for sale financial assets, net of taxes	(1.9)	0.3
Gain on cash flow hedge, net of taxes	41.5	235.6
Item that is not reclassified to profit or loss		
Actuarial gain, net of taxes	13.6	13.2
Total other comprehensive income	75.3	266.4
Total comprehensive loss for the period	(26.8)	(630.8)
<i>Attributable to equity holders of the parent</i>	1.7	(552.2)
<i>Attributable to non-controlling interests</i>	(28.5)	(78.5)

(*) Previously published information has been revised to take into account the impact following the adoption of IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* and IFRS 9 *Financial instruments*. Please refer to note 16 for the reconciliation to previously published results.

The accompanying notes on page 7 to 43 form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

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Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (€m)	Notes	As of June 30, 2018	As of December 31, 2017 (revised*)
Non-current assets			
Goodwill	5.1	15,895.4	15,915.6
Intangible assets	5.4	8,232.0	8,678.9
Property, plant & equipment		10,419.3	10,415.6
Contract costs		247.5	241.2
Investment in associates		45.4	49.4
Financial assets	9	1,816.8	1,262.0
Deferred tax assets		140.5	145.1
Other non-current assets		392.4	377.7
Total non-current assets		37,189.3	37,085.5
Current assets			
Inventories		467.6	461.4
Contract assets		256.9	302.3
Trade and other receivables		4,384.3	4,440.8
Current tax assets		71.8	165.3
Financial assets		61.9	62.0
Cash and cash equivalents	6	671.8	753.2
Restricted cash	6	42.2	33.7
Total current assets		5,956.5	6,218.7
<i>Assets classified as held for sale</i>	3.4	<i>143.2</i>	<i>602.0</i>
Total assets		43,289.0	43,906.2
Equity			
Issued capital	7.1	2.5	2.5
Additional paid in capital	7.2	659.0	1,194.3
Other reserves	7.3	(431.7)	(517.0)
Accumulated losses	7	(3,605.3)	(3,520.0)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		(3,375.6)	(2,840.3)
Non-controlling interests	3.3	252.6	157.4
Total equity		(3,123.1)	(2,683.0)
Non-current liabilities			
Long term borrowings, financial liabilities and related hedging instruments	8	31,896.3	31,804.8
Other financial liabilities	8.5	550.6	539.5
Provisions		1,180.2	1,307.4
Deferred tax liabilities		411.3	494.8
Non-current contract liabilities		492.6	466.4
Other non-current liabilities		141.0	127.3
Total non-current liabilities		34,672.0	34,740.2
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowings, financial liabilities	8	842.5	413.6
Other financial liabilities	8.5	2,303.9	2,112.0
Trade and other payables		7,041.5	7,103.2
Contract liabilities		736.4	719.9
Current tax liabilities		129.9	196.8
Provisions		296.5	429.0
Other current liabilities		288.9	342.6
Total current liabilities		11,639.6	11,317.1
<i>Liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale</i>	3.4	<i>100.5</i>	<i>531.9</i>
Total liabilities		46,412.1	46,589.2
Total equity and liabilities		43,289.0	43,906.2

(*) Previously published information has been revised to take into account the impact following the adoption of IFRS15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. Please refer to note 16 for the reconciliation to previously published results.

The accompanying notes on page 7 to 43 form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

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Consolidated Statement Changes in Equity	Number of shares on issue	Share capital	Additional paid in capital	Accumulated losses	Currency translation reserve	Cash Flow hedge reserve	Available for sale	Employee Benefits	Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Equity at January 1, 2018	251,050,186	2.5	1,194.3	(3,520.0)	56.4	(521.4)	3.5	(55.5)	(2,840.3)	157.4	(2,683.0)
IFRS 9 transition impact		-	-	(1.8)	-	-	-	-	(1.8)	2.0	0.2
Equity at January 1, 2018 (*revised)	251,050,186	2.5	1,194.3	(3,521.8)	56.4	(521.4)	3.5	(55.5)	(2,842.2)	159.4	(2,682.8)
Loss for the period		-	-	(83.6)	-	-	-	-	(83.6)	(18.6)	(102.2)
Other comprehensive profit/(loss)		-	-	-	22.4	50.9	(1.9)	13.8	85.3	(9.9)	75.3
Comprehensive profit/(loss)		-	-	(83.6)	22.4	50.9	(1.9)	13.8	1.7	(28.5)	(26.8)
Transaction with Alice Shareholders		-	(164.2)	-	-	-	-	-	(164.2)	-	(164.2)
Transactions with non-controlling interests		-	(367.8)	-	-	-	-	-	(367.8)	115.6	(252.2)
Other		-	(3.3)	-	-	-	-	-	(3.3)	6.2	2.8
Equity at June 30, 2018	251,050,186	2.5	659.0	(3,605.3)	78.8	(470.5)	1.6	(41.7)	(3,375.6)	252.6	(3,123.1)

Consolidated Statement Changes in Equity	Number of shares on issue	Share capital	Additional paid in capital	Accumulated losses	Currency translation reserve	Cash Flow hedge reserve	Available for sale	Employee Benefits	Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Equity at January 1, 2017 (revised*)	251,050,186	2.5	840.7	(1,870.8)	23.9	(654.7)	2.8	(47.1)	(1,702.7)	831.3	(871.5)
Loss for the period		-	-	(799.7)	-	-	-	-	(799.7)	(97.5)	(897.2)
Other comprehensive profit		-	-	-	17.4	216.5	0.3	13.2	247.4	19.0	266.4
Comprehensive profit/(loss)		-	-	(799.7)	17.4	216.5	0.3	13.2	(552.2)	(78.5)	(630.8)
Share based payment		-	-	14.3	-	-	-	-	14.3	0.1	14.4
Transaction with non-controlling interests		-	(740.5)	-	-	-	-	-	(740.5)	(409.9)	(1,150.4)
Contribution from sole shareholder		-	1,099.4	-	-	-	-	-	1,099.4	-	1,099.4
Other		-	2.1	-	-	-	-	-	2.1	(11.8)	(9.7)
Equity at June 30, 2017 (revised*)	251,050,186	2.5	1,201.8	(2,656.2)	41.3	(438.2)	3.1	(33.9)	(1,879.6)	331.2	(1,548.4)

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The accompanying notes on page 7 to 43 form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

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Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	Six months ended June 30, 2018	Six months ended June 30, 2017 (revised*)
(€m)		
Net (loss) including non-controlling interests	(102.2)	(897.2)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation, amortization and impairment	1,857.9	2,007.4
Share in income of associates	0.9	0.2
Gains on disposals	(88.8)	(22.1)
Expenses related to share-based payment	-	14.4
Other non-cash operating (losses)/gains, net ¹	(182.1)	431.1
Pension liability payments	(30.9)	(73.1)
Finance costs recognized in the statement of income	920.3	1,061.4
Income tax credit recognized in the statement of income	2.6	(192.6)
Income tax paid	(52.0)	(190.8)
Changes in working capital	(484.4)	49.2
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,841.3	2,187.9
Payments to acquire tangible and intangible assets and contract costs	(1,499.2)	(1,815.0)
Payments to acquire other non-current assets	-	(71.3)
Payments to acquire financial assets	(13.0)	(18.0)
Proceeds from disposal of businesses	157.3	336.8
Proceeds from disposal of tangible, intangible and financial assets	16.4	38.0
Payments to acquire interests in associates	(21.6)	(12.4)
Payment to acquire subsidiaries, net	(66.4)	(313.0)
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,426.5)	(1,854.9)
Proceeds from issuance of debts	955.0	3,524.9
Payments to redeem debt instruments	(544.4)	(3,660.0)
Advances to group entities	(57.7)	(45.3)
Transaction with non-controlling interests	(100.0)	-
Transfers to restricted cash	-	(33.5)
Interest paid	(860.9)	(976.4)
Other cash provided by financing activities ²	111.8	745.2
Net cash used in financing activities	(496.2)	(445.2)
Classification of cash as held for sale	-	-
Effects of exchange rate changes on the balance of cash held in foreign currencies	-	(5.2)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(81.3)	(117.4)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	753.2	719.9
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	671.8	602.5

- 1 Other non-cash operating gains and losses mainly include allowances and writebacks for provisions (including those for restructuring), and gains and losses recorded on the disposal of tangible and intangible assets.
- 2 Other cash from financing activities at the end of the six month period ended June 30, 2018 includes €68.5 million of net receipts from the issuance of commercial paper and net proceeds of €53.2 million from factoring arrangements.

(*) Previously published information has been revised to take into account the impact following the adoption of IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* and IFRS 9 *Financial instruments*. Please refer to note 16 for the reconciliation to previously published results.

The accompanying notes on page 7 to 43 form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

1. About Altice Luxembourg and Altice Group

Altice Luxembourg S.A. (the “Company”, the “Group”) is a public limited liability company (“*société anonyme*”) incorporated in Luxembourg, headquartered at 5, rue Eugène Ruppert, L-2453, Luxembourg, in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg.

The direct controlling shareholder of the Company is Altice Group Luxembourg S.à r.l., which holds 100% of the share capital, and is itself controlled by Altice Europe N.V. (“Altice” or “the Altice Group”), headquartered at Prins Bernhardplein 200, 1097 JB Amsterdam, the Netherlands. The financial statements of the Company are consolidated into the financial statements of Altice Europe N.V.. The controlling shareholder of Altice Europe N.V. is Next Alt S.à r.l. (“Next Alt”), which holds 67.54% of the share capital as of June 30, 2018 and is controlled by Mr. Patrick Drahi.

Altice is a convergent leader in telecoms, content, media, entertainment and advertising. Altice delivers innovative, customer-centric products and solutions that connect and unlock the limitless potential of its over 30 million customers over fiber networks and mobile broadband. Altice is also a provider of enterprise digital solutions to millions of business customers. The Group innovates with technology, research and development and enables people to live out their passions by providing original content, high-quality and compelling TV shows, and international, national and local news channels. Altice delivers live broadcast premium sports events and enables its customers to enjoy the most well-known media and entertainment.

2. Accounting policies

2.1. Basis of preparation

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Group as of June 30, 2018 and for the six month period then ended were approved by the Board of Directors and authorized for issue on August 30, 2018.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Group as of June 30, 2018 and for the six month period then ended, are presented in millions of Euros, except as otherwise stated, and have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*. They should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements of the Group and the notes thereto as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017 which were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted in the European Union (“IFRS”) (the “annual consolidated financial statements”).

The accounting policies applied for the condensed interim consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2018 do not differ from those applied in the annual consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, except for the adoption of new standards effective as of January 1, 2018.

2.1.1. Standards applicable for the reporting period

The following standards have mandatory application for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 as described in note 2.1.4 to the annual consolidated financial statements.

- IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*;
- IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*;
- Amendments to IFRS 2: *Classification and Measurement of Share Based Payment Transactions*;
- IFRIC 22: *Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration*;
- Annual improvements cycle 2014-2016.

The application of amendments to IFRS 2, IFRIC 22 and annual improvements cycle 2014-2016 had no impact on the amounts recognised in the annual consolidated financial statements and had no impact on the disclosures in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Below are described the main changes in the Group’s accounting policies relating to the first application of IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* and IFRS 9 *Financial instruments*. Other significant revenue recognition policies remain unchanged.

2.1.1.1. Revenue recognition

Revenue from the Group's activities is mainly composed of television, broadband Internet, fixed and mobile telephone subscription, installation fees invoiced to residential and business clients and advertising revenues.

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating intercompany sales within the Group.

In accordance with IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, the revenue recognition model includes five steps for analysing transactions so as to determine when to recognize revenue and at what amount:

- (1) Identifying the contract with the customer.
- (2) Identifying separate performance obligations in the contract.
- (3) Determining the transaction price.
- (4) Allocating the transaction price to separate performance obligations.
- (5) Recognizing revenue when or as the performance obligations are satisfied.

For bundled packages, the Group accounts for individual products and services separately if they are distinct – i.e. if a product or service is separately identifiable from other items in the bundled package and if the product or service is distinct from other items in the bundle. The consideration is allocated between separate products and services in a bundle based on their stand-alone selling prices. The stand-alone selling prices are determined based on the market prices at which the Group sells the mobile devices and telecommunications services separately.

This leads to the recognition of a contract asset in the statement of financial position.

The contract asset is reversed over the enforceable period. Enforceable period has been determined for each company. It represents the period over which rights and obligation are enforceable. This period is determined not only by the commitment period as stated in the contract, but also by business practices and contracts mechanisms (early renewal, exit options, penalties and other clauses).

Revenue from mobile devices

The Group recognizes revenues when a customer takes possession of the device, which is the performance obligation. This usually occurs when the customer signs a new contract. The amount of revenue includes the sale of mobile devices and ancillary equipment for those devices. For mobile devices sold separately, customers pay in full at the point of sale or in several instalments (credit agreement).

Revenue from service

Revenues from subscriptions for basic cable services, digital television pay, Internet and telephony (fixed and mobile) are recognized in revenue on a straight-line basis over the subscription period; revenues from telephone calls are recognized in revenue when the service is rendered in accordance with the term of the contract.

Installation revenue

Installation service revenue is deferred and recognized over the benefit period. For B2B customers, the benefit period is the contract term, which is defined and agreed for 2 years or more. For B2C customers, there is no commitment period and installation costs are recognized over the benefit period.

Agent versus principal

The Group determines whether it is acting as a principal or as an agent. The Group is acting as a principal if it controls a promised good or service before it is transferred to a customer.

Indicators for acting as a principal include: (1) the Group is primarily responsible for fulfilling the promise to provide the specified good or service, (2) the Group has inventory risk in the specified good or service and (3) the Group has discretion in establishing the price for the specified good or service.

On the other hand, the Group is acting as an agent or an intermediary, if these criteria are not met. When the Group is acting as an agent, revenue is presented on a net basis in the statement of income. When the Group is acting as

principal, revenue is presented on a gross basis.

2.1.1.2. Contract costs

The Group recognizes as an asset the incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer if it expects to recover those costs. The incremental costs of obtaining a contract are those costs that the Group incurs to obtain a contract with a customer that it would not have incurred if the contract had not been obtained. Commissions to third parties and sales incentives to employees are considered as costs to obtain a contract and are recognized under the balance sheet caption “contract costs”.

Assets recognized as contract costs are amortized on a systematic basis that is consistent with the transfer to the customer of the goods or services to which the asset relates. The asset may relate to goods or services to be transferred under a specific anticipated contract. The amortization charge is recognized in the statement of income, within caption “Depreciation, amortization and impairment”.

As a practical expedient, the Group recognizes the incremental costs of obtaining a contract as an expense when incurred if the amortization period of the asset that the Group otherwise would have recognized is one year or less.

2.1.1.3. Financial instruments

Standard IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* allows two methods for subsequent measurement:

- amortized cost: this is the original amount minus principal repayments, cumulative amortizations and impairments. An impairment is recognized if the fair value at the end of the period is less than the carrying amount. The amortized cost must be determined by using the effective interest rate method,
- fair value: this is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability paid, between two willing parties, in an arm’s length transaction.

Classification and measurement

Except for certain trade receivables, under IFRS 9, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs.

Under IFRS 9, debt financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), amortised cost, or fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

The classification is based on two criteria: the Group’s business model for managing the assets; and whether the instruments’ contractual cash flows represent ‘solely payments of principal and interest’ on the principal amount outstanding (the ‘SPPI criterion’).

The new classification and measurement of the Group’s debt financial assets are, as follows:

- Debt instruments at amortised cost for financial assets that are held within a business model with the objective to hold the financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows that meet the SPPI criterion. This category includes the Group’s Trade and other receivables, and Loans included under balance sheet caption “Financial assets” (non-current and current portion).
- Debt instruments at FVOCI, with gains or losses recycled to profit or loss on derecognition. The Group has no instrument in this new category.

Other financial assets are classified and subsequently measured, as follows:

- Equity instruments at FVOCI, with no recycling of gains or losses to profit or loss on derecognition. This category only includes equity instruments, which the Group intends to hold for the foreseeable future and which the Group has irrevocably elected to so classify upon initial recognition or transition. The Group classified its quoted and unquoted equity instruments as equity instruments at FVOCI. Equity instruments at FVOCI are not subject to an impairment assessment under IFRS 9. Under IAS 39, the Group’s unquoted equity instruments were classified as AFS (Available for sale) financial assets.
- Financial assets at FVPL comprise derivative instruments. This category would also include debt instruments whose cash flow characteristics fail the SPPI criterion or are not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell.

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The assessment of the Group's business models was made as of the date of initial application, January 1, 2018. The assessment of whether contractual cash flows on debt instruments are solely comprised of principal and interest was made based on the facts and circumstances as at the initial recognition of the assets.

The accounting for the Group's financial liabilities remains largely the same as it was under IAS 39. Similar to the requirements of IAS 39, IFRS 9 requires contingent consideration liabilities to be treated as financial instruments measured at fair value, with the changes in fair value recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Under IFRS 9, embedded derivatives are no longer separated from a host financial asset. Instead, financial assets are classified based on their contractual terms and the Group's business model. The accounting for derivatives embedded in financial liabilities and in non-financial host contracts has not changed from that required by IAS 39.

Impairment

The adoption of IFRS 9 has changed the Group's accounting for impairment losses for financial assets by replacing IAS 39's incurred loss approach with a forward-looking expected credit loss (ECL) approach. IFRS 9 requires the Group to record an allowance for ECLs for all loans and other debt financial assets not held at FVPL. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate.

For Contract assets and Trade and other receivables, the Group has applied the standard's simplified approach and has calculated ECLs based on lifetime expected credit losses. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

Hedge accounting

The Group continues to apply the requirement of IAS 39 related to hedge accounting.

Financial liabilities restructuring

Based on the IFRS 9, the Group removes a financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) from its statement of financial position when, and only when, it is extinguished-i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

An exchange between an existing borrower and lender of debt instruments with substantially different terms is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. Similarly, a substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability (or part of a financial liability) extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

2.1.2. Standards and interpretations not applicable as of reporting date

The Group has not early adopted the following standards and interpretations, for which application is not mandatory for period started from January 1, 2018 and that may impact the amounts reported.

- IFRS 16 *Leases*, effective on January 1, 2019;
- Annual improvements cycle 2015-2017, effective on or after January 1, 2019;
- IFRIC 23: *Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments*, applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019;
- Amendments to IFRS 9: *Prepayments features with Negative Compensation*, effective on or after January 1, 2019;
- Amendments to IAS 28: *Long term interests in Associates and Joint ventures*, effective on or after January 1, 2019;
- Amendments to IAS 19: *Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement*, effective on or after January 1, 2019.

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IFRS 16 Leases issued on January 13, 2016 is the IASB's replacement of IAS 17 Leases. IFRS 16 specifies how to recognise, measure, present and disclose leases. The standard provides a single lessee accounting model, requiring lessees to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases unless the lease term is 12 months or less or the underlying asset has a low value.

The Board of Directors of the Company anticipate that the application of IFRS 16 in the future may have a material impact on amounts reported in respect of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities, especially given the different operating lease arrangements of the Group. The effects are analysed as part of a Group-wide project for implementing this new standard. During the six month period ended June 30, 2018, the assessment phase has been finalized and implementation plan is in progress, and it is not yet practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of the quantitative effects until the projects have been completed.

2.1.3. Significant accounting judgments and estimates

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the Board of Directors of the Company is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

These key areas of judgments and estimates, as disclosed in the annual consolidated financial statements are:

- Estimations of provisions for claims and restructuring plans;
- Measurement of post-employments benefits;
- Revenue recognition;
- Fair value measurement of financial instruments;
- Measurement of deferred taxes;
- Impairment of goodwill;
- Estimation of useful lives of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment, and
- Estimation of impairment losses for trade and other receivables.

As of June 30, 2018, there were no changes in the key areas of judgements and estimates except that, following the application of IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, judgement and estimates are made for the determination of the enforceable period that is used for the recognition of contract assets and the amortization of the contract costs.

2.1.4. Revised information

The comparative information as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2017 had been revised to reflect the impact of new accounting standards IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* and IFRS 9 *Financial instruments*, applicable from January 1, 2018. Please refer to note 16 for the reconciliation to previously published results.

2.1.4.1. IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Group has adopted IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* for annual period beginning on January 1, 2018, in accordance with the full retrospective method by restating each prior period and recognize the cumulative effect of initially applying IFRS 15 as an adjustment to the opening balance of equity at the beginning of the earliest period presented (January 1, 2017).

The details of the significant changes are set out below. The quantitative impacts are presented in note 16.

Mobile activities

The most significant impact is in the mobile activities (B2C and B2B transactions) as some arrangements include multiple elements that are being bundled: a handset component sold at a discounted price and a communication service component. In application of IFRS 15, the Group has identified those items as separate performance obligations. Total revenue is allocated to both elements based on their stand-alone selling price, leading to more revenue being allocated to the handset upfront. This also impacts the timing of revenue recognition as the handset is delivered up-front, even though total revenue does not change in most cases over the life of the contract. Other

IFRS 15 topics impacting the accounts include capitalization of commissions (i.e. renewal commissions) which are broader than the capitalization model in the past, along with depreciation pattern which is based on estimates relating to the contract duration in some instances (prepaid business for example).

Fixed activities

In most cases, the service and the equipment are not considered as distinct performance obligations. Other identified topics relate to connection fees, related costs and capitalization of commissions. Related estimates include the determination of capitalized assets depreciation period based on contract period and additional periods related to anticipated contract that the Group can specifically identify.

2.1.4.2. IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments issued on July 24, 2014 is the IASB's replacement of IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. The Standard includes requirements for recognition and measurement, impairment, de-recognition and general hedge accounting. The Group implemented the standard based on the simplified retrospective approach; the transition impact was recorded in equity as of January 1, 2018 with no impact on 2017. The quantitative impacts are presented in note 16.

Main impact of IFRS 9 are as follows:

- Based on the IFRS 9 guidance, financial liabilities that have been renegotiated in previous period, where the renegotiated terms were considered as a non-substantial modification of the initial terms (cash flows modified in a proportion equal to or lower than 10%), requires a specific treatment upon transition to IFRS 9. Under IFRS 9, the Company should use the original effective interest rate to calculate the carrying value of the debt which is the present value of the modified future cash flows. Under IAS 39, for financial liabilities that have been renegotiated, the effective interest rate is changed on a prospective basis, with no income statement impact at the renegotiation date. For restructuring of financial liabilities that have been treated as extinguishment of debt, which is the case for most of the Group debt restructuring, there is no impact under IFRS 9.
- Based on the IFRS 9 guidance, the Group has applied the simplified model for trade receivables and contracts assets (without significant financing component) and has applied the expected credit loss model (i.e. including forward looking information) on assets (i.e. trade receivables not yet due and contract assets IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*). Under current standard, the bad debt was calculated based on incurred losses.
- The new standard also implies change of classification in financial assets.

3. Scope of consolidation

The following changes occurred during the six month period ended June 30, 2018, which impacted the scope of consolidation compared to that presented in the annual consolidated financial statements.

3.1. Transactions completed in the current period

3.1.1. Sale of telecommunications solutions business and data center operations in Switzerland

On February 12, 2018, the Company announced the closing of the transaction to sell its telecommunications solutions business and data center operations in Switzerland, green.ch AG and Green Datacenter AG, to InfraVia Capital Partners. The transaction values the business at an enterprise value of approximately 214 million CHF (9.9x LTM Adjusted EBITDA).

The capital gain recorded during the six month period ended June 30, 2018 amounted to €88.8 million, net of tax. The total proceeds received related to the sale amounted to €156.4 million.

3.1.2. Sale of Altice Management International ("AMI") to Altice Group Lux S.à r.l.

During November and December 2017, the Board of Directors of Altice N.V. decided the transfer of shares of AMI to Altice Group Lux S.à r.l. The sale was completed on January 31, 2018 with a transaction value of 1 CHF. The capital gain recorded in equity in during the period amounted to €3.6 million net of tax.

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3.1.3. Acquisition by Altice France of the minority stake held by News Participations in Altice Content Luxembourg

On April 5, 2018, Altice France acquired the minority stake held by News Participations (NP) in Altice Content Luxembourg (ACL) for the amount of €100 million by exercising the call option it held on NP's 25% stake in ACL. On May 31, 2018, Altice France increased its ownership in NextRadioTV S.A. via conversion of convertible bonds into equity. Following the transactions described above, the Group's ownership in NextRadioTV S.A. and its subsidiaries increased to 100%.

3.1.4. Exercise of the ATS call option

In April 2018, the Group exercised the call option for the acquisition of the remaining 49% in Altice Technical Services ("ATS") for a fixed price of €147 million, bearing interests at an annual rate of EURIBOR 1 month plus 3.5%. The total amount of €156.3 million will be paid in November 2018. As a result of the exercise of the call option, the Company's ownership in ATS increased to 100%.

3.1.5. Sale of i24News Europe to Altice USA

On April 23, 2018, the Group completed the sale of i24News Europe (international 24-hour news and current affairs television channel) to Altice USA for a total consideration of \$2.5 million (€2.1 million). Total capital loss recorded in equity during the period amounted to €28.1 million net of tax.

3.1.6. Closing of the sale of Altice TV to Altice Group Lux S.à r.l.

During November and December 2017, the Board of Directors of Altice N.V. decided the transfer of shares of Altice TV to Altice Group Lux S.à r.l. (the parent company of Altice Luxembourg). The transaction was closed on May 15, 2018. The capital loss was recorded in shareholders' equity (within the transaction with Altice's shareholder) for an amount of €164.2 million net of tax. Consideration received was €1.

In accordance with IFRS 5 *Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations*, non-current assets classified as held for sale shall be measured at the lower of its carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. For Altice Content, the Group has recorded an impairment loss through equity of €51.1 million as of December 31, 2017.

3.2. Transactions completed in the prior period

3.2.1. Acquisition of a stake in SPORT TV

On February 24, 2017, PT Portugal acquired a 25% stake in the capital of SPORT TV for €12.3 million. SPORT TV is a sports broadcaster based in Portugal. Following this investment, SPORT TV's shareholders are PT Portugal, NOS, Olivedesportos and Vodafone, each of which with a 25% stake. This new structure benefits, above all, PT Portugal's customers and the Portuguese market, guaranteeing all the operators' access to the sports content considered essential in fair and non-discriminatory market conditions.

3.2.2. Sale by SFR Group of L'Etudiant and the B2B Division of Newsco Group to Coalition Media Group

In 2016, SFR Group and Marc Laufer began exclusive negotiations for a new partnership between SFR, NewsCo and l'Etudiant. In accordance with IFRS 5 *Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations*, the associated disposal group was classified as held for sale as of December 31, 2016. On April 28, 2017, SFR Group completed the sale of the companies. SFR Group subsequently acquired a 25% stake in this holding, this is classified as an investment in associate. As part of the transaction, the vendor loan contracted during the acquisition of Altice Media Group for €100 million was fully reimbursed. The Group recorded a €28.6 million capital gain for this transaction.

3.2.3. Disposal of Coditel

As at December 31, 2016, the Group had entered into an agreement to sell its Belgian and Luxembourg (Belux) telecommunication businesses, and accordingly classified the associated assets and liabilities as a disposal group held for sale in accordance with IFRS 5 *Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations*. On June 19, 2017, the Group completed the sale of Coditel Brabant SPRL and Coditel S.à r.l., to Telenet Group BVBA, a

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direct subsidiary of Telenet Group Holding N.V. After the final post-closing price adjustments, the Group received €280.8 million, and recognized a loss on sale after transactions costs of €24.0 million.

3.2.4. *Acquisition of Teads*

On June 22, 2017, Altice Teads (a company which the Group has 98.5% of the financial interest, with 1.5% attributable to the managers of Teads) closed the acquisition of Teads. Teads is the number one online video advertising marketplace in the world with an audience of more than 1.2 billion unique visitors. The acquisition values Teads at an enterprise of up to €302.3 million. The acquisition purchase price was due 75% at closing, with the remaining 25% earn-out subject to Teads obtaining defined revenue performance in 2017. As the defined revenue targets for 2017 were met, an earn-out payment of €48.6 million was made to the former owners of Teads during Q2 2018, with an additional earn-out payment of €13.1 million made on July 3, 2018. Please also refer to note 15.1.

3.3. Variations in non-controlling interests

Variations in non-controlling interests (€m)	Altice France	Altice Technical Services	Other	Group
Opening balance at January 1, 2017 (*revised)	805.8	49.8	(24.3)	831.3
Net income	(99.9)	(7.7)	(6.1)	(113.7)
Other comprehensive income	3.0	(1.4)	(0.5)	1.1
Dividends	(6.9)	(6.0)	-	(12.9)
SFR share transfers and squeeze out	(518.5)	-	-	(518.5)
Variation in minority interest put	(3.8)	-	(9.2)	(13.0)
Other	(18.6)	(9.8)	11.6	(16.9)
Closing at December 31, 2017 (*revised)	161.0	24.9	(28.5)	157.4
Opening balance at January 1, 2018	161.0	24.9	(28.5)	157.4
IFRS 9	2.0	-	-	2.0
Opening balance at January 1, 2018 (*revised)	163.0	24.9	(28.5)	159.4
Net income	(13.2)	(2.9)	(2.5)	(18.6)
Other comprehensive income	(9.7)	(0.3)	0.1	(9.9)
Acquisition of ATSF and ACS	16.8	(18.4)	0.9	(0.7)
Sale of i24News	(2.6)	-	-	(2.6)
Additional participation in ACL and GNP	128.7	-	-	128.7
Other	(1.6)	-	(1.9)	(3.5)
Closing at June 30, 2018	281.3	3.3	(32.0)	252.6

* Please refer to note 16 for details about the revised information

The main change in non-controlling interests as at June 30, 2018 was mainly due to:

- Acquisition by Altice France of the minority stake held by News Participations (“NP”) in Altice Content Luxembourg for €100 million by exercising the call option on NP (please refer to note 3.1.3).
- The extinguishment of the put option of Altice Content Luxembourg (“ACL”) of €66.5 million in Altice France.
- Acquisition of full ownership of Altice Technical Service (“ATS”) by the means of exercising call option (please refer to note 3.1.4) and the transfer of Altice Technical Service France (“ATSF”) and Altice Customer Service (“ACS”) to Altice France.

3.4. Assets held for sale

In December 2017, the Board of Directors of the Company decided to sell the Group’s International Wholesale business. The transits and international outgoing traffic business in Portugal and the Dominican Republic were classified as held for sale as of December 31, 2017, in accordance with IFRS 5 *Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations*. On March 12, 2018, the Company announced that it had entered into exclusivity with Tofane Global, a Paris-based telecommunications and digital player specializing in international carrier services, for the sale of its international wholesale voice carrier business in France, Portugal and the Dominican Republic. As a result, the working capital related to the French wholesale business was also classified as a disposal group held for sale as of June 30, 2018, in accordance with IFRS 5 *Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations*. The results from these operations are included in the respective segments mentioned above. On July 18, 2018, Sale and Purchase Agreements had been signed separately by Altice France, Altice Dominicana and MEO with Tofane Global. The transaction is expected to close in September 2018. Please refer to note 15.4.

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On June 20, 2018, PT Portugal reached an agreement with a consortium including Morgan Stanley Infrastructure Partners and Horizon Equity Partners for the sale of a 75% stake in the newly formed tower company called Passivetel Equipamentos Passivos that will comprise 2,961 sites currently operated by Altice Portugal. The transaction is expected to close during Q3 2018 and is subject to the effective demerger and customary closing conditions. As a consequence, these assets and liabilities were classified as held for sale as of June 30, 2018.

On June 20, 2018, Altice France entered into an exclusivity with Starlight BidCo S.A.S., an entity controlled by funds affiliated with KKR for the sale of 49.99% of the shares in a newly incorporated tower company called SFR TowerCo that will comprise 10,198 sites currently operated by the Group. Altice France will continue to fully consolidate SFR TowerCo and hence the assets and liabilities related to SFR TowerCo were not classified as held for sale. The closing of the transaction, which scope is towers and does not include any telco equipment, will be subject to customary conditions precedent, including that at least 90% of the sites have been contributed to SFR TowerCo, as well as regulatory approvals and is expected to occur in the financial year ending December 31, 2018. The Sale and Purchase Agreement has been signed on August 7, 2018 (please refer to note 15.7) for a consideration of €3.5 billion.

On July 30, 2018, Altice Europe announced that its subsidiary Altice Dominicana had reached an agreement with Phoenix Tower International, a portfolio company of Blackstone, for the sale of 100% in the tower company Teletorres del Caribe that will comprise 1,049 sites currently operated by Altice Dominicana. As of June 30, 2018, the closing of this transaction was not highly probable hence the assets and liabilities were not classified as held for sale. Please refer to note 15.6 for more details.

During 2017, the Board of Directors of the Company decided the following transfer of shares within the Altice Group:

- Altice TV to Altice Group Lux S.à r.l. (Parent company of Altice Luxembourg)
- AMI to Altice Group Lux S.à r.l. (Parent company of Altice Luxembourg).

Therefore, Altice TV and AMI had been classified as held for sale in accordance with IFRS 5 *Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations* as of December 31, 2017. The transfer of shares of AMI and Altice TV to Altice Group Lux S.à r.l. was completed respectively on January 31, 2018 (please refer to note 3.1.2) and on May 16, 2018 (please refer to note 3.1.6). As consequence, the assets and liabilities of Altice TV and AMI were no longer classified as held for sale as of June 30, 2018. Furthermore, since both entities were not considered or qualified as major lines of business of the Group, they were not presented as discontinuing operation as of June 30, 2018. The contribution of Altice TV and AMI to the statement of income for the six month period ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 are provided in note 4, in the segment Altice TV and Others, respectively.

In the prior year, Green and Green Datacenter had been classified as held for sale. The sale was completed on February 12, 2018. Please refer to note 3.1.1.

Table below provides the details of assets and liabilities classified as held for sale as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

Disposal groups held for sale (€m)	June 30, 2018				December 31, 2017					
	Towers of Portugal	Wholesale market	Other	Total	Green Market	Wholesale Market	Altice TV	AMI	Other	Total
Goodwill	-	-	-	-	18.2	-	7.8	-	-	26.1
Tangible and intangible assets	47.7	-	-	47.7	113.1	-	215.7	(0.8)	-	328.0
Other non-current assets	-	-	-	-	0.4	-	70.6	(1.5)	-	69.4
Investment in associates	-	-	4.4	4.4	-	-	-	-	4.4	4.4
Currents assets	-	91.2	-	91.2	13.6	36.0	115.0	9.3	-	174.1
Total assets held for sale	47.7	91.2	4.4	143.2	145.3	36.0	409.1	6.9	4.4	602.0
Non-current liabilities	(14.6)	-	-	(14.6)	(54.2)	-	(21.3)	(.1)	-	(75.6)
Current liabilities	-	(85.9)	-	(85.9)	(25.0)	(25.4)	(298.1)	(107.8)	-	(456.3)
Total Liabilities related to assets held for sale	(14.6)	(85.9)	-	(100.5)	(79.2)	(25.4)	(319.4)	(107.9)	-	(531.9)

4. Segment reporting

4.1. Definition of segments

Given the geographical spread of the entities within the Group, analysis by geographical area is fundamental in determining the Group's strategy and managing its different businesses. The Group's chief operating decision maker is the senior management team. This team analyses the Group's results across geographies, and certain key areas by activity. The presentation of the segments here is consistent with the reporting used internally by the senior management team to track the Group's operational and financial performance. The businesses that the Group owns and operates do not show significant seasonality, except for the mobile B2C and B2B segments, which can show significant changes in sales at the year end and at the end of the summer season (the "back to school" period). The B2B business is also impacted by the timing of preparation of the annual budgets of public and private sector companies. The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies.

The segments that are presented are detailed below:

- **France:** The Group controls Altice France S.A., the second largest telecom operator in France, which provides services to residential (B2C) and business clients (B2B) as well as wholesale customers, providing mobile and high-speed internet services using SFR and the associated brands. As of 2018, this segment also comprises of the French Overseas Territories (FOT), Altice Technical Services France (ATSF) and Altice Customer Services (ACS).
- **Portugal:** Altice owns Portugal Telecom ("PT Portugal"), the largest telecom operator in Portugal. PT Portugal caters to fixed and mobile B2C, B2B and wholesale clients using the MEO brand. As of 2018, this segment also includes the Altice Technical Services entities in Portugal.
- **Israel:** Fixed and mobile services are provided using the HOT telecom, HOT mobile and HOT net brands to B2C and B2B clients. HOT also produces award winning exclusive content that it distributes using its fixed network. As of 2018, this segment also includes the Altice Technical Services entity in Israel.
- **Dominican Republic:** The Group provides fixed and mobile services to B2C, B2B and wholesale clients using Altice brands. As of 2018, this segment also includes the Altice Technical Services entity in the Dominican Republic.
- **Teads:** Provides digital advertising solutions.
- **Altice TV:** Content business from the use of content rights. Altice TV was not classified as discontinued operations (please refer to note 3.4) and was sold to Altice Group Lux S.à r.l. in May 2018 (please refer to note 3.1.6).
- **Others:** This segment includes all corporate entities. The Board of Directors believes that these operations are not substantial enough to require a separate reporting segment, and so are reported under "Others".

Following the change in segment definition as of 2018, the comparative segment information of 2017 was restated accordingly.

4.2. Financial Key Performance Indicators ("KPIs")

The Board of Directors has defined certain financial KPIs that are tracked and reported by each operating segment every month to the senior executives of the Company. The Board of Directors believes that these indicators offer them the best view of the operational and financial efficiency of each segment and this follows best practices in the rest of the industry, thus providing investors and other analysts a suitable base to perform their analysis of the Group's results.

The financial KPIs tracked by the Board of Directors are:

- Adjusted EBITDA: by segment,
- Revenues: by segment and in terms of activity,
- Capital expenditure ("Capex"): by segment, and
- Operating free cash flow ("OpFCF"): by segment.

4.2.1. *Non-GAAP measures*

Adjusted EBITDA, Capex and OpFCF are non-GAAP measures. These measures are useful to readers of Altice's financial statements as they provide a measure of operating results excluding certain items that Altice's management believe are either outside of its recurring operating activities, or items that are non-cash. Excluding such items enables trends in the Group's operating results and cash flow generation to be more easily observable. The non-GAAP measures are used by the Group internally to manage and assess the results of its operations, make decisions with respect to investments and allocation of resources, and assess the performance of management personnel. Such performance measures are also the de facto metrics used by investors and other members of the financial community to value other companies operating in the same industry as the Group and thus are a basis for comparability between the Group and its peers. Moreover, the debt covenants of the Group are based on the Adjusted EBITDA and other associated metrics. The definition of covenant has not changed with the adoption of the IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* by the Group.

4.2.1.1. Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA is defined as operating income before depreciation and amortization, non-recurring items (capital gains, non-recurring litigation, restructuring costs) and equity-based compensation expenses. This may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other entities. Further, this measure should not be considered as an alternative for operating income as the effects of depreciation, amortization and impairment, excluded from this measure do ultimately affect the operating results, which is also presented within the annual consolidated financial statements in accordance with IAS 1 - *Presentation of Financial Statements*.

4.2.1.2. Capex

Capex is an important indicator to follow, as the profile varies greatly between activities:

- The fixed business has fixed Capex requirements that are mainly discretionary (network, platforms, general), and variable capex requirements related to the connection of new customers and the purchase of Customer Premise Equipment (TV decoder, modem, etc.).
- Mobile Capex is mainly driven by investment in new mobile sites, upgrade to new mobile technology and licenses to operate; once engaged and operational, there are limited further Capex requirements.
- Other Capex is mainly related to costs incurred in acquiring content rights.

4.2.1.3. Operating free cash flow

OpFCF is defined as Adjusted EBITDA less Capex. This may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other entities. Further, this measure should not be considered as an alternative for operating cash flow as presented in the consolidated statement of cash flows in accordance with IAS 1 - *Presentation of Financial Statements*.

4.2.2. *Revenues*

Additional information on the revenue split is presented as follows:

- Fixed in the business to consumer market (B2C),
- Mobile in the business to consumer market (B2C),
- Business to business (B2B) market,
- Wholesale, and
- Other.

Intersegment revenues represented 0.9% of total revenues for the six month period ended June 30, 2018, compared to 4.4% of total revenues for the six month period ended June 30, 2017 (€67.8 million compared to €334.3 million). Intersegment revenues mainly relate to services rendered by certain centralized Group functions (relating to content production, technical services, customer services and management fees) to the operational segments of the Group.

4.3. Segment results

4.3.1. Operating profit by segment

For the six months ended June 30, 2018 €m	France	Portugal	Israel Dominican Republic	Teads	Altice TV	Others	Inter- segment elimination	Total
Revenues	5,201.8	1,050.0	482.7	299.9	150.9	28.6	(67.8)	7,146.6
Purchasing and subcontracting costs	(1,616.7)	(274.2)	(130.6)	(86.3)	-	(99.0)	-	(2,154.8)
Other operating expenses	(1,207.0)	(194.5)	(107.8)	(46.8)	(95.9)	(3.2)	(3.6)	(1,656.6)
Staff costs and employee benefits	(489.6)	(137.0)	(32.2)	(13.0)	(39.2)	(1.5)	(1.4)	(713.7)
Total	1,888.5	444.3	212.1	153.8	15.8	(75.1)	(4.6)	2,621.4
Stock option expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjusted EBITDA	1,888.5	444.3	212.1	153.8	15.8	(75.1)	(4.6)	2,621.4
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	(1,301.4)	(329.4)	(157.0)	(61.9)	(8.2)	-	(0.0)	(1,857.9)
Stock option expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other expenses and income	(274.4)	(41.6)	(7.4)	(2.1)	0.4	300.0	75.6	57.9
Operating profit/(loss)	312.7	73.3	47.7	89.9	8.0	224.9	(6.0)	821.5

For the six months ended June 30, 2017 (*revised) €m	France	Portugal	Israel Dominican Republic	Teads	Altice TV	Others	Inter- segment elimination	Total
Revenues	5,546.6	1,152.8	526.7	358.7	-	177.5	(334.3)	7,562.9
Purchasing and subcontracting costs	(1,998.0)	(312.3)	(140.9)	(97.6)	-	(62.2)	(14.8)	(2,401.2)
Other operating expenses	(1,242.7)	(188.6)	(112.3)	(54.2)	-	(7.4)	(70.3)	(1,574.3)
Staff costs and employee benefits	(570.6)	(139.9)	(36.4)	(15.6)	-	(2.8)	(42.3)	(803.8)
Total	1,735.3	512.1	237.1	191.3	-	105.0	7.6	2,783.6
Stock option expense	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	13.6	14.4
Adjusted EBITDA	1,736.1	512.1	237.1	191.3	-	105.0	21.2	2,798.0
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	(1,339.5)	(345.4)	(167.8)	(70.2)	-	(77.4)	(7.1)	(2,007.4)
Stock option expense	(0.7)	-	-	-	-	-	(13.6)	(14.4)
Other expenses and income	(793.9)	(50.5)	(7.4)	(13.5)	-	0.4	57.5	(804.8)
Operating profit/(loss)	(398.1)	116.1	61.9	107.5	-	28.1	58.0	(2.2)

* Please refer to note 16 for details about the revised information

4.3.2. Other expenses and income

Other expenses and income mainly relate to provisions for ongoing and announced restructuring, transaction costs related to acquisitions, and other non-cash expenses (gains and losses on disposal of assets, provisions for litigation, etc.).

Details of costs incurred during the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 are provided in the following table.

Other expenses and income (€m)	For the six months ended June 30, 2018	For the six months ended June 30, 2017 (*revised)
Stock option expense	-	14.4
Items excluded from adjusted EBITDA	-	14.4
Restructuring costs	14.5	725.8
Onerous contracts	20.5	12.7
Loss on disposals of assets	27.6	43.8
Disputes and litigation	(82.9)	56.7
Management fee	22.5	(13.8)
Gain on sale of consolidated entities	(88.8)	(22.1)
Deal fees	8.6	4.6
Other expenses and income (net)	20.1	(2.8)
Other expenses and income	(57.9)	804.8

* Please refer to note 16 for details about the revised information

4.3.2.1. Stock option expenses

The Group has several stock option plans across its various entities comprising of mainly the Long-Term Incentive Plan (“LTIP”), the Share Option Plan (“SOP”) and the options granted to Next Alt. During the six month period ended June 30, 2018, the Group incurred stock option expenses of nil, as Altice Management International (“AMI”), which incurred the recharged stock option expense, was sold (please refer to note 3.1.2.), a decrease of €14.4 million compared to the six month period ended June 30.

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4.3.2.2. Restructuring costs

Restructuring costs for the six month period ended June 30, 2018, mainly relate to the restructuring plans in PT Portugal for €4.5 million and in Altice France of €9.3 million, of which €7.0 million was an indemnity expense to Intelcia. Restructuring costs incurred for the six month period ended June 30, 2017 of €725.8 million mainly related to the voluntary departure plan in Altice France (€695 million) and restructuring expenses in PT Portugal (€7.8 million).

4.3.2.3. Onerous contracts

The expenses recognised for onerous contracts mainly relate to the expected vacancy of the current Altice France campus in Saint Denis (T2 transition), following the move to the new Altice campus in Paris for €7.4 million and double rent for Quadrans (Nord & Ouest) of €12.5 million.

4.3.2.4. Loss on disposal of assets

The loss on disposal of assets primarily relates to losses on the disposal of property, plant and equipment, assets related to DSP network in Altice France (€27.1 million) and in PT Portugal due to forest fires damages (€1.6 million). The loss on disposal in 2017 was recorded in Altice France, related to loss on sale of Completel ADSL network to KOSC (€32 million).

4.3.2.5. Disputes and litigation

Disputes and litigation mainly relate to releases of Altice France litigations provisions with Orange of €122 million, which was offset by €5.0 million of compensation to Free and €15.0 million of settlements of operational litigation with Orange. Additionally, a €20.0 million litigation provision was recorded in PT Portugal.

4.3.2.6. Gain on sale of consolidated entities

This relates to the gain on the sale of telecommunications solutions business and Data Center operations in Switzerland, green.ch AG and Green Datacenter AG (please refer to note 3.1.1).

4.3.2.7. Deal fees

Deal fees consisted mainly of €2.7 million deal fee in Altice France and €5.9 million expenses in PT Portugal for the financial and legal advisory fees in the ongoing sale of the tower business.

4.3.2.8. Management fee

Management fee corresponds to the corporate costs charged by Altice Group Lux S.à r.l. to Altice Luxembourg S.A., which amounted to €22.5 million for the six month period ended June 30, 2018. The management fee income for the six month period ended June 30, 2017, of €13.8 million was related to fees incurred in Altice USA due to AMI.

4.3.2.9. Other expenses and incomes (net)

Consisted mainly of expenses in Altice Holdings of €13.0 million related to the removal of managers and board of AB2 and the corresponding termination agreement. In addition, PT Portugal recorded €3.3 million of fines (mostly related to the termination fee of a real estate rental agreement of €2.4 million) and €1.9 million donations granted under social programs.

4.3.3. Revenues by activity

The tables below provide the split of revenues by activity as defined in note 4.2.2.

To maintain comparability with historical financial results of French telecom operations, the revenues of the French Overseas Territories (FOT) were reclassified to Other Revenue caption within the France segment. This reclassification is in line with the way the management looks at the business and discloses it to the market. These revenues include revenues mostly from B2C (the largest contributor), B2B, as well as call center revenues.

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For the six months ended June 30, 2018	France	Portugal	Israel Dominican Republic	Teads	Altice TV	Others	Total
€m							
Revenue Fixed - B2C	1,287.9	308.9	299.1	49.8	-	-	1,945.7
Revenue Mobile - B2C	2,059.4	275.3	123.5	175.3	-	-	2,633.5
B2B	899.7	292.6	59.9	40.5	-	-	1,292.8
Wholesale	598.1	107.4	-	33.7	-	-	739.2
Other revenue	356.7	65.8	0.2	0.7	150.9	28.6	603.2
Total standalone revenues	5,201.8	1,050.0	482.7	299.9	150.9	28.6	7,214.4
Intersegment eliminations	(21.2)	(24.9)	(0.3)	(0.5)	(0.3)	(20.1)	(67.8)
Total consolidated revenues	5,180.6	1,025.1	482.4	299.5	150.6	8.5	7,146.6

For the six months ended June 30, 2017 (*revised)	France	Portugal	Israel Dominican Republic	Teads	Altice TV	Others	Total
€m							
Revenue Fixed - B2C	1,382.8	340.1	340.4	56.1	-	-	2,152.9
Revenue Mobile - B2C	2,087.9	281.5	116.2	211.7	-	-	2,697.8
B2B	960.3	304.3	70.1	47.4	-	-	1,388.9
Wholesale	678.4	147.8	-	43.0	-	-	874.6
Other revenue	437.2	79.1	-	0.5	-	177.5	782.9
Total standalone revenues	5,546.6	1,152.8	526.7	358.7	-	177.5	7,897.1
Intersegment eliminations	(65.2)	(26.3)	(0.5)	0.9	-	(171.4)	(334.3)
Total consolidated revenues	5,481.3	1,126.5	526.2	359.7	-	6.1	7,562.9

* Please refer to note 16 for details about the revised information

The table below provides the standalone and consolidated revenues in accordance to IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* for the six month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

Revenues split IFRS 15 (€m)	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Mobile services	2,584.1	2,720.8
Mobile equipment	468.7	429.1
Fixed revenues	2,819.2	3,089.6
Wholesale revenues	739.2	874.6
Other revenues	603.2	782.9
Total stand-alone revenues	7,214.4	7,897.1
Intersegment elimination	(67.8)	(334.3)
Total consolidated	7,146.6	7,562.9

4.3.4. Capital expenditure

The table below details capital expenditure by segment and reconciles to the payments to acquire capital items (tangible and intangible assets) as presented in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

For the six months ended June 30, 2018	France	Portugal	Israel Dominican Republic	Teads	Altice TV	Others	Eliminations	Total
€m								
Capital expenditure (accrued)	1,142.3	211.0	118.6	56.7	-	3.8	-	1,532.9
Capital expenditure - working capital items	(85.6)	45.7	4.3	(2.6)	-	4.5	-	(33.6)
Payments to acquire tangible and intangible assets	1,056.8	256.7	123.0	54.1	-	8.3	-	1,499.2

For the six months ended June 30, 2017 (*revised)	France	Portugal	Israel Dominican Republic	Teads	Altice TV	Others	Eliminations	Total
€m								
Capital expenditure (accrued)	1,135.6	207.1	119.4	53.5	-	29.0	12.8	1,554.2
Capital expenditure - working capital items	176.1	32.7	(1.6)	(12.7)	-	66.3	-	260.7
Payments to acquire tangible and intangible assets	1,311.7	239.8	117.6	40.8	-	95.3	12.8	1,815.0

* Please refer to note 16 for details about the revised information

4.3.5. Adjusted EBITDA less accrued Capex

The table below details the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA less accrued Capex, or operating free cash flows ("OpFCF"), as presented to the Board of Directors. This measure is used as an indicator of the Group's financial

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performance as the Board believes it is one of several benchmarks used by investors, analysts and peers for comparison of performance in the Group's industry, although it may not be directly comparable to similar measures reported by other companies. Adjusted EBITDA and accrued Capex are both reconciled to GAAP reported figures in this note, this measure is a calculation using these two non-GAAP figures, therefore no further reconciliation is provided.

For the six months ended June 30, 2018	France	Portugal	Israel	Dominican Republic	Teads	Altice TV	Others	Eliminations	Total
Adjusted EBITDA	1,888.5	444.3	212.1	153.8	15.8	(75.1)	(4.6)	(13.4)	2,621.4
Capital expenditure (accrued)	(1,142.3)	(211.0)	(118.6)	(56.7)	-	(3.8)	-	(0.3)	(1,532.9)
Operating free cash flow (OpFCF)	746.2	233.2	93.4	97.2	15.8	(78.9)	(4.6)	(13.7)	1,088.5

For the six months ended June 30, 2017 (*revised)	France	Portugal	Israel	Dominican Republic	Teads	Altice TV	Others	Eliminations	Total
Adjusted EBITDA	1,736.1	512.1	237.1	191.3	-	105.0	21.2	(4.8)	2,798.0
Capital expenditure (accrued)	(1,135.6)	(207.1)	(119.4)	(53.5)	-	(29.0)	(12.8)	3.2	(1,554.2)
Operating free cash flow (OpFCF)	600.5	304.9	117.8	137.7	-	76.0	8.4	(1.6)	1,243.8

* Please refer to note 16 for details about the revised information.

5. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

5.1. Goodwill

Goodwill recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position was allocated to the different groups of cash generating units ("GCGU" or "CGU" for cash generating units) as defined by the Group. Following the change in the segment structure as of 2018 (please refer to note 4.1), FOT, Altice Technical Service France and Altice Customer Service were reclassified from caption Others to France. Similarly, other Altice Technical Service entities in Portugal, Israel and the Dominican Republic were allocated to the total GCGU in respective countries.

Goodwill (€m)	December 31, 2017 (revised*)	Recognized on business combination	Changes in foreign currency translation	Held for sale	Other	June 30, 2018
France	12,594.3	-	0.1	(23.3)	(10.1)	12,561.0
Portugal	1,727.4	-	-	-	-	1,727.4
Israel	746.4	-	(16.3)	-	-	730.1
Dominican Republic	800.2	-	26.3	-	(0.1)	826.4
Others	202.4	-	-	-	-	202.4
Gross value	16,070.8	-	10.0	(23.3)	(10.2)	16,047.4
France	(8.6)	-	-	-	-	(8.6)
Portugal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Israel	(146.7)	-	3.4	-	-	(143.3)
Dominican Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cumulative impairment	(155.2)	-	3.4	-	-	(151.8)
France	12,585.8	-	0.1	(23.3)	(10.1)	12,552.4
Portugal	1,727.4	-	-	-	-	1,727.4
Israel	599.8	-	(13.0)	-	-	586.8
Dominican Republic	800.2	-	26.3	-	(0.1)	826.4
Others	202.4	-	-	-	-	202.4
Net book value	15,915.6	-	13.4	(23.3)	(10.2)	15,895.4

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Goodwill	December 31, 2016	Recognized on business combination	Changes in foreign currency translation	Held for sale	Other	December 31, 2017
(€m)	(*revised)					(revised*)
France	12,541.7	52.9	(0.8)	-	0.4	12,594.3
Portugal	1,726.9	0.5	-	-	-	1,727.4
Israel	767.2	0.9	(21.6)	-	-	746.4
Dominican Republic	904.4	0.3	(104.5)	-	-	800.2
Others	18.9	209.5	-	(26.1)	-	202.4
Gross value	15,959.2	264.2	(126.9)	(26.1)	0.4	16,070.8
France	(8.6)	-	-	-	-	(8.6)
Portugal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Israel	(151.1)	-	4.5	-	-	(146.7)
Dominican Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cumulative impairment	(159.7)	-	4.5	-	-	(155.2)
France	12,533.2	52.9	(0.8)	-	0.4	12,585.8
Portugal	1,726.9	0.5	-	-	-	1,727.4
Israel	616.1	0.9	(17.2)	-	-	599.8
Dominican Republic	904.4	0.3	(104.5)	-	-	800.2
Others	18.9	209.5	-	(26.1)	-	202.4
Net book value	15,799.5	264.2	(122.4)	(26.1)	0.4	15,915.6

* Please refer to note 16 for details about the revised information

The caption Held for sale in gross value of Altice France represents the reduction in goodwill of €23.3 million due to the sale of i24 News and Middle East News. These entities were sold to Altice USA on April 23, 2018. Following the disposal of B2B press activities, Altice France derecognized €10.3 million of goodwill as of June 30, 2018, which is captured in table above in caption Other.

5.2. Impairment of goodwill

Goodwill is reviewed at the level of each GCGU or CGU annually for impairment and whenever changes in circumstances indicate that its carrying amount may not be recoverable. Goodwill was tested at the CGU/GCGU level for impairment as of December 31, 2017. The CGU/GCGU is at the country level where the subsidiaries operate. The recoverable amounts of the GCGUs are determined based on their value in use. The key assumptions for the value in use calculations are the pre-tax discount rates, the terminal growth rate and the EBIT margin during the period. The senior management team has determined that there have not been any changes in circumstances indicating that the carrying amount of goodwill may not be recoverable. In addition, there were no significant changes in assets or liabilities in any CGU/GCGU, while the recoverable amounts continue to significantly exceed the carrying amounts. Therefore, no updated impairment testing was performed, nor any impairment recorded, for the six months ended June 30, 2018.

5.3. Business combinations

The Group has concluded several acquisitions during the past 12 months. In all acquisitions, the Group records the provisional value of the assets and liabilities as being equivalent to the book values in the accounting records of the entity being acquired. The Group then identifies the assets and liabilities to which the purchase price needs to be allocated. The fair value is determined by an independent external appraiser based on a business plan prepared as of the date of the acquisition.

5.3.1. Acquisitions where the purchase price allocations have been finalized

5.3.1.1. Pho Holding

On July 26, 2017, Altice France obtained approval for the take-over of Pho Holding (owner of the Numero 23 channel) by NextRadioTV. Following the take-over (current ownership is 51%), the consolidation method changed as of September 30, 2017 (from equity accounted to full consolidation).

5.3.1.2. Teads

On June 22, 2017, Altice Teads (a company which the Group has 98.5% of the financial interest, with 1.5% attributable to the managers of Teads) closed the acquisition of Teads. The acquisition purchase price was €302.3 million, with 75% due at closing, and the remaining 25% earn-out subject to Teads obtaining defined revenue performance in 2017, which targets have been met. As the defined revenue targets for 2017 were met, an earn-out payment of €48.6 million was made to the former owners of Teads during the second quarter of 2018, with an

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additional earn-out payment of €13.1 million made on July 3, 2018. Please also refer to note 15.1.

Following the preliminary purchase price allocation, the Group identified the following assets and liabilities. Their fair value was determined by an independent external appraiser based on a business plan prepared as of the date of the acquisition as follows:

- the Teads brand was measured using the relief from royalty method using a useful life of 5 years, resulting in a fair value of €26.6 million;
- a fair value of €50.2 million was attributed to Programatic and Managed Service technology and measured using the relief from royalty method with a useful life of 5 years.

There was no change in the preliminary purchase price allocation compared to December 31, 2017 and the purchase price allocation has been finalized.

	€m
Total consideration transferred	302.3
Fair value of identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities	100.6
Goodwill	201.7

5.4. Intangible Assets

The following table summarizes information relating to the Company's acquired intangible assets as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

Intangible Assets (€m)	June 30, 2018		
	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated amortization	Net carrying amount
Customer relationships	4,812.3	(2,272.6)	2,539.6
Trade names	1,544.6	(952.1)	592.6
Franchise & patents	44.4	(33.9)	10.5
Software & licenses	5,914.8	(2,750.7)	3,164.1
Other amortizable intangibles	5,334.7	(3,409.6)	1,925.1
Total	17,650.8	(9,418.9)	8,232.0

Intangible Assets (€m)	December 31, 2017 (revised*)		
	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated amortization	Net carrying amount
Customer relationships	4,824.0	(1,993.7)	2,830.3
Trade names	1,544.9	(891.3)	653.6
Franchise & patents	52.6	(36.9)	15.7
Software & licenses	5,690.1	(2,453.6)	3,236.5
Other amortizable intangibles	5,177.7	(3,234.9)	1,942.8
Total	17,289.2	(8,610.4)	8,678.9

* Please refer to note 16 for details about the revised information

The total amortization expense for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 was €966.7 million and €1,097.9 million, respectively, a decrease of €131.2 million. The decrease was mainly caused by the classification of Altice TV as held for sale as of December 31, 2017. As consequence, the amortization of non-current assets had been stopped from January 1, 2018. In addition, higher total accumulated amortization as of December 31, 2017 was a result of the announcement made in May 2017 of the adoption of a global brand, leading to an accelerated depreciation in brand.

6. Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash

Cash balances (€m)	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Term deposits	75.1	90.8
Bank balances	596.8	662.4
Cash and cash equivalents	671.8	753.2
Restricted cash	42.2	33.7
Total	714.0	786.9

The restricted cash balance at June 30, 2018 of €42.1 million relates to the Teads acquisition held in an escrow account. This was released in July 2018 (please refer to note 15.1).

7. Shareholders' equity

Equity attributable to owners of the Company (€m)	Notes	As of June 30, 2018	As of December 31, 2017 (*revised)
Issued capital	7.1	2.5	2.5
Additional paid in capital	7.2	659.0	1,194.3
Other reserves	7.3	(431.7)	(517.0)
Accumulated losses		(3,605.3)	(3,520.0)
Total		(3,375.6)	(2,840.3)

7.1. Issued capital

As of June 30, 2018, the issued share capital of the Company amounted to €2.5 million and was composed of 251,050,186 common shares with a value of €0.01 each.

7.2. Additional paid in capital

Changes in additional paid in capital (€m)	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017 (*revised)
Opening balance	1,194.3	840.7
Altice Luxembourg Capital increase	-	1,800.9
Recognition of put option for non-controlling interest in Teads	-	(154.4)
Transaction with Altice Shareholders	(164.2)	-
Transactions with non-controlling interests of NextRadioTV	(158.3)	(1,242.7)
Transactions with non-controlling interests	(165.0)	1.1
AB2 settlements	(44.5)	-
Other	(3.3)	(51.5)
Total	659.0	1,194.3

* Please refer to note 16 for details about the revised information

Additional paid in capital reduced to €659.0 million as of June 30, 2018, mainly due to:

- transaction with Altice shareholders relates to the capital loss from the sale of Altice TV of €164.2 million for the six month period ended June 30, 2018 (please refer to note 3.1.6),
- the impact of shares settlement with management of AB2 (also referred to as French Overseas Territory) of €44.5 million. As a result, this settlement cancelled outstanding instruments previously held.
- additional participation in ACL and GNP, reducing additional paid in capital by €158.3 million (please refer to note 3.1.3)
- exercise of the ATS call option, reducing additional paid in capital by €162.2 million (please refer to note 3.1.4)

7.3. Other reserves

The tax effect of the Group's currency, available for sale, cash flow hedge and employee benefits reserves is provided below:

Other reserves (€m)	June 30, 2018			December 31, 2017		
	Pre-tax amount	Tax effect	Net amount	Pre-tax amount	Tax effect	Net amount
Actuarial gains and losses	(55.6)	14.0	(41.7)	(75.9)	20.3	(55.6)
Items not reclassified to profit or loss	(55.6)	14.0	(41.7)	(75.9)	20.3	(55.6)
Available for sale reserve	1.6	-	1.6	3.6	-	3.6
Currency translation reserve	78.8	-	78.8	56.4	-	56.4
Cash flow hedge reserve	(716.4)	245.9	(470.5)	(772.1)	250.7	(521.4)
Items potentially reclassified to profit or loss	(635.9)	245.9	(390.1)	(712.1)	250.7	(461.4)
Total	(691.6)	259.8	(431.7)	(788.0)	271.0	(517.0)

8. Borrowings and other financial liabilities

Borrowings and other financial liabilities (€m)	Notes	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017 (revised*)
Long term borrowings, financial liabilities and related hedging instruments		31,896.3	31,804.8
- <i>Debentures</i>	8.1	23,880.8	23,358.9
- <i>Loans from financial institutions</i>	8.1	6,810.8	6,779.7
- <i>Derivative financial instruments</i>	8.2	1,204.7	1,666.2
Other non-current financial liabilities	8.5	550.6	539.5
- <i>Finance leases</i>		86.6	85.0
- <i>Other financial liabilities</i>		464.0	454.5
Non-current liabilities		32,446.9	32,344.3
Short term borrowing, financial liabilities and related hedge instruments		842.5	413.6
- <i>Debentures</i>	8.1	180.6	199.0
- <i>Loans from financial institutions</i>	8.1	660.4	194.7
- <i>Derivative financial instruments</i>	8.2	1.4	19.9
Other financial liabilities	8.5	2,303.9	2,112.0
- <i>Other financial liabilities</i>		1,564.3	1,325.3
- <i>Bank overdraft</i>		13.4	80.3
- <i>Accrued interests</i>		680.4	657.5
- <i>Finance leases</i>		45.8	48.9
Current liabilities		3,146.4	2,525.6
Total		35,593.3	34,869.9

* Please refer to note 16 for details about the revised information

8.1. Debentures and loans from financial institutions

Debentures and loans from financial institutions (€m)	Notes	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Debentures	8.1.1	24,061.3	23,557.8
Loans from financial institutions	8.1.2	7,471.2	6,974.4
Total		31,532.5	30,532.3

* Please refer to note 16 for details about the revised information

During the six month period ended June 30, 2018, the Group did not refinance any of its debt.

8.1.1. Debentures

Maturity of debentures (€m)	Less than one year	One year or more	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Altice France	-	11,221.1	11,221.1	10,956.3
Altice Luxembourg	-	6,500.7	6,500.7	6,385.1
Altice Financing	-	4,576.1	4,576.1	4,454.7
Altice Finco	-	1,582.9	1,582.9	1,562.7
HOT Telecom	180.6	-	180.6	199.0
Total	180.6	23,880.8	24,061.3	23,557.8

8.1.2. Loans from financial institutions

Maturity of loans from financial institutions (€m)	Less than one year	One year or more	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Altice France (including RCF)*	285.1	4,993.2	5,278.3	5,036.4
Altice Financing (including RCF)*	373.5	1,808.8	2,182.3	1,911.8
Others	1.8	8.8	10.6	26.3
Total	660.4	6,810.8	7,471.2	6,974.4

* RCF amounts have been classified as amounts which mature in less than one year, but can be extended till the end of the maturity date of the RCF agreement. Please refer to note 8.5 for further details regarding the credit facilities.

8.2. Derivatives and hedge accounting

As part of its financial risk management strategy, the Group enters certain hedging operations. The main instruments used are fixed to fixed or fixed to floating cross-currency and interest rate swaps (CCIRS) that cover against foreign currency and interest rate risk related to the Group's debt obligations. The Group applies hedge

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accounting for the operations that meet the eligibility criteria as defined by IAS 39 (the Group continues to apply the requirement of IAS 39 related to hedge accounting, as allowed under IFRS 9).

8.2.1. CCIRS

The following table provides a summary of the Group's CCIRS.

Entity Maturity	Notional amount due from counterparty (millions)	Notional amount due to counterparty (millions)	Interest rate due from counterparty	Interest rate due to counterparty	Accounting treatment ¹
Altice France S.A.					
May 2022	USD 4,000	EUR 2,989	6.00%	5.14%	CFH
July 2022	USD 550	EUR 498	3m LIBOR+3.25%	3m EURIBOR+2.73%	FVPL
January 2023	USD 1,240	EUR 1,096	3m LIBOR+4.00%	3m EURIBOR+4.15%	FVPL
January 2024	USD 1,425	EUR 1,104	3m LIBOR+4.25%	3m EURIBOR+4.45%	FVPL
May 2024	USD 1,375	EUR 1,028	6.25%	5.36%	CFH
April 2024	USD 2,790	EUR 2,458	7.38%	5.75%	CFH
July 2024	USD 2,400	EUR 1,736	7.38%	6.78%	CFH
January 2026	USD 350	EUR 298	3m LIBOR+3.00%	3m EURIBOR+2.76%	CFH
Altice Luxembourg S.A.					
May 2022	USD 2,900	EUR 2,097	7.75%	7.38%	CFH
February 2023	USD 1,480	EUR 1,308	7.63%	6.50%	CFH
Altice Finco S.A.					
July - Nov 2018	USD 293	ILS 1,077	3m LIBOR+4.50%	3m TELBOR+5.33%	FVPL
February 2023	USD 2,060	EUR 1,821	6.63%	5.30%	CFH
May 2026	USD 930	EUR 853	7.50%	7.40%	CFH
July 2025	USD 485	EUR 449	3m LIBOR+2.75%	3m EURIBOR+2.55%	FVPL
July 2024	USD 1,820	EUR 1,544	7.50%	6.02%	CFH
Altice Finco S.A.					
February 2025	USD 385	EUR 340	7.63%	6.25%	CFH

1. The derivatives are all measured at fair value. The change in fair value of derivatives classified as cash flow hedges (CFH) in accordance with IAS 39 is recognized in the cash flow hedge reserve. The derivatives not hedge accounted have the change in fair value recognised immediately in profit or loss (FVPL).

The change in fair value of all derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges was recorded in other comprehensive income for the six month period ended June 30, 2018. Before the impact of taxes, losses of €41.3 million were recorded in other comprehensive income (€41.5 million net of taxes).

8.2.2. Interest rate swaps

The Group enters interest rate swaps to cover its interest rate exposure in line with its treasury policy. These swaps cover the Group's debt portfolio and do not necessarily relate to specific debt issued by the Group.

The details of the instruments are provided in the following table.

Entity Maturity	Notional amount due from counterparty (millions)	Notional amount due to counterparty (millions)	Interest rate due from counterparty	Interest rate due to counterparty	Accounting treatment
Altice France S.A.					
January 2023	EUR 4,000	EUR 4,000	3m EURIBOR	-0.12%	FVPL
Altice Finco S.A.					
May 2026	USD 720	USD 720	1.81%	6m LIBOR	FVPL
January 2023	EUR 750	EUR 750	3m EURIBOR	-0.13%	FVPL

8.3. Reconciliation to swap adjusted debt

The various hedge transactions mitigate interest and foreign exchange risks on the debt instruments issued by the Group. Such instruments cover both the principal and the interest due. A reconciliation from the carrying amount of the debt as per the statement of financial position and the due amount of the debt, considering the effect of the hedge operations (i.e. the, "swap adjusted debt"), is provided below:

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Reconciliation to swap adjusted debt (€m)	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017 (revised*)
Debentures and loans from financial institutions	31,532.5	30,532.3
Transaction costs	324.6	303.3
Fair value adjustments	(10.0)	(4.8)
Total (excluding transaction costs and fair value adjustments)	31,847.2	30,830.8
Conversion of debentures and loans in foreign currency (at closing spot rate)	(27,788.9)	(25,971.6)
Conversion of debentures and loans in foreign currency (at hedged rates)	26,693.5	25,470.7
Total swap adjusted value	30,751.8	30,329.9

8.4. Available credit facilities

Available credit facilities (€m)	Total facility	Drawn
Altice France S.A.	1,125.0	225.0
Altice Financing S.A.	911.0	355.0
Altice Luxembourg S.A.	200.0	-
Revolving credit facilities	2,236.0	580.0

As at June 30, 2018, the facility at Altice Financing was drawn for an amount of €355.0 million for various purposes.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, an amount of €225.0 million was drawn by Altice France to fund the departure plan and other working capital related expenditures.

8.5. Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities (€m)	June 30, 2018			December 31, 2017 (revised*)		
	Current	Non-current	Total	Current	Non-current	Total
Reverse factoring and securitisation	1,068.0	-	1,068.0	1,032.7	-	1,032.7
Accrued interest	680.4	-	680.4	657.5	-	657.5
Put options with non-controlling interests	27.8	207.3	235.1	127.8	201.6	329.4
Deposits received	38.5	155.1	193.5	52.0	148.0	200.0
Finance leases	45.8	86.6	132.4	48.9	85.0	133.8
Bank overdraft	13.4	-	13.4	80.3	-	80.3
Commercial paper	103.0	-	103.0	34.0	-	34.0
ATS call option exercise	154.4	-	154.4	-	-	-
Other	172.6	101.7	274.3	78.8	104.8	183.6
Total	2,303.9	550.6	2,854.5	2,112.0	539.5	2,651.4

The current portion of €2,303.9 million as at June 30, 2018 increased by €191.1 million compared to a current portion of €2,112.0 million as at December 31, 2017. The non-current portion increased by €11.1 million to €550.6 million as at June 30, 2018 compared to €539.4 million as at December 31, 2017. Details of the main items within the caption, and the movements from the prior period, are detailed below.

8.5.1. Put options with non-controlling interests

The Group executes agreements with the non-controlling interests in certain acquisitions whereby the non-controlling interests have the option to sell their non-controlling interests to the Group. These instruments are measured at their fair value at the balance sheet date (please refer to note 9.1.2 for further information).

On August 27, 2015, Altice Content Luxembourg (a company 75% owned by Altice and 25% owned by News Participations, a company controlled by Alain Weill) acquired Groupe News Participations SAS, the holding company of NextRadioTV S.A. (the "NextradioTV Transaction"). In May 2016, Altice transferred its participation in Altice Content Luxembourg to Altice France. In the context of the NextradioTV transaction, News Participations has granted to Altice a call option on the Altice Content Luxembourg securities held by News Participations. In addition, Altice has granted to News Participations a put option on the Altice Content Luxembourg securities held by News Participations. On April 5, 2018, the call option has been exercised for an amount of €100.0 million, resulting in the derecognition of the put option.

8.5.2. Deposits received

Altice France receives deposits from customers largely in relation to equipment that it provides customers that Altice France retains ownership of.

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8.5.3. *Reverse factoring and securitization*

Through the use of reverse factoring structures, the Group improves the financial efficiency of its supply chain by reducing requirements for working capital. The year on year increase is due to the combination of an increase in spending with existing suppliers and new suppliers having joined the various reverse factoring programs that the Group maintains and due to Altice France securing certain B2B receivables, also reducing need of working capital flows.

8.5.4. *Commercial paper*

During the six month period ended June 30, 2018, Altice France made additional borrowings under its commercial paper program.

8.5.5. *ATS call option exercise*

In April 2018, the Group exercised the call option for the acquisition of the remaining 49% in Altice Technical Services (“ATS”) for a fixed price of €147 million, bearing interests at an annual rate of EURIBOR 1 month plus 3.5%. This amount will be paid in November 2018.

8.5.6. *Bank overdraft*

Bank overdrafts consist of temporary overdrafts on bank accounts.

9. Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

9.1. Fair value of assets and liabilities

The table below shows the carrying value compared to fair value of financial assets and liabilities.

Fair values of assets and liabilities (€m)	June 30, 2018		December 31, 2017 (revised*)	
	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
Cash and cash equivalents	671.8	671.8	753.2	753.2
Restricted cash	42.2	42.2	33.7	33.7
Derivatives	49.5	49.5	45.1	45.1
Other financial assets	12.4	12.4	16.8	16.8
Current assets	775.9	775.9	848.8	848.8
Derivatives	1,124.8	1,124.8	894.9	894.9
Available for sale assets	6.8	6.8	8.0	8.0
Call options held by non-controlling interests	27.5	27.5	50.6	50.6
Other financial assets	657.6	657.6	308.5	308.5
Non-current assets	1,816.8	1,816.8	1,262.0	1,262.0
Short term borrowings and financial liabilities	841.0	841.0	393.7	393.7
Put options with non-controlling interests	27.8	27.8	127.8	127.8
Derivatives	1.4	1.4	19.9	19.9
Other financial liabilities	2,276.1	2,276.1	1,984.2	1,984.2
Current liabilities	3,146.4	3,146.4	2,525.6	2,525.6
Long term borrowings and financial liabilities	30,691.6	34,374.0	30,138.6	30,471.2
Put options with non-controlling interests	207.3	207.3	201.6	201.6
Derivatives	1,204.7	1,204.7	1,666.2	1,666.2
Other financial liabilities	343.3	343.3	337.8	337.8
Non-current liabilities	32,446.9	36,129.3	32,344.2	32,676.8

* Please refer to note 16 for details about the revised information

During the six month period ended June 30, 2018, there were no transfers of assets or liabilities between levels of the fair value hierarchy. There are no non-recurring fair value measurements. The Group’s trade and other receivables and trade and other payables are not shown in the table above as their carrying amounts approximate their fair values. Increase in non-current other financial assets as of June 30, 2018 compared to December 31, 2017 was mainly due to the balance with Altice TV entities as they were sold to Altice Group Lux S.à r.l. (the parent company of Altice Luxembourg S.A.).

9.1.1. *New put and call options*

During the six month period ended June 30, 2018, the Group did not enter into new put-call contracts.

9.1.2. *Fair value hierarchy*

The following table provides information about the fair values of the Group's financial assets and liabilities and which level in the fair value hierarchy they are classified.

Fair value measurement (€m)	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017 (revised*)
Financial Liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments	Level 2	Discounted cash flows	1,206.1	1,686.1
Minority Put Option - Other	Level 3	Discounted cash flows	27.8	27.8
Minority Put Option - Teads	Level 3	Discounted cash flows	164.9	160.4
Minority Put Option - Intelcia	Level 3	Discounted cash flows	42.4	41.2
Minority Put Option - GNP	Level 3	Discounted cash flows	-	100.0
Financial Assets				
Derivative financial instruments	Level 2	Discounted cash flows	1,174.4	940.0
Minority Call option - Teads	Level 3	Black and Scholes model	5.7	10.6
Minority Call option - Parilis	Level 3	Black and Scholes model	-	18.8
Minority Call option - Intelcia	Level 3	Black and Scholes model	21.8	21.2
Available for sale assets - Wananchi	Level 3	Quoted share price	1.3	1.3
Available for sale assets - Partner Co. Ltd.	Level 1	Quoted share price	5.5	6.7

* Please refer to note 16 for details about the revised information

9.2. Level 3 financial instruments

Change in fair value of level 3 instruments (€m)	Minority put options	Minority call options	June 30, 2018
Opening balance	(329.4)	50.6	(270.8)
Exercises	100.0	(18.8)	81.2
Change in value of minority put options recorded in equity	(5.7)	-	(5.7)
Gains or losses recognised in profit or loss	-	(4.3)	(6.8)
Closing balance	(235.1)	27.5	(202.1)

Change in fair value of level 3 instruments (€m)	Minority put options	Minority call options	December 31, 2017
Opening balance	(100.8)	26.8	(66.9)
Additions	(188.2)	10.6	(177.6)
Re-measurement (variation)	(40.4)	-	(40.4)
Gains or losses recognised in profit and loss	-	13.2	14.1
Closing balance (revised*)	(329.4)	50.6	(270.8)

* Please refer to note 16 for details about the revised information

10. Taxation

Tax expense (€m)	Six months ended June 30, 2018	Six months ended June 30, 2017
Loss before income tax and share of earnings of associates	(98.8)	(1,090.0)
Income tax benefit	(2.6)	192.6
Effective tax rate	-3%	18%

The Group is required to use an estimated annual effective tax rate to measure the income tax benefit or expense recognized in an interim period.

The Group recorded an income tax expense of €2.6 million for the six month period ended June 30, 2018, reflecting a negative effective tax rate of 3% compared to an income tax benefit of €192.6 million for the six month period ended June 30, 2017, reflecting an effective tax rate of 18%. Non-deductible financial expenses and provisions (mainly penalties related to gun jumping in Portugal, please refer to note 13.2.1) had the impact of lowering the Group's effective tax rate for the six month period ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

10.1. Income tax litigation

There was no significant development in existing tax litigations since the publication of the annual consolidated financial statements that have had, or that may have, a significant effect on the financial position of the Group.

11. Contractual obligations and commercial commitments

During the six month period ended June 30, 2018, no significant contractual obligations and commercial

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commitments have been signed as compared to the year ended December 31, 2017. Decrease in commitments compared to December 31, 2017 was mainly caused by the sale of Altice TV (please refer to note 3.1.6).

12. Litigation

In the normal course of its activities, the Group is accused in a certain number of governmental, arbitration and administrative law suits. Provisions are recognised by the Group when management believe that it is more likely than not that such lawsuits will result in an expense being recognized by the Group, and the magnitude of the expenses can be reliably estimated. The magnitude of the provisions recognised is based on the best estimate of the level of risk on a case-by-case basis, considering that the occurrence of events during the legal action involves constant re-estimation of this risk.

The Group is not aware of other disputes, arbitration, governmental or legal action or exceptional fact (including any legal action of which the Group is aware, which is outstanding or by which it is threatened) that may have been, or is in, progress during the last months and that has a significant effect on the financial position, the earnings, the activity and the assets of the Company and the Group, other than those described below.

This note describes the new proceedings and developments in existing litigations that have occurred since the publication of the annual consolidated financial statements and that have had or that may have a significant effect on the financial position of the Group.

12.1. France

12.1.1. CLCV's summons and complaint against Altice France

On January 7, 2013, the consumer association CLCV filed a complaint against Altice France in the Paris Commercial Court. CLCV claimed that some of the clauses in Altice France's general terms of subscription, and those of some other telephone operators, were unfair. It also asked for compensation for the collective loss suffered. The Paris District Court ruled that the clauses were unfair. On February 24, 2015, the Paris District court ruled that eight clauses included in the general terms of subscription were unfair and ordered Altice France to publish the ruling on its website and three daily print publications. Altice France was also asked to pay € 30,000 in damages to the CLCV. This decision was not executory, and Altice France appealed this ruling on April 16, 2015. The case was pleaded before the court of appeals of Paris on October 19, 2017.

On March 30, 2018, the court of appeals of Paris ruled that seven (of the fifty or so clauses) which the CLCV claimed were unfair/abusive and demanded that Altice France publish the entire ruling on its website preceded by the phrase, 'legal communiqué' and ordered Altice France to remove said clauses from the general terms of subscription with a penalty of up to 300 euros per day of delay.

12.1.2. Altice France against Iliad, Free and Free mobile: unfair competition by disparagement

On May 27, 2014, Altice France filed a complaint against Iliad, Free and Free Mobile in the Paris Commercial Court for unfair competition claiming that when Free Mobile was launched and afterwards, Iliad, Free and Free Mobile were guilty of disparaging Altice France services. Altice France claimed €493 million in damages.

On September 9, 2016, by pleadings on counterclaims, Free requested the court to judge that Altice France denigrated their capacities and services and claimed €475 million in damages. The Paris Commercial Court rendered its judgment on January 29, 2018. The Court sentenced Free Mobile to pay to Altice France €20 million as moral damage as a result of unfair competition made by disparagement.

In addition, the court sentenced Altice France to pay to Free Mobile €25 million as moral and material damage as a result of unfair competition made by disparagement.

Accordingly, the court sentences, as compensation, Altice France to pay to Free Mobile €5 million as damages. This decision was executed and the Group paid the €5 million net amount to Free Mobile in June 2018.

12.1.3. Canal Plus Group (GCP) against Altice France and NC Numericable

On October 4, 2017, GCP summoned Altice France and NC Numericable before Paris Commercial Court. GCP claimed that both Altice France and NC Numericable breached their contractual obligations and notably:

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- the marketing of substitute products to the GCP allowing customer poaching from GCP offers to the benefit of « Altice » offers;
- the decrease of GCP's offers promotions;
- the promotion of migration of the subscriber base in favour of FTTB offer, which does not allow access to Canalsat offer;
- misleading advertising on contents (ex: « Le Grand Football est chez Altice France »);
- the refusal to set up new offers;
- the modification of the GCP channels numbering;
- the GCP channels denigration on SC platforms.

GCP requested the termination of the above under financial penalty of thirty thousand euros per day, and damages in the amount of €174 million. Altice France fully contests the facts and has initiated its own evaluation of damages suffered before initiating its own demands against Canal Plus.

12.1.4. *Bouygues Telecom against Altice France (Faber CCI)*

- On October 19, 2017, Bouygues Telecom submitted a request for arbitration to the secretary of the International Chamber of Commerce ("ICC") relating to a disagreement regarding the Faber Agreement between Bouygues Telecom and Altice France.
- Bouygues Telecom claims that Altice France breached certain contractual duties and commitments made before the French Competition Authority relating to the Faber Agreement (namely, certain delays and not having connected certain categories of buildings, thereby causing damage to Bouygues Telecom).

The Arbitration court has been setup and proceeding began in May 2018. In a document dated June 15, 2018 Bouygues Telecom alleged that it has suffered prejudices amounting to €164.9 million. The Group disputes these claims.

The Group will present its counter claim on October 15, 2018 and is preparing the estimate of its own prejudice suffered and analysing the prejudice mentioned by Bouygues Telecom. As of June 30, 2018, the Group considers that the risk is difficult to estimate reliably and is hence considered to be a contingent liability under IAS 37 *Provision, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*.

12.1.5. *Complaint by Orange Réunion and Orange Mayotte against SRR and SFR*

Differential on-net/off-net pricing in the mobile telephony market in Mayotte and La Réunion

Orange Réunion, Orange Mayotte and Outremer Telecom filed a complaint with the French Competition Authority in June 2009 alleging unfair differential on-net/off-net pricing by SRR in the mobile telephony market in Mayotte and La Réunion seeking conservatory measures from the French Competition Authority.

On September 15, 2009, the French Competition Authority announced provisional measures against SRR, pending its decision on the merits. SRR had to discontinue any price spread exceeding its actual "off-net/on-net" costs in the network concerned.

As the French Competition Authority found that SRR had not fully complied with its injunction, it fined SRR €2 million on January 24, 2012. In the proceedings on the merits, with regard to the "Consumers" component of the case, SRR requested and obtained a "no contest" on the complaints on July 31, 2013. On June 13, 2014, the French Competition Authority rendered its decision for the "Consumers" component of the case, fining SFR and its subsidiary SRR €45.9 million.

On June 18, 2018, the Group agreed on a settlement with Orange, whereby both parties mutually agreed to desist from certain ongoing legal actions.

Compensation disputes

Following the French Competition Authority's decision of September 15, 2009 (provisional measures) and pending the Authority's decision on the merits, on June 17, 2013, Outremer Telecom filed a suit against SRR and SFR in the Commercial Court seeking remedy for the loss it believes it suffered as a result of SRR's practices.

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Outremer Telecom claimed €23.5 million in damages subject to adjustment for unfair practices by SRR in the consumer market in mobile telephony in La Réunion and Mayotte, and €1 million as damages in full for unfair practices by SRR in the business market in mobile telephony in La Réunion and Mayotte.

Outremer withdrew from the proceedings against SRR and SFR on May 10, 2015.

On October 8, 2014, Orange Reunion sued SRR and SFR jointly and severally to pay €135.3 million for the loss suffered because of the practices sanctioned by the French Competition Authority. Various procedural issues have been raised, on which a judgment is pending. The Court rendered its ruling on June 20, 2016 stating that the petitions of Orange Réunion cannot relate to the period preceding October 8, 2009 and therefore refused to exonerate SFR.

On December 20, 2016, following the Court's judgment, Orange updated its estimate of the loss it believes it suffered after October 8, 2009 and reached the amount of €88 million (which represents the non-time-barred portion of the alleged loss).

As part of the agreement described above, on June 18, 2018, Orange has agreed to drop this litigation.

12.1.6. Orange suit against SFR in the Paris Commercial Court (overflows case)

Orange filed a claim on August 10, 2011 with the Paris Commercial Court asking the Court to order SFR to immediately cease its unfair "overflow" practices and to order SFR to pay €309.5 million in contractual penalties. It accused SFR of deliberately organizing overflows onto the Orange network for the purpose of economically optimizing its own network (under designing the Primary Digital Block (PBN)). In a ruling of December 10, 2013, the Court ordered SFR to pay Orange €22.1 million. SFR and Orange both appealed the ruling. On January 16, 2015 the Paris Court of Appeals upheld the Commercial Court's ruling and SFR paid the €22.1 million. On January 13, 2017, SFR appealed the ruling.

On August 11, 2014, SFR also petitioned the District Court enforcement judge, who rendered his decision on May 18, 2015, by ordering SFR to pay €0.6 million (assessment of penalty for 118 abusive overflows).

On July 24, 2017, Orange summoned SFR before the Paris Commercial Court in order to obtain the payment of €11.8 million by application of contractual penalty clauses concerning misbehaviours between July 2011 and July 2014. At the same date, Orange summoned Completel before the same Court, for the same reasons and basis, but for an amount of €9.7 million.

By pleadings dated January 30, 2018, SFR and Completel asked for a ruling deferment in order to await the Court of Cassation judgment.

As part of the agreement described above, on June 18, 2018, Orange has agreed to drop this litigation.

12.1.7. SFR against Orange: abuse of dominant position in the second homes market

On April 24, 2012, SFR filed a complaint against Orange with the Paris Commercial Court for practices abusing its dominant position in the retail market for mobile telephony services for non-residential customers.

On February 12, 2014, the Paris Commercial Court ordered Orange to pay to SFR €51 million for abuse of dominant position in the second homes market.

On April 2, 2014, Orange appealed the decision of the Commercial Court on the merits. On October 8, 2014, the Paris Court of Appeals overturned the Paris Commercial Court's ruling of February 12, 2014 and dismissed SFR's requests. The Court of Appeals ruled that it had not been proven that a pertinent market limited to second homes exists. In the absence of such a market, there was no exclusion claim to answer, due to the small number of homes concerned. On October 13, 2014 SFR received notification of the judgment of the Paris Court of Appeal of October 8, 2014 and repaid the €51 million to Orange in November 2014. On November 19, 2014, SFR appealed the ruling. On April 12, 2016, the French Supreme Court overturned the Court of Appeal's decision and referred the case back to the Paris Court of Appeal. Orange returned €52.7 million to SFR on May 31, 2016. Orange refilled the case before the Paris Court of Appeal on August 30, 2016.

On June 8, 2018, the Paris Court of Appeal rejected Orange's appeal. Orange retains the possibility of refiling an appeal with the French Supreme Court.

12.2. Portugal

12.2.1. European Commission Investigation

After having approved the acquisition of PT Portugal by the Group on April 20, 2015, the European Commission initiated an investigation into infringement by the Group of the obligation of prior notification of concentrations under Article 4(1) of the Merger Regulation and/or of the stand-still obligation laid down in Article 7(1) of the Merger Regulation. The European Commission issued a statement of objections on May 18, 2017, informing the Group of the objections raised against it.

On April 24, 2018, the European Commission has notified the Group of its decision to impose upon it a fine for an amount of €124.5 million. The Commission found that the Group infringed the prior notification obligation of a concentration under Article 4(1) of the EU Merger Regulation, and the stand-still obligation under Article 7(1) of the EU Merger Regulation. The Group fully disagrees with the Commission's decision, and in particular, it considers that this case differs entirely from the French Numéricable/Altice France/Virgin gun jumping case, in which the Group had agreed not to challenge the allegations brought against it. In the Group's opinion, the Commission's decision relies on a wrongful definition of the notion of "implementation" of a concentration. Further, the transaction agreement governing the management of the target during the pre-closing period provided the Group with a consultation right on certain exceptional matters relating to PT Portugal aimed at preserving the value and integrity of the target prior to closing and was in accordance with well-established M&A market practice.

In any event, the Group considers that the elements in the Commission's file do not establish the exercise of influence, as alleged by the Commission, by the Group over PT Portugal's business conduct neither prior to the merger notification to the Commission nor prior to the Commission's clearance.

On July 5, 2018, the Group has filed a request for annulment against the Commission's decision before the EU General Court to request that the decision as a whole be annulled or, at the very least, that the sanction be significantly reduced. The Commission's decision does not affect the approval granted by the European Commission on April 20, 2015 for the acquisition of PT Portugal by the Group.

As of June 30, 2018, a liability of €124.5 million is recorded at Altice Portugal, as it is the acquiring entity of PT Portugal. On July 25, 2018, Altice issued a bank guarantee to the European Commission.

12.2.2. Vodafone – Network Sharing Agreement

Vodafone and PT Comunicações (currently MEO) signed, on July 21, 2014, an agreement for the acquisition of exclusive rights of use of the PON Network, which consisted in the possibility of access to the installed infrastructure owned by each of the parties to offer new generation services and integrated offerings (voice, internet and television) autonomously in the retail market. On November 4, 2015, MEO informed Vodafone that it has decided to individually develop a new, ambitious plan for the expansion of its fiber optic network, both in geographical areas already covered by a new generation network and in other geographical areas, while continuing to comply with the agreed. Notwithstanding Vodafone states that this was a breach of the agreement and is claiming an amount of approximately €132 million from MEO for damages and losses allegedly caused by that non-compliance with the agreed.

MEO submitted its defense to these claims in June 2018, stating that (i) Vodafone did not have a contractual right to prevent MEO from developing its network autonomously and independently from the agreement, (ii) all of Vodafone rights, resulting from the agreement, were respected by MEO, and Vodafone was in no way limited by MEO in the investment in the construction of its own network, which it developed freely and voluntarily, choosing to invest where it found greater profitability for its business, and (iii) Vodafone's claims for damages and losses were not factually sustainable.

12.2.3. TV Tel - Restricted access to the telecommunication ducts

In March 2004, TV TEL Grande Porto - Comunicações, S.A. ("TVTEL", subsequently acquired by NOS), a telecommunication company based in Oporto, filed a claim against PT Comunicações in the Lisbon Judicial Court. TV TEL alleged that, since 2001, PT Comunicações has unlawfully restricted and/or refused access to its telecommunication ducts in Oporto, thereby undermining and delaying the installation and development of TV TEL's telecommunications network. TV TEL is claiming an amount of approximately €15 million from MEO for

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damages and losses allegedly caused and yet to be sustained as a result of the delay in the installation of its telecommunications network in Oporto. PT Comunicações submitted its defense to these claims in June 2004, stating that (1) TV TEL did not have a general right to install its network in PT Comunicações's ducts, (2) all of TV TEL's requests were lawfully and timely responded to by PT Comunicações according to its general infrastructure management policy, and (3) TV TEL's claims for damages and losses were not factually sustainable.

In the end of 2016, MEO was notified to present the list of witnesses, which it did, and the witnesses were heard in the trial that took place in April and May 2017. In September 2017, MEO was notified of a unfavorable decision (for an amount significantly lower than the gross claim and for which there is a provision), as a result of which it has filed an appeal. In June 2018, MEO was notified of the unfavorable decision of the appeal to the Lisbon Court of Appeal, which confirmed the previous decision from the first instance court. MEO filed an appeal to the Supreme Court in July 2018.

12.2.4. Optimus - Interconnection agreement

This legal action is dated from 2001 and relates to the price that Telecomunicações Móveis Nacionais ("TMN", PT Portugal's mobile operation at that time) charged Optimus - Comunicações S.A. ("Optimus", one of MEO's mobile competitors at that time, currently NOS) for mobile interconnection services, price that Optimus did not agree with. TMN transferred to PT Comunicações (PT Portugal's fixed operation at that time, currently named MEO) the receivables from Optimus, and subsequently PT Comunicações offset those receivables with payables due to Optimus. NOS argues for the annulment of the offset made by PT Comunicações and accordingly claims from PT Comunicações the settlement of the payables due before the offset plus accrued interest. In August 2015, the court decided that the transfer of the interconnection receivables from TMN to PT Comunicações and consequently the offset of those receivables with payables due by PT Comunicações to Optimus were not legal and therefore sentenced MEO to settle those payables plus interest up to date in the total amount of approximately €35 million. MEO appealed from this decision in October 2015 to the Court of Appeal of Lisbon. In September 2016, MEO was notified of the decision from the Court of Appeal of Lisbon, which confirmed the initial ruling against MEO, as a result of which MEO decided to appeal to the Supreme Court. On March 13, 2017, MEO was notified of the Supreme Court's decision of dismissal of its appeal and as a result MEO decided to appeal to the Constitutional Court. In January 8, 2018, MEO was notified of the Constitutional Court decision of dismissal of the appeal, after which MEO appealed to the Constitutional Court Conference. MEO was notified that the Constitutional Court Conference did not accept and consequently will not analyse the appeal. In July 2018, MEO paid €41 million to settle the action which had been accrued for in 2015.

13. Related party transactions and balances

Following the changes in the Altice organizational structure that also impacts Altice Management International ("AMI"), Altice management decided to cancel the Altice Way fee from December 31, 2017 onwards. Instead AMI will recharge corporate costs plus mark-up to Altice France, PT Portugal, HOT and Altice Dominicana based on their revenues contribution in 2017.

Transactions with related parties are mainly related to transactions with Altice USA, transactions with associates of the various operating entities of the Group, such as Altice France, PT Portugal and HOT, and payments for services rendered by the controlling shareholder of the Group. Such transactions are limited to:

- exchange of services between Altice France and PT Portugal and their associate companies;
- exchange of services between Altice USA, Teads and Altice Dominicana;
- exchange of services between Altice TV and Altice France;
- exchange of services like healthcare insurance, management of emergency network and broadcasting of sport events between PT Portugal and its associate companies;
- services between HOT Telecom and Phi, its joint venture partner for mobile services; and
- rental agreements for office space in France for the Altice France group with Quadrans, a company controlled by the ultimate beneficiary owner of the Group.

Transactions with related parties are not subject to any guarantees. The table below shows a summary of the Group's related party transactions for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, and outstanding balances as at December 31, 2017.

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Related party transactions - income and expense (€m)	June 30, 2018				
	Revenue	Operating expenses	Financial expenses	Financial income	Capex
Equity holders	-	29.8	-	-	-
Altice USA and its subsidiaries	3.3	-	-	-	-
Executive managers	-	-	-	-	-
Associate companies and non-controlling interests	82.2	73.2	0.4	3.8	4.8
Total	85.5	103.0	0.4	3.8	4.8

Related party transactions - income and expense (€m)	June 30, 2017				
	Revenue	Operating expenses	Financial expenses	Financial income	Capex
Equity holders	-	26.1	-	-	-
Altice USA and its subsidiaries	3.1	0.3	-	-	-
Executive managers	-	-	-	-	-
Associate companies and non-controlling interests	71.0	54.4	14.5	0.5	7.2
Total	74.1	80.7	14.5	0.5	7.2

Related party balances - assets (€m)	June 30, 2018			December 31, 2017		
	Loans and receivables	Trade receivables and other	Current accounts	Loans and receivables	Trade receivables and other	Current accounts
Equity holders	487.7	52.6	1.5	11.3	97.7	-
Altice USA and its subsidiaries	-	3.5	-	-	22.3	-
Executive managers	-	-	-	-	-	-
Associate companies and non-controlling interests	83.2	48.2	6.7	72.6	42.3	11.4
Total	570.9	104.4	8.2	83.9	162.2	11.4

Related party balances - liabilities (€m)	June 30, 2018			December 31, 2017		
	Other financial liabilities	Trade payables and other	Current accounts	Other financial liabilities	Trade payables and other	Current accounts
Equity holders	14.8	526.4	16.8	-	43.0	-
Altice USA and its subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	41.6	-
Executive managers	-	-	-	-	-	-
Associate companies and non-controlling interests	0.9	67.5	0.6	-	198.7	0.4
Total	15.6	593.8	17.4	-	283.3	0.4

The increase in the related party transactions and balances for operating expenses, accounts receivables, accounts payables and revenues were mainly driven by transactions that Altice France and PT Portugal had with their associate companies. These transactions were mainly related to online advertising services with Altice USA, telephony with associated companies such as La Poste Telecom, Fibroglobal - Comunicações Electrónicas, Siresp, Sport TV Portugal, VOD Factory, Synerail, Phi and real estate expenses with Quadrans.

The revenue reported (for the six months period ended June 30, 2018) with associated companies and non-controlling interest mainly relate to:

- Altice USA for €3.3 million. These revenues are related to online advertising services from Teads and long-distance traffic with Altice Dominicana;
- Fibroglobal - Comunicações Electrónicas for €1.3 million. The revenues are related to specialized works and the lease to Fibroglobal of ducts, posts and technical spaces through which its network passes;
- La Poste Telecom for mobile services delivered of €65.3 million; and
- Siresp for management of the emergency service network of €13.7 million.

The operating expense for the six months period ended June 30, 2018 with associated companies and non-controlling interest mainly relate to:

- Fibroglobal - Comunicações Electrónicas for €4.5 million for fiber network infrastructure management. The operating expenses are related to a fee for any new customer installation and a monthly fee for PT Portugal's customer base through the network of Fibroglobal;
- La Poste Telecom for the use of mobile services on their network of €7.9 million;
- Sport TV for broadcasting of sports events of €32.0 million;
- VOD Factory for providing VOD services of €7.4 million; and
- Phi for operating expenses for a mobile network in Israel of €19.2 million.

In addition to this, for the six months period ended June 30, 2018, the Group recorded a total operating expense of €29.8 million, including €23.4 million of rental expenses from Quadrans (this entity is controlled by the

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Company's controlling shareholder). As per June 30, 2017, the total operating expenses with equity holder recognized in the consolidated statement of income amounted to €26.1 million. This includes €8.0 million operating expenses related to Quadrans that were included as of March 2017. As per June 30, 2018, a €0.8 million payable is outstanding and €8.7 million deposit is outstanding with Quadrans relating to rental of office space for Altice France group.

The related party balance for assets and liabilities increased compared to the balance as of December 31, 2017, mainly caused by the sale of Altice TV and Altice Management International ("AMI") to Altice Group Lux S.à r.l. (please refer to notes 3.1.2. and 3.1.6). The transactions with these entities became related party transactions as of June 30, 2018, whilst they were eliminated prior to the transfer.

The loans and receivables as of June 30, 2018 mainly relate to:

- Altice USA trade receivable of €3.5 million with Altice Dominicana and Teads;
- Fibroglobal - Comunicações Electrónicas that provides fibre network and infrastructure management services to PT Portugal was granted a loan of €14.2 million;
- a loan receivable of €12.7 million with Synerail in relation to the GSMR project;
- subordinated loan (including accrued interest) with Wananchi of €55.3 million;
- La Poste Telecom trade receivable of €21.3 million and current account of €6.5 million for delivery of mobile services;
- trade receivable with Sireps of €10.1 million in relation to management of the emergency service network;
- Portugal Telecom - Associação de Cuidados de Saúde: receivable of €13.2 million. This company provides healthcare insurance for PT Portugal's active and retired employees; and
- loans and receivables with equity holders mainly consisted of financial assets with Altice TV entities (€319.3 million), Altice N.V. (€70.9 million) and advances to Altice Corporate Financing (€20.2 million).

The trade payables and other as per June 30, 2018, mainly related to:

- trade payable to Phi of €40.9 million. Phi is the joint venture with Partner that operates a mobile network in Israel;
- Sport TV provides broadcasting services of sport events to PT Portugal. PT Portugal has a trade payable of €7.1 million as of June 30, 2018;
- Portugal Telecom - Associação de Cuidados de Saúde: trade payable of €6.3 million as of June 30, 2018.
- payable with equity holder and executive managers related to the settlement of the spin-off of Altice USA from the Altice stock option plan;
- trade payable to Altice N.V. of €124.5 million related to the fine imposed by the European Commission on the gun jumping investigation during the acquisition of PT Portugal (please refer to note 12.2.1.);
- payables in Altice France with Altice TV, which includes trade payable of €354.4 million mainly related to the break up fee and other liabilities of €16.8 million;
- other trade payable with Altice TV entities of €16.2 million, mainly in PT Portugal (€14.7 million); and
- other trade payable of €30.5 million to Altice Europe N.V. entities.

14. Going concern

As of June 30, 2018, the Group had net current liability position of €5,683.1 million (mainly due to trade payables amounting to €7,041.5 million) and a negative working capital of €2,189.5 million. During the six month period ended June 30, 2018, the Group registered a net loss of €102.2 million from continued operations and generated cash flows from operations of €1,841.3 million from continued operations.

As of June 30, 2018, the Group had a negative equity position of €3,123.1 million compared to €2,683.0 million as at December 31, 2017. The equity position decreased from the prior period mainly due to the changes in accumulated losses relating the impairment of the Altice Content group and transactions with non-controlling interests in France.

The negative working capital position is structural and follows industry norms. Customers generally pay subscription revenues early or mid-month, with short days of sales outstanding and suppliers are paid under standard commercial terms, thus generating a negative working capital. This is evidenced by the difference in the level of receivables and payables; €4,384.3 million compared to €7,041.5 million for the six month period ended

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June 30, 2018, as compared to €4,440.8 million and €7,103.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2017. Payables due the following month are covered by revenues and cash flows from operations (if needed).

As of June 30, 2018, the Group's short term borrowings comprised mainly of debentures of HOT Telecom for an amount of €180.6 million and loans from financial institutions for Altice France and Altice Financing for €285.1 million and €373.5 million respectively. These short-term obligations are expected to be covered by the operating cash flows of the operating subsidiaries. As at June 30, 2018, the revolving credit facilities at Altice France and Altice Financing were drawn in an aggregate of €580.0 million. A listing of available credit facilities by silo is provided in note 8.5 and the amounts available per segment are sufficient to cover the short-term debt and interest expense needs of each of these segments if needed.

Given the above, the Board of Directors has considered the following elements in determining that the use of the going concern assumption is appropriate:

- The Group has a strong track record of generating positive adjusted EBITDA and operating cash flows:
 - Adjusted EBITDA amounted to €2,621.4 million, a decrease of 6.3% compared to the same period last year. This decrease in adjusted EBITDA is mainly linked to lower performance in Portugal, Israel and the Dominican Republic segments.
 - Operating cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2018 were €1,841.3 million.
- The Group had unrestricted cash reserves of €671.8 million as of June 30, 2018, compared to €753.2 million as of December 31, 2017, which would allow it to cover any urgent cash needs. The Group can move its cash from one segment to another under certain conditions as allowed by its debentures and debt covenants. Cash reserves in operating segments carrying debt obligations were as follows:
 - France: €433.0 million
 - Altice International: €265.9 million
- Additionally, as of June 30, 2018, the Group had access to revolving credit facilities of up to €2,236.0 million (of which €580.0 million was drawn as of June 30, 2018).

The Group's senior management team tracks operational key performance indicators (KPIs) on a weekly basis, thus tracking top line trends closely. This allows the Board of Directors and local CEOs to ensure proper alignment with budget targets and respond with speed and flexibility to counter any unexpected events and help to ensure that the budgeted targets are met.

Based on the above, the Board of Directors is of the view that the Group will continue to act as a going concern for 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements and has hence deemed it appropriate to prepare these condensed interim consolidated financial statements using the going concern assumption.

15. Events after the reporting period

15.1. Release of the purchase price acquisition of Teads held as escrow

On July 3, 2018, the restricted cash that was held in an escrow account following the acquisition of Teads in Q2 2017 has been fully released (please refer to note 6). The cash was used to pay non-reinvesting and reinvesting sellers for a total amount of €42.1 million. In addition, an earn-out payment of €13.1 million was made to certain former owners of the company. This earn-out was subject to Teads obtaining defined revenue performance in 2017, which targets have been met. Subsequent to the earn-out payment of the €13.1 million, €5.2 million was reinvested by the former owners in the share capital of the company.

15.2. Refinancing of a portion of the existing debt of the Altice France credit pool

On July 16, 2018, Altice France priced and allocated for its credit pool \$2.5 billion of new 8-year Term Loans B's. The new Term Loan B will bear interest at a margin of 400bps over LIBOR. Closing of the new financing occurred on August 14, 2018 and subject to closing conditions and the proceeds have been used by Altice France to call a portion of its \$4.0 billion May 2022 6.0% Senior Secured Notes.

15.3. Refinancing of a portion of the existing debt of the Altice France credit pool

On July 18, 2018, Altice France had successfully priced and allocated for its credit pool €1.0 billion and \$1.75 billion of new 8.5-year Senior Secured Notes. The new €1.0 billion and \$1.75 billion Senior Secured Notes have a coupon of 5.875% and 8.125% respectively. The proceeds from this transaction, in conjunction with the proceeds raised through the \$2.5 billion of new Term Loans priced earlier in July 2018, have been used by Altice France to

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redeem in full its \$4.0 billion May 2022 6.0% Senior Secured Notes and €1.0 billion May 2022 5.375% Senior Secured Notes.

Following the consummation of this refinancing, and pro forma for the \$2.5 billion of new 8-year Term Loans priced in July 2018, the average maturity of Altice France's capital structure has been extended from 6.4 to 7.5 years and the weighted average cost of Altice France's debt is 5.0%.

15.4. Sale and purchase agreements signed for the sale of the International Wholesale business

On July 18, 2018, three Sale and Purchase Agreements had been signed by Altice France, Altice Dominicana and MEO with Tofane Global related to the sale of the international wholesale voice carrier business in France, the Dominican Republic and Portugal, respectively. The transaction is expected to close in September 2018. The total consideration to be received amounts to €33.0 million, consisting of €25.0 million in cash and an €8.0 million vendor loan.

15.5. Altice Financing issued a bank guarantee to the European Commission

On July 25, 2018, Altice Financing issued a bank guarantee to the European Commission in relation to the fine for an amount of €124.5 million (see note 12.2.1).

15.6. Altice Dominicana entered into an agreement to sell its telecommunication towers business in the Dominican Republic

On July 30, 2018, the Company announced that its subsidiary Altice Dominicana has reached an agreement with Phoenix Tower International, a portfolio company of Blackstone, for the sale of 100% in the tower company Teletorres del Caribe that will comprise 1,049 sites currently operated by Altice Dominicana. The transaction values Teletorres del Caribe, at an enterprise value of \$170 million. In conjunction with the contemplated transaction, Altice Dominicana will enter into a 20-year master agreement with Teletorres del Caribe, setting a clear partnership framework between the two companies. Teletorres del Caribe has committed to support Altice Dominicana in the continued deployment of its network. Altice Dominicana will pursue its long-term industrial project and continue providing best-in-class telecommunication services to its subscribers, as part of the Altice Group. The transaction is expected to close during the third quarter of 2018 and is subject to the effective de-merger and customary closing conditions.

The Group had started the preparation of the sale in the end of November 2017, however, the Management considered that the sale was not highly probable given the preparatory works were mostly executed in 2018 and the decision to sell the business in the Dominican Republic had not been taken by the Board. Therefore, as of December 31, 2017, the transaction did not meet the classification criteria of held for sale according to IFRS 5 *Non-currents Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations*.

There were negotiations that took place during the first two quarters of 2018, however, the Management considered that the sale was not highly probable as of June 30, 2018. The criteria for classification as held for sale was not met (please refer to note 3.4).

15.7. Sale and purchase agreement signed for the sale of the telecommunication towers business of Altice France

On August 7, 2018, Altice France signed a sale and purchase agreement with Starlight BidCo S.A.S related to the sale of 49.99% of shares in a newly incorporated tower company called SFR TowerCo. The contribution of the tower sites currently operated by the Group to SFR TowerCo, as well as the closing of the transaction are expected to occur in the financial year ending December 31, 2018.

15.8. New swaps relating to the Altice France refinancing

Following the refinancing of the Altice France 2022 \$4.0 billion 6.00% High Yield Notes certain cross-currency swaps have been amended to hedge the new 2026 \$2,500 million L+400 Term Loan B and the new 2027 \$1,750 million 8.125% High Yield Notes. In this process the euro notional of the swaps has been increased by approximately €157 million. The corresponding amounts received will be used to partially repay the outstanding revolver at Altice France.

In addition, Altice France has entered a new swap to hedge the \$250 million upside of the 2027 \$1.75 billion of

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Senior Secured Notes of with a coupon of 8.125%.

15.9. Sale and purchase agreements signed for the purchase by Altice Technical Services France S.à r.l. of the minority interests in ERT Luxembourg S.A.

On August 29, 2018, Altice Technical Services France S.à r.l. ("ATS France") signed sale and purchase agreements with each of the five minority shareholders of ERT Luxembourg S.A. ("ERT Lux") in order to acquire 253 shares of ERT Lux for a total price of EUR 57,015,612. Four of the five sale and purchase agreements contemplated a transfer of the ERT Lux shares to ATS France upon signing. As a result, on the date hereof, ATS France owns circa. 84 % of the share capital of ERT Lux. Upon completion of the sale under the fifth sale and purchase agreement, which is expected to occur on January 31, 2019, ATS France will own 100% of the share capital of ERT Lux.

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16. Revised information

The statement of income had been revised as of and for the six month period ended June 30, 2017 to take into account the impacts of the adoption of IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* by the Group.

Consolidated Statement of Income	Six months ended June 30, 2017	Revision IFRS 15 and other	Six months ended June 30, 2017
(€m)	reported		revised
Revenues	7,652.3	(89.4)	7,562.9
Purchasing and subcontracting costs	(2,374.0)	(27.1)	(2,401.2)
Other operating expenses	(1,603.6)	29.3	(1,574.3)
Staff costs and employee benefits	(803.8)	-	(803.8)
Depreciation, amortization and impairment	(2,002.5)	(4.9)	(2,007.4)
Other expenses and income ¹	(804.3)	(0.6)	(804.8)
Operating profit	64.1	(92.7)	(28.6)
Interest relative to gross financial debt	(1,044.3)	-	(1,044.3)
Other financial expenses	(38.9)	-	(38.9)
Finance income	60.8	-	60.8
Net result on extinguishment of a financial liability	(39.0)	-	(39.0)
Finance costs, net	(1,061.4)	-	(1,061.4)
Net result on disposal of business	-	-	-
Share of earnings of associates	0.1	0.1	0.2
Loss before income tax from continuing operations	(997.2)	(92.6)	(1,089.8)
Income tax benefit	160.2	32.4	192.6
Loss for the period from continuing operations	(837.0)	(60.2)	(897.2)
<i>Attributable to equity holders of the parent</i>	(750.7)	(48.9)	(799.7)
<i>Attributable to non-controlling interests</i>	(86.3)	(11.2)	(97.5)

1 Revision in other expenses and income of (€0.6 million) is an adjustment related to management fees that were not included in published financial statements for the six month period ended June 30, 2017.

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Table below presents the revised statement of financial position as of December 31, 2017 to take into account the adjustments to reflect the impact of new accounting standards IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* and IFRS 9 *Financial instruments*. As stated in note 2.1.4.2, the Group adopted the IFRS 9 standard based on the simplified retrospective approach; the transition impact was recorded in equity as of January 1, 2018 with no impact in 2017.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (€m)	As of December 31, 2017 Reported	Revision IFRS15	As of December 31, 2017 Revised	Adjustment IFRS 9	As of January 1, 2018 Adjusted IFRS9
Non-current assets					
Goodwill	15,915.6	-	15,915.6	-	15,915.6
Intangible assets	8,901.7	(222.8)	8,678.9	-	8,678.9
Property, plant & equipment	10,415.6	-	10,415.6	-	10,415.6
Contract costs	-	241.2	241.2	-	241.2
Investment in associates	49.4	-	49.4	-	49.4
Financial assets	1,262.0	-	1,262.0	-	1,262.0
Deferred tax assets	150.1	(5.0)	145.1	19.6	164.8
Other non-current assets	377.7	-	377.7	(4.1)	373.6
Total non-current assets	37,072.1	13.4	37,085.5	15.5	37,101.1
Current assets					
Inventories	461.4	-	461.4	-	461.4
Contract assets	-	302.3	302.3	(13.3)	289.0
Trade and other receivables	4,440.8	-	4,440.8	(43.6)	4,397.2
Current tax assets	165.3	-	165.3	-	165.3
Financial assets	62.0	-	62.0	-	62.0
Cash and cash equivalents	753.2	-	753.2	-	753.2
Restricted cash	33.7	-	33.7	-	33.7
Total current assets	5,916.4	302.3	6,218.7	(56.9)	6,161.8
<i>Assets classified as held for sale</i>	<i>602.0</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>602.0</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>602.0</i>
Total assets	43,590.5	315.7	43,906.2	(41.4)	43,864.9
Issued capital	2.5	-	2.5	-	2.5
Treasury shares	-	-	-	-	-
Additional paid in capital	1,116.4	77.9	1,194.3	-	1,194.3
Other reserves	(512.6)	(4.4)	(517.0)	-	(517.0)
Accumulated losses	(3,651.4)	131.4	(3,520.0)	(2.2)	(3,522.2)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	(3,045.1)	204.8	(2,840.3)	(2.2)	(2,842.6)
Non-controlling interests	140.4	17.0	157.4	2.0	159.3
Total equity	(2,904.7)	221.8	(2,683.0)	(0.2)	(2,683.1)
Non-current liabilities					
Long term borrowings, financial liabilities and related hedging instruments	31,804.8	-	31,804.8	(56.0)	31,748.8
Other financial liabilities	539.5	-	539.5	-	539.5
Provisions	1,311.5	(4.1)	1,307.4	-	1,307.4
Deferred tax liabilities	397.4	97.4	494.8	14.9	509.7
Contract liabilities	-	466.4	466.4	-	466.4
Other non-current liabilities	593.8	(466.5)	127.3	-	127.3
Total non-current liabilities	34,646.9	93.2	34,740.2	(41.2)	34,699.0
Current liabilities					
Short-term borrowings, financial liabilities	413.6	-	413.6	-	413.6
Other financial liabilities	2,112.0	-	2,112.0	-	2,112.0
Trade and other payables	7,103.2	-	7,103.2	-	7,103.2
Contract liabilities	-	719.9	719.9	-	719.9
Current tax liabilities	196.8	-	196.8	-	196.8
Provisions	429.0	-	429.0	-	429.0
Other current liabilities	1,061.8	(719.2)	342.6	-	342.6
Total current liabilities	11,316.4	0.7	11,317.1	-	11,317.1
<i>Liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale</i>	<i>531.9</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>531.9</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>531.9</i>
Total liabilities	46,495.2	93.9	46,589.2	(41.2)	46,548.0
Total equity and liabilities	43,590.5	315.7	43,906.2	(41.4)	43,864.9

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The following table provides the impact of IFRS 15 in the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2016 and the reconciliation to the published figures.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (€m)	As of December 31, 2016 Published	Revision IFRS 15	As of January 1, 2017 Revised
Non-current assets			
Goodwill	15,799.5	-	15,799.5
Intangible assets	10,624.8	(206.4)	10,418.3
Property, plant & equipment	10,389.0	-	10,389.0
Contract costs	-	232.9	232.9
Investment in associates	60.4	-	60.4
Financial assets	2,884.8	-	2,884.8
Deferred tax assets	109.3	-	109.3
Other non-current assets	156.2	-	156.2
Total non-current assets	40,024.0	26.5	40,050.4
Current assets			
Inventories	393.6	-	393.6
Contracts assets	-	398.0	398.0
Trade and other receivables	4,237.3	-	4,237.3
Current tax assets	175.6	-	175.6
Financial assets	68.6	-	68.6
Cash and cash equivalents	719.9	-	719.9
Restricted cash	19.6	-	19.6
Total current assets	5,614.6	398.0	6,012.6
<i>Assets classified as held for sale</i>	476.0	-	476.0
Total assets	46,114.6	424.5	46,539.0
Issued capital	2.5	-	2.5
Additional paid in capital	840.7	-	840.7
Other reserves	(675.1)	-	(675.1)
Accumulated losses	(2,104.6)	233.7	(1,870.8)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	(1,936.5)	233.7	(1,702.7)
Non-controlling interests	775.4	55.9	831.3
Total equity	(1,161.1)	289.6	(871.4)
Non-current liabilities			
Long term borrowings, financial liabilities and related hedging instruments	32,370.1	-	32,370.1
Other financial liabilities	519.7	-	519.7
Provisions	1,784.8	(4.1)	1,780.7
Deferred tax liabilities	807.6	139.8	947.4
Contract liabilities	-	392.0	392.0
Other non-current liabilities	782.2	(392.0)	390.2
Total non-current liabilities	36,264.4	135.7	36,400.1
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowings, financial liabilities	419.9	-	419.9
Other financial liabilities	2,173.4	-	2,173.4
Trade and other payables	6,637.0	-	6,637.0
Contract liabilities	-	722.3	722.3
Current tax liabilities	294.1	-	294.1
Provisions	535.2	-	535.2
Other current liabilities	862.5	(723.2)	139.3
Total current liabilities	10,922.1	(0.9)	10,921.2
<i>Liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale</i>	89.2	-	89.2
Total liabilities	47,275.7	134.8	47,410.5
Total equity and liabilities	46,114.6	424.5	46,539.0

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The statement of cash flow had been revised for the six month period ended June 30, 2017 following the adjustments related to IFRS 15.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	Six months ended June 30, 2017 Reported	Adjustments for IFRS 15 and other for the six months ended June 30, 2017	Six months ended June 30, 2017 Revised
(€m)			
Net (loss) including non-controlling interests¹	(837.0)	(60.2)	(897.2)
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation, amortization and impairment	2,002.5	4.9	2,007.4
Share in income of associates	(0.1)	0.3	0.2
Gains and losses on disposals	(22.1)	-	(22.1)
Expenses related to share-based payment	14.4	-	14.4
Other non-cash operating (losses)/gains, net	431.1	-	431.1
Pension liability payments	(73.1)	-	(73.1)
Finance costs recognized in the statement of income	1,061.4	-	1,061.4
Income tax credit recognized in the statement of income	(160.2)	(32.4)	(192.6)
Income tax paid	(190.8)	-	(190.8)
Changes in working capital	(41.1)	90.3	49.2
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,184.9	3.0	2,187.9
Payments to acquire tangible and intangible assets and contract costs	(1,812.9)	(2.1)	(1,815.0)
Payments to acquire other non-current assets	(70.5)	(0.8)	(71.3)
Payments to acquire financial assets	(18.0)	-	(18.0)
Proceeds from disposal of businesses	336.8	-	336.8
Proceeds from disposal of tangible, intangible and financial assets	38.0	-	38.0
Payments to acquire interests in associates	(12.3)	(0.1)	(12.4)
Payment to acquire subsidiaries, net	(313.0)	-	(313.0)
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,851.9)	(3.0)	(1,854.9)
Proceeds from issuance of debts	3,524.9	-	3,524.9
Payments to redeem debt instruments	(3,660.0)	-	(3,660.0)
Advances to group entities	(45.3)	-	(45.3)
Transfers to restricted cash	(33.5)	-	(33.5)
Interest paid	(976.4)	-	(976.4)
Other cash provided by financing activities	745.2	-	745.2
Net cash (used)/generated in financing activities	(445.2)	-	(445.2)
Classification of cash as held for sale	-	-	-
Effects of exchange rate changes on the balance of cash held in foreign currencies	(5.2)	-	(5.2)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(117.4)	-	(117.4)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	719.9	-	719.9
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	602.5	-	602.5

Adjustment in net loss including non-controlling interests of (€60.2 million) includes (€0.6 million) of adjustment related to management fee expenses. Please refer to revised statement of income.