

Altice International S.à r.l.



Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

**As of and for the six month period ended
June 30, 2019**

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Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income	Notes	Six months ended June 30, 2019	Six months ended June 30, 2018
(€m)			
Revenues	4	1,968.6	2,115.5
Purchasing and subcontracting costs	4	(473.1)	(610.7)
Other operating expenses	4	(437.7)	(476.3)
Staff costs and employee benefits	4	(232.9)	(238.4)
Depreciation, amortization and impairment	4	(611.3)	(558.0)
Other expenses and income	4	(295.2)	323.3
Operating (loss)/profit		(81.7)	555.4
Interest relative to gross financial debt	13	(238.1)	(248.8)
Other financial expenses	13	(60.8)	(143.5)
Finance income	13	139.9	14.8
Finance costs, net		(159.0)	(377.5)
Share of earnings of associates		(0.4)	4.2
(Loss)/profit before income tax from continuing operations		(241.1)	182.0
Income tax benefit/(expenses)	12	68.5	(20.5)
(Loss)/profit for the period from continuing operations		(172.6)	161.6
Discontinued operations			
Profit after tax for the period from discontinued operations	3.5	-	19.8
(Loss)/profit for the period		(172.6)	181.4
<i>Attributable to equity holders of the parent</i>		(171.4)	175.1
<i>Attributable to non-controlling interests</i>		(1.2)	6.3

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Other Comprehensive Income		Six months ended June 30, 2019	Six months ended June 30, 2018
(€m)			
(Loss)/profit for the period		(172.6)	181.4
Other comprehensive income/(loss)			
Items that are reclassified to profit or loss			
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations		(48.2)	22.2
Gain/(loss) on cash flow hedge, net of taxes		5.6	(37.9)
Fair value of financial assets through OCI, net taxes		(0.7)	(1.9)
Item that is not reclassified to profit or loss			
Actuarial (loss)/gain, net of taxes		(31.3)	13.8
Total other comprehensive loss		(74.5)	(3.8)
Total comprehensive (loss)/profit for the period		(247.1)	177.6
<i>Attributable to equity holders of the parent</i>		(246.7)	171.3
<i>Attributable to non-controlling interests</i>		(0.4)	6.3

The accompanying notes on pages 7 to 32 form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

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Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (€m)	Notes	As of June 30, 2019	As of December 31, 2018
Non-current assets			
Goodwill	5.1	3,237.1	3,207.7
Intangible assets	5.4	1,594.2	1,756.9
Property, plant & equipment		3,503.5	3,520.5
Right-of-use assets ¹	5.5	902.5	-
Contract costs		98.7	95.6
Investment in associates		132.7	134.3
Financial assets	9	1,834.0	1,804.7
Deferred tax assets		247.5	139.9
Other non-current assets		186.4	158.2
Total non-current assets		11,736.5	10,817.8
Current assets			
Inventories		126.4	118.2
Contract assets		37.9	38.9
Trade and other receivables		942.6	943.6
Current tax assets		5.4	8.1
Financial assets		35.2	76.4
Cash and cash equivalents	6	475.3	597.3
Restricted cash	6	34.9	35.9
Total current assets		1,657.8	1,818.4
<i>Assets classified as held for sale</i>	3.4	52.3	15.9
Total assets		13,446.6	12,652.1
Equity			
Issued capital	7.1	309.3	309.3
Other reserves	7.2	(234.8)	(159.4)
Accumulated losses	7	(303.9)	(128.7)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		(229.4)	21.0
Non-controlling interests	3.3	3.2	4.0
Total equity		(226.2)	25.0
Non-current liabilities			
Long term borrowings, financial liabilities and related hedging instruments	8	8,419.6	8,478.7
Other financial liabilities	8.6	887.0	831.3
Non-current lease liabilities ¹	8.6	859.7	-
Provisions	11	960.6	702.3
Deferred tax liabilities		68.9	76.4
Non-current contract liabilities		64.0	61.3
Other non-current liabilities		31.2	34.3
Total non-current liabilities		11,291.0	10,184.3
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowings, financial liabilities	8	27.1	24.5
Other financial liabilities	8.6	582.3	671.6
Current lease liabilities ¹	8.6	81.8	-
Trade and other payables	10	1,335.1	1,210.8
Contract liabilities		107.0	133.5
Current tax liabilities		96.8	130.8
Provisions	11	108.0	113.7
Other current liabilities		22.1	157.9
Total current liabilities		2,360.3	2,442.8
<i>Liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale</i>		21.5	-
Total liabilities		13,672.8	12,627.1
Total equity and liabilities		13,446.6	12,652.1

1 Following the adoption of IFRS 16 *Leases* as of January 1, 2019, Right-of-use assets and Current and Non-current lease liabilities captions have been included in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position. Please refer to note 2.1.1.1.

The accompanying notes on pages 7 to 32 form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

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Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	Number of shares on issue	Share capital	Accumulated losses	Currency translation reserve	Cash flow hedge reserve	Fair value through OCI	Employee Benefits	Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
Equity at January 1, 2019	30,925,700	309.3	(128.7)	(7.9)	(124.0)	2.6	(30.1)	21.0	4.0	25.0
Loss for the period		-	(171.4)	-	-	-	-	(171.4)	(1.2)	(172.6)
Other comprehensive profit/(loss)		-	-	(49.0)	5.6	(0.7)	(31.3)	(75.3)	0.8	(74.5)
Comprehensive profit/(loss)		-	(171.4)	(49.0)	5.6	(0.7)	(31.3)	(246.7)	(0.4)	(247.1)
Transactions with non-controlling interests		-	(5.8)	-	-	-	-	(5.8)	(0.2)	(6.0)
Transactions with Altice shareholders ¹		-	1.2	-	-	-	-	1.2	-	1.2
Other		-	0.9	-	-	-	-	0.9	(0.1)	0.8
Equity at June 30, 2019	30,925,700	309.3	(303.9)	(56.9)	(118.4)	1.9	(61.4)	(229.4)	3.2	(226.2)

¹ Transactions with Altice shareholders relate to the interests on loan and advances granted to entities in the Altice Group, which increased retained earnings by €1.2 million.

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	Number of shares on issue	Share capital	Additional paid in capital	Accumulated losses ¹	Currency translation reserve	Cash flow hedge reserve	Fair value through OCI	Employee Benefits	Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
Equity at January 1, 2018	30,925,700	309.3	104.3	(871.2)	99.7	(142.1)	3.6	(51.0)	(547.4)	27.5	(519.9)
IFRS 9 transition impact		-	-	(21.3)	-	-	-	-	(21.3)	-	(21.3)
Equity at January 1, 2018	30,925,700	309.3	104.3	(892.4)	99.7	(142.1)	3.6	(51.0)	(568.6)	27.5	(541.1)
Profit for the period		-	-	175.1	-	-	-	-	175.1	6.3	181.4
Other comprehensive profit/(loss)		-	-	-	22.2	(37.9)	(1.9)	13.8	(3.8)	-	(3.8)
Comprehensive profit/(loss)		-	-	175.1	22.2	(37.9)	(1.9)	13.8	171.3	6.3	177.6
Transactions with non-controlling interests		-	(104.3)	(114.7)	-	-	-	-	(219.0)	(29.1)	(248.2)
Transactions with Altice shareholders		-	-	(203.5)	-	-	-	-	(203.5)	-	(203.5)
Other		-	-	66.0	-	-	-	-	66.0	(33.1)	32.9
Equity at June 30, 2018	30,925,700	309.3	-	(969.5)	121.9	(180.0)	1.7	(37.2)	(753.8)	(28.2)	(782.0)

¹ The captions Other reserves and Accumulated losses as at June 30, 2018 in the previously published information have been merged into Accumulated losses as presented above.

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Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	Notes	Six months ended June 30, 2019	Six months ended June 30, 2018
(€m)			
Net (loss)/profit including non-controlling interests		(172.6)	231.5
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation, amortization and impairment	4	611.3	579.5
Share in income of associates		0.4	(4.2)
Loss/(gain) on disposals of business		1.8	(88.8)
Other non-cash operating losses/(gains), net ¹		261.3	(313.0)
Pension liability payments		(50.2)	(30.9)
Finance costs recognized in the statement of income	13	159.0	342.1
Income tax credit recognized in the statement of income	12	(68.5)	(44.6)
Income tax paid		(75.2)	(51.5)
Changes in working capital ²		(16.9)	50.3
Net cash provided by operating activities		650.4	670.5
Payments to acquire tangible and intangible assets	4.3	(385.1)	(461.7)
Payments to acquire financial assets		0.3	-
Proceeds from disposal of businesses		-	157.5
Proceeds from disposal of tangible, intangible and financial assets		0.1	0.1
Payment to acquire subsidiaries, net		-	(51.4)
Net cash used in investing activities		(384.7)	(355.5)
Proceeds from issuance of debts		-	525.0
Payments to redeem debt instruments		(9.3)	(313.9)
Lease payment (principal) related to ROU ³		(64.8)	-
Lease payment (interest) related to ROU ³		(13.3)	-
Advances to group companies		0.3	(283.2)
Interest paid		(272.0)	(245.9)
Other cash provided used in financing activities ⁴		(20.3)	(24.5)
Net cash used in financing activities		(379.3)	(342.5)
Classification of cash as held for sale	3.4	(10.2)	-
Effects of exchange rate changes on the balance of cash held in foreign currencies		2.0	(1.9)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(122.0)	(29.5)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		597.3	253.2
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period		475.3	223.7

- 1 Other non-cash operating gains and losses mainly include allowances and writebacks for provisions (including those for restructuring plans in PT Portugal for €252.7 million), and gains and losses recorded on the disposal of tangible and intangible assets.
- 2 Changes in working capital relate to payments and receipts related to inventories, trade and other receivables and trade and other payables.
- 3 Repayment of lease liabilities (IFRS 16 lease payment and the interest related to right-of-use (“ROU”)) are reported under financing activities upon adoption of IFRS 16 *Leases*. During the six month period ended June 30, 2018, operating lease payments were included in net cash provided by operating activities. Please refer also to notes 2.1.1.1 and 2.1.1.2.
- 4 Other cash used in financing activities include €37.2 million of repayments related to factoring arrangements and €11.7 million related to other refinancing related fees, which was partially offset by swap proceeds of €28.6 million.

The accompanying notes on pages 7 to 32 form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

1. About Altice International S.à r.l. and Altice Group

Altice International S.à r.l. (the “Company”, the “Group”) is a private limited liability company (“société à responsabilité limitée”) incorporated in Luxembourg, headquartered at 5, rue Eugène Ruppert, L-2453, Luxembourg, in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg.

The direct controlling shareholder of the Company is Altice Luxembourg S.A., which holds 100% of the share capital, and is itself indirectly controlled by Altice Europe N.V. (“Altice” or the “Altice Group”), headquartered at Prins Bernhardplein 200, 1097 JB Amsterdam, the Netherlands. The consolidated financial statements of the Company are consolidated into the consolidated financial statements of Altice Europe N.V.. The controlling shareholder of Altice Europe N.V. is Next Alt S.à r.l. (“Next Alt”), which holds 75.06% of the share capital as of June 30, 2019 and is controlled by Mr. Patrick Drahi.

The Altice Group is a convergent leader in telecoms, content, media, entertainment and advertising. Altice delivers innovative, customer-centric products and solutions that connect and unlock the limitless potential of its over 30 million customers over fibre networks and mobile broadband. Altice is also a provider of enterprise digital solutions to millions of business customers. The Altice Group innovates with technology, research and development and enables people to live out their passions by providing original content, high-quality and compelling TV shows, and international, national and local news channels. Altice delivers live broadcast premium sports events and enables its customers to enjoy the most well-known media and entertainment.

2. Accounting policies

2.1. Basis of preparation

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Group as of June 30, 2019 and for the six month period then ended were approved by the Board of Managers and authorized for issue on August 27, 2019.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Group as of June 30, 2019 and for the six month period then ended, are presented in millions of Euros, except as otherwise stated, and have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (“IAS”) 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*. They should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements of the Group and the notes thereto as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 which were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted in the European Union (“IFRS”) (the “annual consolidated financial statements”).

The accounting policies applied for the condensed interim consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2019 do not differ from those applied in the annual consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, except for the adoption of new standards effective as of January 1, 2019.

2.1.1. Standards applicable for the reporting period

The following standards have mandatory application for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019 as described in note 1.3.2 to the annual consolidated financial statements.

- IFRS 16 *Leases*, effective on January 1, 2019;
- Annual improvements cycle 2015-2017, effective on or after January 1, 2019;
- IFRS Interpretation Committee (“IFRIC”) 23: *Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments*, applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019;
- Amendments to IFRS 9: *Prepayments features with Negative Compensation*, effective on or after January 1, 2019;
- Amendments to IAS 28: *Long term interests in Associates and Joint ventures*, effective on or after January 1, 2019;
- Amendments to IAS 19: *Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement*, effective on or after January 1, 2019.

The application of amendments to IAS 19, IAS 28, IFRS 9, annual improvements cycle 2015-2017 and IFRIC 23 had no material impact on the amounts recognised in the annual consolidated financial statements and had no material impact on the disclosures in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Below are described the impact of the first adoption of IFRS 16 *Leases* and the main changes in the Group’s accounting policies relating to the first time application of IFRS 16 *Leases*.

2.1.1.1. Adoption of IFRS 16 Leases

IFRS 16 supersedes IAS 17 *Leases*, IFRIC 4 *Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease*, SIC-15 *Operating Leases-Incentives* and SIC-27 *Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease*. The standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to account for most leases under a single on-balance sheet model.

The change of definition of a lease mainly relates to the conception of control. IFRS 16 determines whether a contract contains a lease on the basis of whether the customer has the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange of consideration.

Lessor accounting under IFRS 16 is substantially unchanged from IAS 17. Lessors will continue to classify leases as either operating or finance leases using similar principles as in IAS 17. Therefore, IFRS 16 did not have an impact for leases where the Group is the lessor.

The Group adopted IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective method of adoption with the date of initial application of January 1, 2019. Under this method, the standard is applied retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying the standard recognized at the date of initial application. Therefore, the annual consolidated financial statements were not restated under the new standard.

The effect of adoption IFRS 16 as at January 1, 2019 is as follows:

Effect of adoption IFRS 16 (€m)	January 1, 2019
Property, plant & equipment	(18.8)
Right-of-use assets	896.7
Trade and other receivables	(1.5)
Total assets	876.4
Equity	-
Other financial liabilities - non-current	(36.5)
Lease liability - non-current	854.9
Other financial liabilities - current	(17.5)
Lease liability - current	77.9
Trade and other payables	(2.4)
Total liabilities	876.4

The Group has lease contracts related to mobile sites (land, space in cell towers or rooftop, agreement with towers company), network infrastructure (including local loop unbundling), buildings used for administrative or technical purposes and other assets (vehicles). Before the adoption of IFRS 16, the Group classified each of its leases (as lessee) at the inception date as either a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease was classified as a finance lease if it transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased asset to the Group; otherwise it was classified as an operating lease.

Finance leases were capitalised at the commencement of the lease at the inception date fair value of the leased property or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Lease payments were apportioned between interest (recognised as finance costs) and reduction of the lease liability.

In an operating lease, the leased property was not capitalised and the lease payments were recognised as rent expense in the statement of income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Any prepaid rent and accrued rent were recognised under Trade and other receivables and Trade and other payables, respectively.

Upon adoption of IFRS 16, the Group applied a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases that it is the lessee. The Group recognised lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets. The standard provides specific transition requirements and practical expedients, which has been applied by the Group:

- Right-of-use assets are reported separately in the statement of financial position.
- The recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of IFRS 16 are also applied to short-term leases and leases of low-value assets.
- A distinction is made in leases that contain both lease components and non-lease components except for agreements for which the separation is impracticable (master service agreements with towers company).

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- Application of the portfolio approach for the recognition and measurements of certain asset categories with similar characteristics (same residual value, same economic environment), mainly for local loop unbundling.
- Application of the standard to contracts that were previously identified as finance leases under IAS 17 / IFRIC 4 at the transition date (carry forward of existing finance lease liabilities).
- Calculate outstanding liability for existing operating leases using the incremental borrowing rate at date of transition.
- IFRS 16 is not applied to leases for intangible assets.
- The Group chooses to apply the relief option, which allows it to adjust the right-of-use asset by the amount of any provision for onerous leases recognised in the balance sheet immediately before the date of initial application.

Based on the aforementioned, as at January 1, 2019:

- Right-of-use assets of €896.7 million were recognised and presented separately in the statement of financial position. This includes the lease assets recognised previously under finance leases of €18.8 million that were reclassified from Property, plant and equipment and Intangible assets.
- Additional lease liabilities of €932.8 million (current and non-current) were recognised (including the reclassification of finance lease liabilities already recorded as of December 31, 2018 of €54.0 million).
- Trade and other payables of €2.4 million related to previous operating leases were derecognised.

In addition, the Group is closely monitoring the work of IASB and the IFRS Interpretation Committee, aiming to clarify interpretation of IFRS 16, which could lead to a revision of the accounting policies applied by the Group.

In June 2019, the IFRIC issued a tentative agenda decision related to subsurface rights concluding that when a contract between a land owner and another party gives the other party the right to place an oil pipeline in a specified underground space, with the land owner retaining the right to use the surface area of the land above the pipeline, that contract contains a lease. The Group is finalising the assessment and at this stage, no material impact is expected as in most of the Group's contracts the supplier has a substantive right to substitute the asset throughout the period of use and therefore, the contracts do not contain a lease.

The lease liabilities as at January 1, 2019 can be reconciled to the operating lease commitments as of December 31, 2018 as follows:

Reconciliation of lease liabilities (€m)	January 1, 2019
Operating lease obligations as at December 31, 2018	1,544.2
Period revised for IFRS 16 ¹	21.6
Other ²	80.4
Gross lease liability under IFRS as at January 1, 2019	1,646.2
Discounting effect	(767.4)
Lease liability as at January 1, 2019	878.8
<i>Long term</i>	818.5
<i>Short term</i>	60.3
Finance lease debt	54.0
Total Lease liabilities as of January 1, 2019	932.8
<i>Long term</i>	854.9
<i>Short term</i>	77.9

1 This line includes mainly the effect of renewal options not taken in the minimum lease payments as well as the unbundling local loop rental costs that were not included in the minimum lease payments.

2 This line includes mainly the effect of the change in scope of PHI that is consolidated since January 1, 2019 (please refer to note 3.1.1).

The weighted average incremental borrowing rate as at January 1, 2019 is 7.2%.

2.1.1.2. Summary of new accounting policies upon adoption of IFRS 16

Right-of-use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment

losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Unless the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the recognised right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expense in the period on which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the in-substance fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

Significant judgement in determining the lease term of contracts with renewal options

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Group has the option, under some of its leases, to lease the assets for additional terms. The Group applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the option to renew. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise the renewal.

After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise (or not to exercise) the option to renew (e.g., a change in business strategy). The Group included the renewal period as part of the lease term for leases of technical sites due to the significance of these assets to its operations.

2.1.2. Standards and interpretations not applicable as of reporting date

The Group has not early adopted the following standards and interpretations, for which application is not mandatory for period started from January 1, 2019 and that may impact the amounts reported:

- Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8: *Definition of Material*, effective on or after January 1, 2020;
- Amendments to IFRS 3: *Definition of a Business*, effective on or after January 1, 2020;
- Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards, effective on or after January 1, 2020.

The Board of Managers anticipates that the application of those amendments will not have a material impact on amounts reported in respect of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities.

2.1.3. Significant accounting judgments and estimates

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the Board of Managers is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

These key areas of judgments and estimates, as disclosed in the annual consolidated financial statements are:

- Estimations of provisions for claims and restructuring plans;
- Measurement of post-employment benefits;
- Revenue recognition;
- Fair value measurement of financial instruments;
- Measurement of deferred taxes;
- Impairment of goodwill;
- Estimation of useful lives of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment; and
- Estimation of impairment losses for trade and other receivables.

As of June 30, 2019, there were no changes in the key areas of judgements and estimates except that, following the application of IFRS 16 *Leases*, judgement and estimates are made for the determination of lease terms and the discount rate:

- For the lease term, the Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.
- The discount rate is the rate of interest that a lessee would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment.

3. Scope of consolidation

The following changes occurred during the six month period ended June 30, 2019, which impacted the scope of consolidation compared to that presented in the annual consolidated financial statements.

3.1. Transactions completed in the current period

3.1.1. Change in consolidation method in PHI

In January 2019, Hot Mobile and Partner signed an amendment to the Network Sharing Agreement with respect to the governance of the company PHI, effective on January 1, 2019. Following this amendment, the parties have joint control over PHI (compared to significant influence before the amendment); accordingly, PHI is accounted under the provisions of IFRS 11 *Joint Arrangements* as joint operation (recognition of Hot Mobile's interests in PHI's assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses) instead of equity method.

3.2. Transactions completed in the prior period

3.2.1. Sale of telecommunications solutions business and data center operations in Switzerland

On February 12, 2018, the Company announced the closing of the transaction to sell its telecommunications solutions business and data center operations in Switzerland, green.ch AG and Green Datacenter AG, to InfraVia Capital Partners. The transaction valued the business at an enterprise value of approximately 214 million CHF.

The capital gain recorded during the six month period ended June 30, 2018 amounted to €88.8 million, net of tax. The total proceeds received related to the sale amounted to €156.4 million.

3.2.2. Sale of Altice Management International (“AMI”) to Altice Group Lux S.à r.l

During November and December 2017, the Board of Directors of Altice Europe N.V. decided the transfer of shares of AMI to Altice Group Lux S.à r.l. The sale was completed on January 31, 2018 with a transaction value of 1 CHF. The capital gain recorded in shareholders equity within the transaction with Altice shareholders for the six month period ended June 30, 2018 amounted to €4.6 million net of tax.

3.2.3. Exercise of the ATS call option

In April 2018, the Group exercised the call option for the acquisition of the remaining 49% in Altice Technical

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Services (“ATS”) for a price determined on acquisition of ATS of €147 million, bearing interests at an annual rate of EURIBOR 1 month plus 3.5%. The total amount of €156.3 million was paid on November 26, 2018. As a result of the exercise of the call option, the Group’s ownership in ATS increased to 100%. The ATS entities in France were then sold to Altice France, please refer to note 3.2.5.

3.2.4. Closing of the sale of Altice Content to Altice Group Lux S.à r.l

During November and December 2017, the Board of Directors of Altice Europe N.V. decided the transfer of shares of Altice Content to Altice Group Lux S.à r.l. (the indirect parent company of Altice International). The transaction was closed on May 15, 2018. The capital loss was recorded in shareholders’ equity (within the transaction with Altice’s shareholder) for an amount of €172.2 million, net of tax. The consideration received was €1.

3.2.5. Closing of the sale of Altice Technical Services France to Altice France

During December 2017, the Board of Directors of Altice Europe N.V. decided to transfer of shares of Altice Technical Service France (“ATSF”) to Altice France. As of December 31, 2017, ATSF was treated as discontinued operations and the assets and liabilities were classified as held for sale. The transaction was closed on May 16, 2018. Capital gain recorded in equity amounted to €24.7 million, net of tax. Please refer to note 3.5 for details on the contribution of discontinued operations to the statement of income and cash flow.

3.2.6. Closing of the sale of Altice Customer Service to Altice France

During December 2017, the Board of Directors of Altice Europe N.V. decided to transfer of shares of Altice Customer Services (“ACS”) to Altice France. As of December 31, 2017, ACS was treated as discontinued operations and the assets and liabilities were classified as held for sale. The transaction was closed on May 16, 2018. Capital gain recorded in equity amounted to €3.4 million, net of tax. Please refer to note 3.5 for details on the contribution of discontinued operations to the statement of income and cash flow.

3.3. Variations in non-controlling interests

Variations in non-controlling interests (€m)	Altice Technical Services	Other	Group
Opening balance at January 1, 2018	55.7	(28.1)	27.6
Net income	6.8	4.8	11.6
Other comprehensive income	0.3	0.4	0.7
Sale of ATSF to Altice France	(33.6)	-	(33.6)
Exercise of ATS call option	(26.8)	-	(26.8)
Sale of ACS to Altice France	-	0.9	0.9
Sale of FOT to Altice France	-	(0.4)	(0.4)
Acquisition of Deficom instruments	-	35.6	35.6
Consolidation of SIRESP	-	5.0	5.0
Dividends	(16.3)	-	(16.3)
Variation in minority interest put	-	(2.7)	(2.7)
Other	-	2.4	2.4
Closing at December 31, 2018	(13.9)	17.9	4.0
Loss for the period	(0.6)	(0.6)	(1.2)
Other comprehensive income	0.7	0.1	0.8
Other	0.3	(0.7)	(0.4)
Closing at June 30, 2019	(13.5)	16.7	3.2

3.4. Assets held for sale

During 2018, PT Portugal classified real estate properties as held for sale with a book value of €15.9 million as at December 31, 2018, following the signature of promise of sale agreements entered with the entity Almost Future, S.A., for a total consideration of €17.7 million. As of June 30, 2019, the real estate deeds were not yet entered into, and the assets were not derecognised. The book value of the assets held for sale as at June 30, 2019, was €16.9 million.

At the end of June 2019, PT Portugal entered into an agreement with the Portuguese State to transfer the ownership of its shares in SIRESP’s share capital in December 2019. Under this agreement, PT Portugal will maintain control over SIRESP until the date of the transfer of the shares. Following this agreement, the related assets and liabilities were classified in the assets and liabilities as held for sale as at June 30, 2019. The Group did not consider this to be a major line of business or a geographic operation and, as such, revenues and expenses were not classified as discontinuing operations.

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Table below provides the details of assets and liabilities classified as held for sale as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

Disposal groups held for sale (€m)	June 30, 2019			December 31, 2018	
	SIRESP	Other	Total	Other	Total
Tangible assets	24.0	16.9	40.9	15.9	15.9
Other non-current assets	0.7	-	0.7	-	-
Currents assets	10.7	-	10.7	-	-
Total assets held for sale	35.4	16.9	52.3	15.9	15.9
Non-current liabilities	(0.2)	-	(0.2)	-	-
Current liabilities	(21.3)	-	(21.3)	-	-
Total liabilities related to assets held for sale	(21.5)	-	(21.5)	-	-

3.5. Discontinued operations

During 2017, the Board of Directors of the Altice Europe N.V. decided to transfer the shares of ATSF and ACS to Altice France. As of December 31, 2017, ATSF and ACS were treated as discontinued operations and the assets and liabilities were classified as held for sale. The transactions were closed on May 16, 2018 (please refer to notes 3.2.5 and 3.2.6). For convenience only, the disclosures of summarized statement of income and cash flow of ATSF and ACS are provided on the basis of four months period ended April 30, 2018 instead of up to the date of transfer on May 16, 2018.

Table below presents the impacts of discontinued operations of ACS and ATSF business in the consolidated statement of income for the four month period ended April 30, 2018:

Disposal groups held for sale (€m)	ATS France	ACS	April 30, 2018
Revenue	121.3	58.8	180.2
Operating profit	19.0	6.9	25.9
Finance costs	(0.0)	0.9	0.9
Income tax	(6.5)	(0.5)	(7.0)
Net income related to discontinued operation	12.5	7.3	19.8

Table below presents the impacts of discontinued operations of ACS and ATS France business in the statement of cash flow for the four month period ended April 30, 2018:

Disposal groups held for sale (€m)	ATS France	ACS	April 30, 2018
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	17.4	(3.6)	13.7
Net cash provided (used in)/provided by investing activities	(0.9)	4.1	3.2
Net cash provided (used in)/provided by financing activities	-	1.6	1.6

The amount of assets and liabilities of ATSF and ACS as at April 30, 2018 is summarized below:

Discontinued operations (€m)	ATS France	ACS
Goodwill	72.9	26.8
Non-current assets	(7.3)	(6.4)
Current assets	225.4	172.7
Total assets of discontinued operations	291.0	193.1
Equity	138.9	(4.8)
Non-current liabilities	3.9	25.5
Current liabilities	148.2	172.4
Total liabilities and equity of discontinued operations	291.0	193.1

4. Segment reporting

4.1. Definition of segments

Given the geographical spread of the entities within the Group, analysis by geographical area is fundamental in determining the Group's strategy and managing its different businesses. The Group's chief operating decision maker is the Board of Managers. The Board of Managers analyses the Group's results across geographies, and certain key areas by activity. The presentation of the segments here is consistent with the reporting used internally by the Board of Managers to track the Group's operational and financial performance. The businesses that the Group owns and operates do not show significant seasonality, except for the mobile B2C and B2B business, which

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can show significant changes in sales at the year end and at the end of the summer season (the “back to school” period). The B2B business is also impacted by the timing of preparation of the annual budgets of public and private sector companies. The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group’s accounting policies.

The segments that are presented are detailed below:

- **Portugal:** Altice owns Portugal Telecom (“PT Portugal”), the largest telecom operator in Portugal. PT Portugal caters to residential fixed, residential mobile and business services clients using the MEO brand. As of 2018, this segment also includes the Altice Technical Services entities in Portugal.
- **Israel:** Fixed and mobile services are provided using the HOT telecom, HOT mobile and HOT net brands to residential and business services clients. HOT also produces award winning exclusive content that it distributes using its fixed network, as well as content application called Next and OTT services through Next Plus. As of 2018, this segment also includes the Altice Technical Services entity in Israel.
- **Dominican Republic:** The Group provides residential fixed, residential mobile and business services using the Altice brand. As of 2018, this segment also includes the Altice Technical Services entity in the Dominican Republic.
- **Teads:** Provides digital advertising solutions.
- **Altice TV:** Content business from the use of content rights. Altice TV was no longer part of the Group following the sale to Altice Group Lux S.à r.l. that was closed on May 15, 2018.
- **Others:** This segment includes all corporate entities. The Board of Managers believes that these operations are not substantial enough to require a separate reporting segment, and so are reported under “Others”. In 2018, this segment included French Overseas Territories. The French Overseas Territories is no longer part of the Group since October 31, 2018 following the sale to Altice France.

4.2. Financial Key Performance Indicators (“KPIs”)

The Board of Managers has defined certain financial KPIs that are tracked and reported by each operating segment every month to the senior executives of the Company. The Board of Managers believes that these indicators offer them the best view of the operational and financial efficiency of each segment and this follows best practices in the rest of the industry, thus providing investors and other analysts a suitable base to perform their analysis of the Group’s results.

The financial KPIs tracked by the Board of Managers are:

- Adjusted EBITDA: by segment,
- Revenues: by segment and in terms of activity,
- Capital expenditure (“Capex”): by segment, and
- Operating free cash flow (“OpFCF”): by segment.

4.2.1. Non-GAAP measures

Adjusted EBITDA, Capex and OpFCF are non-GAAP measures. These measures are useful to readers of Altice’s financial statements as they provide a measure of operating results excluding certain items that Altice’s management believe are either outside of its recurring operating activities, or items that are non-cash. Excluding such items enables trends in the Group’s operating results and cash flow generation to be more easily observable. The non-GAAP measures are used by the Group internally to manage and assess the results of its operations, make decisions with respect to investments and allocation of resources, and assess the performance of management personnel. Such performance measures are also the de facto metrics used by investors and other members of the financial community to value other companies operating in the same industry as the Group and thus are a basis for comparability between the Group and its peers. Moreover, the debt covenants of the Group are based on the Adjusted EBITDA and other associated metrics. The definition of Adjusted EBITDA used in the covenant has not changed with the adoption of IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* and IFRS 16 *Leases* by the Group.

4.2.1.1. Adjusted EBITDA

Following the application of IFRS 16 *Leases*, Adjusted EBITDA is defined as operating income before depreciation and amortization, other expenses and incomes (capital gains, non-recurring litigation, restructuring costs) and share-based expenses and after operating lease expenses (i.e., straight-line recognition of the rent expense over the lease term as performed under IAS 17 *Leases* for operating leases). This may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other entities. Further, this measure should not be considered as an alternative for operating income as the effects of depreciation, amortization and impairment, excluded from Adjusted

EBITDA, do ultimately affect the operating results. Operating results presented in the annual consolidated financial statements are in accordance with IAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements*.

4.2.1.2. Capex

Capex is an important indicator to follow, as the profile varies greatly between activities:

- The fixed business has fixed Capex requirements that are mainly discretionary (network, platforms, general), and variable capex requirements related to the connection of new customers and the purchase of Customer Premise Equipment (TV decoder, modem, etc).
- Mobile Capex is mainly driven by investment in new mobile sites, upgrade to new mobile technology and licenses to operate; once engaged and operational, there are limited further Capex requirements.
- Other Capex is mainly related to costs incurred in acquiring content rights.

4.2.1.3. Operating free cash flow

OpFCF is defined as Adjusted EBITDA less Capex. This may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other entities. Further, this measure should not be considered as an alternative for operating cash flow as presented in the consolidated statement of cash flows in accordance with IAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements*.

4.2.2. Revenues

As of January 1, 2019, additional information on the revenue split is presented as follows:

- Residential – Fixed: revenues from fixed business to B2C customers
- Residential – Mobile: revenues from mobiles services and equipment business to B2C customers
- Business services: revenues from B2B customers, wholesale and other revenues
- Media: media, content and advertisement revenues in Teads. In 2018, Media revenues also included revenues of Altice TV.

The comparative information for the six month period ended June 30, 2018 has been revised to reflect the change in revenue split (please refer to note 4.3.3).

Intersegment revenues represented 0.1% of total revenues for the six month period ended June 30, 2019, compared to 0.2% of total revenues for the six month period ended June 30, 2018 (€2.6 million compared to €4.6 million). Intersegment revenues mainly relate to services rendered by certain centralized Group functions (relating to content production, content distribution and centralized research and development) to the operational segments of the Group.

4.3. Segment results

4.3.1. Operating profit by segment

For the six months ended June 30, 2019 €m	Portugal	Israel	Dominican Republic	Teads ¹	Others	Inter- segment elimination	Total
Revenues	1,030.5	466.6	279.4	193.4	1.3	(2.6)	1,968.6
Purchasing and subcontracting costs	(260.8)	(143.0)	(70.3)	-	(0.5)	1.3	(473.1)
Other operating expenses	(179.9)	(98.9)	(41.0)	(115.1)	(3.6)	0.7	(437.7)
Staff costs and employee benefits	(134.0)	(33.3)	(15.0)	(50.2)	(0.5)	-	(232.9)
Total	455.9	191.4	153.2	28.1	(3.2)	(0.5)	824.9
Rental expense operating lease ²	(36.1)	(16.9)	(12.5)	(2.0)	-	-	(67.5)
Adjusted EBITDA	419.8	174.5	140.7	26.1	(3.2)	(0.5)	757.3
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	(358.5)	(179.7)	(63.4)	(9.8)	-	-	(611.3)
Other expenses and income	(283.3)	(3.5)	(5.3)	(0.9)	(2.4)	0.1	(295.2)
Rental expense operating lease	36.1	16.9	12.5	2.0	-	-	67.5
Operating profit/(loss)	(185.8)	8.3	84.4	17.4	(5.6)	(0.4)	(81.7)

1 The standalone revenues of Teads for the six month period ended June 30, 2019 disclosed in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements of €193.4 million are based on revenues net of discounts.

2 This line corresponds to the operating lease expenses which impacts are included in Adjusted EBITDA following the definition stated in note 4.2.1.1.

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For the six months ended June 30, 2018	Portugal	Israel	Dominican Republic	Teads	Altice TV	Others	Inter- segment elimination	Total
€m								
Revenues	1,050.0	482.7	300.0	150.9	28.6	108.0	(4.6)	2,115.5
Purchasing and subcontracting costs	(274.2)	(130.6)	(86.3)	-	(99.0)	(26.4)	5.9	(610.7)
Other operating expenses	(194.5)	(107.8)	(46.8)	(95.9)	(3.2)	(28.6)	0.5	(476.3)
Staff costs and employee benefits	(137.0)	(32.2)	(13.0)	(39.2)	(1.5)	(15.5)	(0.0)	(238.4)
Adjusted EBITDA	444.3	212.1	153.9	15.8	(75.1)	37.5	1.7	790.1
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	(329.4)	(157.0)	(61.9)	(8.2)	-	(1.6)	-	(558.0)
Other expenses and income	(41.6)	(7.4)	(2.1)	0.4	300.0	78.7	(4.7)	323.3
Operating profit/(loss)	73.3	47.7	90.0	8.0	224.9	114.6	(2.9)	555.4

4.3.2. *Other expenses and income*

Other expenses and income mainly relate to provisions for ongoing and announced restructuring, transaction costs related to acquisitions, and other expenses and incomes (gains and losses on disposal of assets, provisions for litigation, penalties, etc.).

Details of costs incurred during the six month period ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 are provided in the following table:

Other expenses and income (€m)	For the six months ended June 30, 2019	For the six months ended June 30, 2018
Restructuring costs	254.8	5.2
Onerous contracts	0.5	-
Net loss on disposal of assets	2.1	1.6
Disputes and litigation	16.7	17.0
Net loss/(gain) on sale of consolidated entities	1.8	(88.8)
Deal fees	2.0	5.9
Management fee	8.7	10.8
Break-up fees	-	(300.0)
Other expenses and income (net)	8.5	25.0
Other expenses and (income)	295.2	(323.3)

4.3.2.1. *Restructuring costs*

For the six month period ended June 30, 2019, restructuring costs mainly related to restructuring plans in PT Portugal for which a €254.7 million provision fully tax deductible was recorded in connection with the voluntary employee reduction program undertaken at the end of the first quarter of 2019, covering approximately 800 employees (mainly in support functions) in order to improve operational flexibility of PT Portugal. These employees will enter a new pre-retirement scheme under which they will receive approximately 80% of their salary every year until retirement date (expected cash out of approximately €20 million in 2019). For the six month period ended June 30, 2018, restructuring costs mainly related to a restructuring plan in PT Portugal.

4.3.2.2. *Net loss on disposal of assets*

For the six month period ended June 30, 2019, the loss on disposal of assets was primarily related to the losses on the disposal of property, plant and equipment in PT Portugal (€2.1 million). For the six month period ended June 30, 2018, the loss on disposal of asset related to losses in PT Portugal due to forest fires damages (€1.6 million).

4.3.2.3. *Disputes and litigation*

For the six month period ended June 30, 2019, disputes and litigation mainly related to the provisions recorded in PT Portugal of €14.6 million for labour and tax litigations and in the Dominican Republic of €1.8 million. For the six month period ended June 30, 2018, disputes and litigation mainly related to the provision recorded in PT Portugal of €20.0 million.

4.3.2.4. *Net loss/(gain) on sale of consolidated entities*

For the six month period ended June 30, 2019, this mainly related to the capital loss due to an adjustment in purchase price adjustment in PT Portugal of €2.0 million loss related to the sale of the international wholesale voice carrier business to Tofane Global. For the six month period ended June 30, 2018, the gain related to the capital gain from the sale of telecommunications solutions business and data center operations in Switzerland, green.ch AG and Green Datacenter AG (please refer to note 3.2.1).

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4.3.2.5. *Deal fees*

For the six month period ended June 30, 2019, deal fees consisted mainly of €2.3 million expenses in PT Portugal for the deal fees for the sale of the fibre business. For the six month period ended June 30, 2018, it consisted of €5.9 million expenses in PT Portugal for the financial and legal advisory fees in the ongoing sale of the tower business.

4.3.2.6. *Management fees*

For the six month period ended June 30, 2019, management fee expense amounted to €8.7 million payable to Altice Luxembourg. For the six month period ended June 30, 2018, it mainly related to the corporate costs charged by Altice Luxembourg and Altice Management International charged to entities within the Group which amounted to €10.8 million.

4.3.2.7. *Break-up fees*

For the six month period ended June 30, 2018, breakup fees of €300.0 million related to the breakup fees income from Altice France payable to the Group as part of the content activities of the Group in 2018.

4.3.2.8. *Other expenses and incomes (net)*

For the six month period ended June 30, 2019, other expenses and incomes consisted mainly of expenses recorded in PT Portugal of €2.3 million for donations granted under social programs and €1.6 million in the Dominican Republic related to penalty and compensation for network shutdown that lasted two days at the end of March 2019, which was caused by a failure of the electricity company.

For the six month period ended June 30, 2018, it consisted mainly of expenses in Altice Holdings of €13.0 million of shares settlement with management team of Altice Blue Two (part of FOT), PT Portugal recorded €3.3 million of fines (mostly related to penalty under the termination of a real estate rental agreement of €2.4 million) and €1.9 million donations.

4.3.3. *Revenues by activity*

In previously published information in 2018, the revenues of French Overseas Territories (FOT) were reclassified to Other revenue caption within the Other segment. Following the change in the way the management looks at the business, the sale of FOT to Altice France in October 2018 and to maintain comparability over the years, the revenues of FOT for the six month period ended June 30, 2018 presented in this note were reclassified according to the revenue split per activity defined in note 4.2.2 and in line with 2019 classification.

The tables below provide the split of revenues by activity as defined in note 4.2.2.

For the six months ended June 30, 2019 €m	Portugal	Israel	Dominican Republic	Teads ¹	Others	Total
Residential - Fixed	307.6	274.6	51.3	-	-	633.6
Residential - Mobile	273.5	129.9	175.1	-	-	578.5
Business services	449.4	62.1	53.0	-	1.3	565.7
Media	-	-	-	193.4	-	193.4
Total standalone revenues	1,030.5	466.6	279.4	193.4	1.3	1,971.2
Intersegment eliminations	(2.1)	-	-	(0.4)	-	(2.6)
Total consolidated revenues	1,028.4	466.6	279.4	192.9	1.3	1,968.6

¹ The standalone revenues of Teads for the six month period ended June 30, 2019 disclosed in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements of €193.4 million are based on revenues net of discounts.

For the six months ended June 30, 2018 €m	Portugal	Israel	Dominican Republic	Teads	Altice TV	Others	Total
Residential - Fixed	308.9	299.1	49.8	-	-	25.4	683.2
Residential - Mobile	275.3	123.5	175.3	-	-	50.1	624.2
Business services	465.8	60.1	75.0	-	-	32.5	633.3
Media	-	-	-	150.9	28.6	-	179.5
Total standalone revenues	1,050.0	482.7	300.0	150.9	28.6	108.0	2,120.2
Intersegment eliminations	(0.8)	(0.1)	(0.4)	(0.2)	(3.5)	0.4	(4.6)
Total consolidated revenues	1,049.2	482.6	299.5	150.7	25.1	108.4	2,115.5

The table below provides the standalone and consolidated revenues in accordance to IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* for the six month periods ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

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Revenues split IFRS 15 (€m)	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018 (*revised)
Residential - Fixed	633.6	683.2
Residential - Mobile	478.8	528.0
Business services	523.8	603.1
Total telecom excluding mobile equipment sales	1,636.2	1,814.3
Mobile equipment sales	141.6	126.5
Media	193.4	179.5
Total stand-alone revenues	1,971.2	2,120.2
Intersegment elimination	(2.6)	(4.6)
Total consolidated	1,968.6	2,115.5

4.3.4. Capital expenditure

The table below details capital expenditure by segment and reconciles to the payments to acquire capital items (tangible and intangible assets) as presented in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

For the six months ended June 30, 2019 €m	Portugal	Israel Dominican Republic	Teads	Others	Eliminations	Total	
Capital expenditure (accrued)	196.4	117.7	59.4	2.1	-	(0.4)	375.1
Capital expenditure - working capital items	12.1	3.1	(5.3)	-	-	-	10.0
Payments to acquire tangible and intangible assets	208.5	120.8	54.1	2.1	-	(0.4)	385.1

For the six months ended June 30, 2018 €m	Portugal	Israel Dominican Republic	Teads	Altice TV	Others	Eliminations	Total	
Capital expenditure (accrued)	211.0	118.6	56.7	-	3.8	17.3	(0.2)	407.3
Capital expenditure - working capital items	45.7	4.2	(2.6)	-	4.5	2.6	-	54.5
Payments to acquire tangible and intangible assets	256.7	122.9	54.1	-	8.3	19.9	(0.2)	461.7

4.3.5. Adjusted EBITDA less accrued Capex

The table below details the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA less accrued Capex or operating free cash flows (“OpFCF”), as presented to the Board of Managers. This measure is used as an indicator of the Group’s financial performance as the Board of Managers believes it is one of several benchmarks used by investors, analysts and peers for comparison of performance in the Group’s industry, although it may not be directly comparable to similar measures reported by other companies. Adjusted EBITDA and accrued Capex are both reconciled to GAAP reported figures in this note; this measure is a calculation using these two non-GAAP figures, therefore no further reconciliation is provided.

For the six months ended June 30, 2019 €m	Portugal	Israel Dominican Republic	Teads	Others	Eliminations	Total	
Adjusted EBITDA	419.8	174.5	140.7	26.1	(3.2)	(0.5)	757.3
Capital expenditure (accrued)	(196.4)	(117.7)	(59.4)	(2.1)	-	0.4	(375.1)
Operating free cash flow (OpFCF)	223.4	56.8	81.3	24.1	(3.2)	-	382.1

For the six months ended June 30, 2018 €m	Portugal	Israel Dominican Republic	Teads	Altice TV	Others	Eliminations	Total	
Adjusted EBITDA	444.3	212.1	153.9	15.8	(75.1)	37.5	1.7	790.2
Capital expenditure (accrued)	(211.0)	(118.6)	(56.7)	-	(3.8)	(17.3)	0.2	(407.3)
Operating free cash flow (OpFCF)	233.2	93.4	97.3	15.8	(78.9)	20.2	1.9	382.9

5. Goodwill, intangible assets and right-of-use assets

5.1. Goodwill

Goodwill recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position was allocated to the different groups of cash generating units (“GCGU” or “CGU” for cash generating units) as defined by the Group.

Altice International S.à r.l.
Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Goodwill	December 31, 2018	Recognized on business combination	Changes in foreign currency translation	Held for sale	Other	June 30, 2019
(€m)						
Portugal	1,727.4	-	-	-	-	1,727.4
Israel	726.9	-	39.5	-	-	766.4
Dominican Republic	694.4	-	(2.1)	-	-	692.3
Teads	201.7	-	-	-	-	201.7
Gross value	3,350.3	-	37.4	-	-	3,387.9
Portugal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Israel	(142.6)	-	(8.2)	-	-	(150.8)
Dominican Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-
Teads	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cumulative impairment	(142.6)	-	(8.2)	-	-	(150.8)
Portugal	1,727.4	-	-	-	-	1,727.4
Israel	584.3	-	31.3	-	-	615.6
Dominican Republic	694.4	-	(2.1)	-	-	692.3
Teads	201.7	-	-	-	-	201.7
Net book value	3,207.7	-	29.2	-	-	3,237.1

Goodwill	December 31, 2017	Recognized on business combination	Changes in foreign currency translation	Held for sale	Other	December 31, 2018
(€m)						
Portugal	1,727.4	-	-	-	-	1,727.4
Israel	746.4	-	(19.6)	-	-	726.9
Dominican Republic	685.8	-	8.6	-	-	694.4
Teads	201.7	-	-	-	-	201.7
Gross value	3,361.4	-	(11.0)	-	-	3,350.3
Portugal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Israel	(146.7)	-	4.1	-	-	(142.6)
Dominican Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-
Teads	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cumulative impairment	(146.7)	-	4.1	-	-	(142.6)
Portugal	1,727.4	-	-	-	-	1,727.4
Israel	599.8	-	(15.5)	-	-	584.3
Dominican Republic	685.8	-	8.6	-	-	694.4
Teads	201.7	-	-	-	-	201.7
Net book value	3,214.7	-	(6.9)	-	-	3,207.7

5.2. Impairment of goodwill

Goodwill is reviewed at the level of each GCGU or CGU annually for impairment and whenever changes in circumstances indicate that its carrying amount may not be recoverable. Goodwill was tested at the CGU/GCGU level for impairment as of December 31, 2018. The CGU/GCGU is at the country level where the subsidiaries operate. The recoverable amounts of the GCGUs are determined based on their value in use. The Group determined to calculate value in use for purposes of its impairment testing and, accordingly, did not determine the fair value of the GCGUs. The key assumptions for the value in use calculations are primarily the post-tax discount rates, the terminal growth rate, capital expenditures and the Earnings before Interests and Taxes (EBIT) margin during the period. EBIT is equal to EBITDA less depreciation and amortization expenses.

The Board of Managers and the Group's senior executives have determined that there have not been any changes in circumstances indicating that the carrying amount of goodwill may not be recoverable. In addition, there were no significant changes in assets or liabilities in any CGU/GCGU, while the recoverable amounts continue to significantly exceed the carrying amounts. Therefore, no updated impairment testing was performed, nor any impairment recorded, for the six month period ended June 30, 2019.

5.3. Business combinations

The Group has not concluded any acquisition during the past 12 months. When the Group acquires an entity, it records the provisional value of the assets and liabilities as being equivalent to the book values in the accounting records of the entity being acquired. The Group then identifies the assets and liabilities to which the purchase price needs to be allocated. The fair value is determined by an independent external appraiser based on a business plan prepared as of the date of the acquisition.

5.3.1. *Acquisitions where the purchase price allocations have been finalized during 2018*

5.3.1.1. *Teads*

On June 22, 2017, Altice Teads (a company which the Group has 98.5% of the financial interest, with 1.5% attributable to the managers of Teads) closed the acquisition of Teads. The acquisition purchase price was €302.3 million, with 75% due at closing, and the remaining 25% earn-out subject to Teads obtaining defined revenue performance in 2017, which targets have been met. As the defined revenue targets for 2017 were met, an earn-out payment of €48.6 million was made to the former owners of Teads during the second quarter of 2018, with an additional earn-out payment of €13.1 million made on July 3, 2018.

5.4. Intangible assets

The following table summarizes information relating to the Company's acquired intangible assets as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

Intangible Assets (€m)	June 30, 2019		
	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated amortization	Net carrying amount
Customer relationships	1,626.2	(935.1)	691.1
Brand names	296.4	(203.0)	93.4
Licenses and franchises	209.5	(68.2)	141.4
Software	322.3	(273.3)	49.0
Other amortizable intangibles	778.4	(159.1)	619.3
Total	3,232.8	(1,638.7)	1,594.2

Intangible Assets (€m)	December 31, 2018		
	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated amortization	Net carrying amount
Customer relationships	1,607.7	(833.5)	774.3
Brand names	294.5	(187.9)	106.6
Licenses and franchises	208.4	(60.5)	147.8
Software	290.0	(244.9)	45.1
Other amortizable intangibles	772.2	(89.2)	683.0
Total	3,172.8	(1,415.9)	1,756.9

The total amortization expense for the six month period ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 was €243.4 million and €230.3 million, respectively, an increase of €13.1 million.

5.5. Right-of-use assets

The following table provides the summary of right-of-use assets as of June 30, 2019 following the first adoption of IFRS 16 *Leases*:

Right-of-use assets (€m)	June 30, 2019			
	Lands and buildings	Technical installations	Other	Total
Gross carrying value	677.1	312.1	28.9	1,018.1
Accumulated amortisation	(27.7)	(72.8)	(15.1)	(115.6)
Net carrying amount	649.4	239.3	13.8	902.5

6. Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash

Cash balances (€m)	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Term deposits	34.5	37.1
Bank balances	440.8	560.2
Cash and cash equivalents	475.3	597.3
Restricted cash	34.9	35.9
Total	510.2	633.2

The restricted cash balance at June 30, 2019 included:

- €31.1 million in Altice Financing S.A. as collateral for a bank guarantee; and
- €3.8 million in HOT for various purposes.

7. Shareholders' equity

Equity attributable to owners of the Company (€m)	Notes	As of June 30, 2019	As of December 31, 2018
Issued capital	7.1	309.3	309.3
Other reserves	7.2	(234.8)	(159.4)
Accumulated losses		(303.9)	(128.7)
Total		(229.4)	21.0

7.1. Issued capital

As at June 30, 2019, there were no changes in the issued capital of the Group during the year. Total issued capital of the Company as at June 30, 2019 was €309.3 million, comprising 30,925,700,000 outstanding ordinary shares, with a nominal value of € 0.01 each.

7.2. Other reserves

The tax effects of the Group's currency, fair value through OCI, cash flow hedge and employee benefits reserves are provided below:

Other reserves (€m)	June 30, 2019			December 31, 2018		
	Pre-tax amount	Tax effect	Net amount	Pre-tax amount	Tax effect	Net amount
Actuarial gains and losses	(83.1)	21.8	(61.4)	(37.6)	7.5	(30.1)
Items not reclassified to profit or loss	(83.1)	21.8	(61.4)	(37.6)	7.5	(30.1)
Fair value through OCI	1.9	-	1.9	2.6	-	2.6
Currency translation reserve	(56.9)	-	(56.9)	(7.9)	-	(7.9)
Cash flow hedge reserve	(171.8)	53.4	(118.4)	(179.3)	55.2	(124.0)
Items potentially reclassified to profit or loss	(226.8)	53.4	(173.4)	(184.6)	55.2	(129.3)
Total	(310.0)	75.1	(234.8)	(222.2)	62.7	(159.4)

8. Borrowings, other financial liabilities and lease liabilities

Borrowings, other financial liabilities and lease liabilities (€m)	Notes	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Long term borrowings, financial liabilities and related hedging instruments		8,419.6	8,478.7
- <i>Debentures</i>	8.1	6,302.0	6,257.4
- <i>Loans from financial institutions</i>	8.1	1,833.8	1,830.2
- <i>Derivative financial instruments</i>	8.3	283.8	391.2
Other non-current financial liabilities	8.6	887.0	831.3
- <i>Finance leases¹</i>		-	36.5
- <i>Other financial liabilities</i>		887.0	794.9
Lease liabilities non-current^{2,3}	8.6	859.7	-
Non-current liabilities		10,166.2	9,310.0
Short term borrowing, financial liabilities and related hedge instruments		27.1	24.5
- <i>Loans from financial institutions</i>	8.1	18.9	23.3
- <i>Derivative financial instruments</i>	8.3	8.2	1.2
Other financial liabilities	8.6	582.3	671.6
- <i>Other financial liabilities</i>		413.2	414.3
- <i>Bank overdraft</i>		0.1	0.0
- <i>Accrued interests</i>		169.0	239.7
- <i>Finance leases¹</i>		-	17.5
Lease liabilities current^{2,3}	8.6	81.8	-
Current liabilities		691.2	696.0
Total		10,857.4	10,006.0

1 Following the adoption of IFRS 16 *Leases* as of January 1, 2019, Finance leases non-current and current have been reclassified to Lease liabilities non-current and current, respectively. Please refer to note 2.1.1.1.

2 Following the adoption of IFRS 16 *Leases* as of January 1, 2019, liabilities arising from leases are recognized in Lease liabilities non-current and current. Please refer to note 2.1.1.1.

3 As of June 30, 2019, the amounts of finance lease non-current and current existing under IAS 17 *Leases* (before the adoption of IFRS 16 *Leases*) were €29.3 million and €17.0 million, respectively.

8.1. Debentures and loans from financial institutions

Debentures and loans from financial institutions (€m)	Notes	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Debentures	8.1.1	6,302.0	6,257.4
Loans from financial institutions	8.1.2	1,852.7	1,853.5
Total		8,154.7	8,110.9

8.1.1. Debentures

Maturity of debentures (€m)	Less than one year	One year or more	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Altice Financing	-	4,698.2	4,698.2	4,660.3
Altice Finco	-	1,603.8	1,603.8	1,597.0
Total	-	6,302.0	6,302.0	6,257.4

8.1.2. Loans from financial institutions

Maturity of loans from financial institutions (€m)	Less than one year	One year or more	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Altice Financing	18.9	1,833.4	1,852.3	1,848.5
Others	-	0.4	0.4	4.9
Total	18.9	1,833.8	1,852.7	1,853.5

8.2. Refinancing activities

During the six month periods ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2019, the Group did not refinance any of its debt.

8.3. Derivatives and hedge accounting

As part of its financial risk management strategy, the Group enters certain hedging operations. The main instruments used are fixed to fixed or fixed to floating cross-currency and interest rate swaps (“CCIRS”) that cover against foreign currency and interest rate risk related to the Group’s debt obligations. The Group applies hedge accounting for the operations that meet the eligibility criteria as defined by IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* (the Group continues to apply the requirement of IAS 39 related to hedge accounting, as allowed under IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*).

8.3.1. CCIRS

The following table provides a summary of the Group’s CCIRS.

Entity Maturity	Notional amount due from counterparty (millions)	Notional amount due to counterparty (millions)	Interest rate due from counterparty	Interest rate due to counterparty	Accounting treatment ¹
Altice Financing S.A.					
May 2026	USD 350	EUR 305	6m LIBOR	6m EURIBOR-0.085%.	FVPL
May 2022	USD 350	EUR 305	7.50%	5.25%	FVPL
May 2026	USD 1,150	EUR 1,004	10.50%	7.91%	FVPL
February 2023	USD 2,060	EUR 1,821	6.63%	5.30%	CFH
May 2026	USD 930	EUR 853	7.50%	7.40%	FVPL
July 2025	USD 485	EUR 449	3m LIBOR+2.75%	3m EURIBOR+2.55%	FVPL
July 2024	USD 500	EUR 442	7.50%	6.03%	FVPL
July 2024	USD 541	EUR 416	7.50%	6.02%	FVPL
July 2024	USD 779	EUR 686	7.50%	6.02%	CFH
May 2026	EUR 1,310	USD 1,500	7.91%	10.50%	FVPL
Altice Finco S.A.					
February 2023	USD 385	EUR 340	7.63%	6.25%	CFH

¹ The derivatives are all measured at fair value. The change in fair value of derivatives classified as cash flow hedges (“CFH”) in accordance with IAS 39 is recognized in the cash flow hedge reserve. The derivatives not hedge accounted have the change in fair value recognised immediately in profit or loss (“FVPL”).

The change in fair value of all derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges was recorded in other comprehensive income for the six month period ended June 30, 2019. Before the impact of taxes, gains of € 7.4 million were recorded in other comprehensive income (€5.6 million net of taxes).

8.3.2. Interest rate swaps

The Group enters interest rate swaps to cover its interest rate exposure in line with its treasury policy. These swaps cover the Group's debt portfolio and do not necessarily relate to specific debt issued by the Group.

In April 2019, interest rate swaps with a maturity date of April 2019 in Altice Financing S.A. matured. Subsequently the Group entered into new one year interest rate swaps which replaced the interest rate swaps with a maturity date of April 2019.

The details of the instruments are provided in the following table.

Entity Maturity	Notional amount due from counterparty (millions)	Notional amount due to counterparty (millions)	Interest rate due from counterparty	Interest rate due to counterparty	Accounting treatment
Altice Financing S.A.					
April 2020	USD 892	USD 892	1m LIBOR	3m LIBOR -0.105%	FVPL
April 2020	USD 886	USD 886	1m LIBOR	3m LIBOR -0.105%	FVPL
May 2026	USD 720	USD 720	1.81%	6m LIBOR	FVPL
January 2023	EUR 750	EUR 750	3m EURIBOR	-0.13%	FVPL

8.4. Reconciliation to swap adjusted debt

The various hedge transactions mitigate interest and foreign exchange risks on the debt instruments issued by the Group. Such instruments cover both the principal and the interest due. A reconciliation from the carrying amount of the debt as per the statement of financial position and the due amount of the debt, considering the effect of the hedge operations (i.e., the "swap adjusted debt"), is provided below:

Reconciliation to swap adjusted debt (€m)	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Debentures and loans from financial institutions	8,154.7	8,110.9
Transaction costs	57.3	62.4
Total (excluding transaction costs and fair value adjustments)	8,212.0	8,173.3
Conversion of debentures and loans in foreign currency (at closing spot rate)	(10,832.6)	(8,158.3)
Conversion of debentures and loans in foreign currency (at hedged rates)	10,840.2	8,207.0
Total swap adjusted value	8,219.6	8,222.0

8.5. Available credit facilities

Available credit facilities (€m)	Total facility	Drawn
Altice Financing S.A.	831.0	-
Revolving credit facilities	831.0	-

8.6. Other financial liabilities and lease liabilities

Other financial liabilities and lease liabilities (€m)	June 30, 2019			December 31, 2018		
	Current	Non-current	Total	Current	Non-current	Total
Lease liabilities	81.8	859.7	941.5	-	-	-
Finance leases	-	-	-	17.5	36.5	54.0
Reverse factoring and securitisation	275.0	-	275.0	271.2	-	271.2
Accrued interest	169.0	-	169.0	239.7	-	239.7
Put options with non-controlling interests	-	139.6	139.6	-	133.6	133.6
Deposits received	-	0.4	0.4	-	-	-
Bank overdraft	0.1	-	0.1	-	-	-
Mandatory Convertible Notes	133.3	540.1	673.4	139.5	586.9	726.4
Debts and liabilities with Altice group companies	0.5	203.6	204.1	-	70.5	70.5
Other	4.5	3.3	7.8	3.7	3.9	7.5
Total	664.1	1,746.7	2,410.8	671.6	831.3	1,502.8

The current portion of other financial liabilities and lease liabilities amounted to €664.1 million as at June 30, 2019, a decrease of €7.5 million compared to the current portion of €671.6 million as at December 31, 2018. The non-current portion increased by €915.4 million to €1,746.7 million as at June 30, 2019 compared to €831.3 million as at December 31, 2018. Details of the main items within the caption, and the movements from the prior period, are detailed below.

8.6.1. *Leases*

The increase in current and non-current lease liabilities recorded as at June 30, 2019 is mainly explained by the impact of the adoption of IFRS 16 *Leases* as at January 1, 2019. The amount of finance lease existing under IAS 17 *Leases* as at December 31, 2018 have been reclassified under the caption lease liabilities in the statement of financial position and amounts to €46.3 million as of June 30, 2019 compared to €54.0 million as at December 31, 2018. The amounts of non-current and current finance lease existing under IAS 17 *Leases* (before the adoption of IFRS 16 *Leases*) as at June 30, 2019 were €29.3 million and €17.0 million, respectively. Please also refer to notes 2.1.1.1 and 2.1.1.2 for more details on IFRS 16 *Leases*.

8.6.2. *Reverse factoring and securitisation*

Through the use of reverse factoring structures, the Group improves the financial efficiency of its supply chain by reducing requirements for working capital. The increase of €3.8 million is due to the combination of changes in spending with existing suppliers, new suppliers having joined the various reverse factoring programs that the Group maintains.

8.6.3. *Accrued interest*

The decrease of the accrued interest is largely explained by the repayment of interest on the Mandatory Convertible Notes, which is payable on an annual basis in June.

8.6.4. *Put options with non-controlling interests*

The Group executes agreements with the non-controlling interests in certain acquisitions whereby the non-controlling interests have the option to sell their non-controlling interests to the Group. These instruments are measured at their fair value at the balance sheet date (please refer to note 9.1.2 for further information).

8.6.5. *Bank overdrafts*

Bank overdrafts consist of temporary overdrafts on bank accounts.

8.6.6. *Mandatory Convertible Notes*

The Mandatory Convertible Notes (“MCN”) were issued for an aggregate amount of €2,055 million, which were entirely subscribed by the Company’s sole Partner, Altice Luxembourg S.A. These instruments are compound financial instruments that contain both a liability and an equity component. The non-current portion of the MCN liability recorded at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 are €540.1 million and €586.9 million respectively. The current portion of the MCN liability recorded at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 are €133.3 million and €139.5 million respectively.

8.6.7. *Debts and liabilities with Altice group companies*

Debts and liabilities with Altice group companies relate to debts and liabilities which Altice International has with Altice group companies outside of the Altice International consolidation. The increase is explained by additional borrowings from Altice Luxembourg largely used for the repayment of interest by Altice Financing.

8.6.8. *Other*

Other consists mainly of various other debts and liabilities of the Group.

9. Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

9.1. Fair value of assets and liabilities

The table below shows the carrying value compared to fair value of financial assets and liabilities.

Fair values of assets and liabilities (€m)	June 30, 2019		December 31, 2018	
	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
Cash and cash equivalents	475.3	475.3	597.3	597.3
Restricted cash	34.9	34.9	35.9	35.9
Derivatives	22.6	22.6	63.2	63.2
Other financial assets	12.6	12.6	13.2	13.2
Current assets	545.4	545.4	709.6	709.6
Derivatives	42.3	42.3	26.2	26.2
Call options on non-controlling interests	48.7	48.7	53.8	53.8
Equity instruments at fair value through OCI	5.0	5.0	5.5	5.5
Loans and receivables with group companies	1,715.9	1,715.9	1,690.7	1,690.7
Other financial assets	22.2	22.2	28.5	28.5
Non-current assets	1,834.0	1,834.0	1,804.7	1,804.7
Short term borrowings and financial liabilities	18.9	18.9	23.3	23.3
Derivatives	8.2	8.2	1.2	1.2
Lease liabilities	81.8	81.8	17.5	17.5
Reverse factoring and securitisation	275.0	275.0	271.2	271.2
Accrued interest	169.0	169.0	239.7	239.7
Mandatory Convertible Notes	133.3	133.3	139.5	139.5
Debts and liabilities with Altice group companies	0.5	0.5	-	-
Other financial liabilities	4.6	4.6	5.2	5.2
Current liabilities	691.2	691.2	697.6	697.6
Long term borrowings and financial liabilities	8,135.8	8,104.5	8,087.6	7,615.8
Put options with non-controlling interests	139.6	139.6	133.6	133.6
Derivatives	283.8	283.8	391.2	391.2
Lease liabilities	859.7	859.7	36.5	36.5
Mandatory Convertible Notes	540.1	540.1	586.9	586.9
Debts and liabilities with Altice group companies	203.6	203.6	70.5	70.5
Other financial liabilities	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.8
Non-current liabilities	10,166.2	10,135.0	9,310.0	8,838.2

During the six month period ended June 30, 2019, there were no transfers of assets or liabilities between levels of the fair value hierarchy. There are no non-recurring fair value measurements. The Group's trade and other receivables and trade and other payables are not shown in the table above as their carrying amounts approximate their fair values.

9.1.1. New put and call options

During the six month period ended June 30, 2019, the Group did not enter into new put-call contracts.

9.1.2. Fair value hierarchy

The following table provides information about the fair values of the Group's financial assets and liabilities and which level in the fair value hierarchy they are classified.

Fair value measurement (€m)	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Financial Liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments	Level 2	Discounted cash flows	292.0	392.3
Minority Put Option - Teads	Level 3	Discounted cash flows	139.6	133.6
Financial Assets				
Derivative financial instruments	Level 2	Discounted cash flows	64.9	89.4
Minority Call option - Teads	Level 3	Black and Scholes model	48.7	53.8
Equity instruments at FVOCI - Partner Co. Ltd.	Level 1	Quoted share price	5.0	5.5

9.2. Level 3 financial instruments

Change in fair value of level 3 instruments (€m)	Available for sale unlisted shares	Minority put options	Minority call options	June 30, 2019
Opening balance	-	(133.6)	53.8	(79.8)
Change in value of minority put options recorded in equity	-	(6.0)	-	(6.0)
Gains or losses recognised in profit or loss	-	-	(5.1)	(5.1)
Closing balance	-	(139.6)	48.7	(90.9)

Change in fair value of level 3 instruments (€m)	Available for sale unlisted shares	Minority put options	Minority call options	December 31, 2018
Opening balance	1.2	(229.4)	50.6	(177.6)
Exercises	-	52.3	(18.8)	33.5
Change in value of minority put options recorded in equity	-	2.3	-	2.3
Transferred to Altice France	-	41.2	(21.2)	20.0
Gains or losses recognised in profit or loss	(1.2)	-	43.2	42.0
Closing balance	-	(133.6)	53.8	(79.8)

10. Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables (€m)	Six months ended June 30, 2019	As of December 31, 2018
Trade payables	1,108.0	977.7
Fixed asset payables	105.5	115.7
Corporate and social security contributions	44.6	42.4
Indirect tax payables	76.8	73.8
Other payables	0.3	1.3
Total	1,335.1	1,210.8

The increase in Trade and other payables as of June 30, 2019 compared to December 31, 2018 was due to a reclassification of liabilities related to the gun jumping litigation case in PT Portugal (please refer to note 16.1.1) from Other current liabilities to Trade and other payables.

11. Provisions

Provisions (€m)	Six months ended June 30, 2019	As of December 31, 2018
Provisions	157.6	157.4
Employee benefit provisions	911.0	658.5
Total	1,068.6	815.9
Current	108.0	113.7
Non-current	960.6	702.3

The increase in non-current provisions as of June 30, 2019 compared to December 31, 2018 was mainly due to an increase in employee benefit provisions in PT Portugal related to the voluntary employee reduction program undertaken end of in the first quarter of 2019 covering approximately 800 employees (mainly in support functions) in order to improve operational flexibility of PT Portugal, please refer to note 4.3.2.1.

12. Taxation

Tax expense (€m)	Six months ended June 30, 2019	Six months ended June 30, 2018
(Loss)/profit before income tax and share of earnings of associates	(240.7)	177.9
Income tax benefit/(expenses)	68.5	(20.5)
Effective tax rate	28%	12%

The Group is required to use an estimated annual effective tax rate to measure the income tax benefit or expense recognized in an interim period.

The Group recorded an income tax benefit of €68.5 million for the six month period ended June 30, 2019, reflecting an effective tax rate of 28% compared to an income tax expense of €20.5 million for the six month period ended June 30, 2018, reflecting an effective tax rate of 12%. Change in the valuation allowance of deferred tax assets had the effect of increasing the Group's effective tax rate for the six month periods ended June 30, 2019, partly offset by non-deductible financial expenses and provisions. Non-taxable gain related to the sale of Green.ch and Green Datacenter AG incurred in the six month periods ended June 30, 2018 (please refer to note 3.2.1) and the

non-recognition of deferred tax asset on net operating losses had the effect of lowering the Group's effective tax rate for the six month period ended June 30, 2018.

12.1. Income tax litigation

There was no significant development in existing tax litigations since the publication of the annual consolidated financial statements that have had, or that may have, a significant effect on the financial position of the Group except the following:

- On July 4, 2019, HOT signed a compromise agreement with the Israeli Tax Authorities for an amount of €7.6 million related to tax assessment for periods 2015-2016.
- During the six month period ended June 30, 2019, in connection with the 2016 and 2017 tax inspections, MEO adjusted the current corporate income tax for those years to reflect certain non-deductible expenses for tax purposes. As a result, the related tax losses carryforward were reduced originating an overall €7 million decline in deferred tax assets.

13. Net finance cost

Net finance cost	Six months ended June 30, 2019	Six months ended June 30, 2018
(€m)		
Interest relative to gross financial debt	(238.1)	(248.8)
Other financial expenses	(60.8)	(143.5)
Finance income	139.9	14.8
Finance costs, net	(159.0)	(377.5)

The net finance costs for the six month period ended June 30, 2019 decreased to €159.0 million compared to €377.5 million for the same period in 2018. The decrease was mainly attributed to:

- lower interest relative to gross financial debt as a result of an increase in mark-to-market gain of €65.5 million (2018: €47.9 million gain) in the swaps of Altice Financing;
- an increase in interest expenses related to lease liabilities that amounted to €33.3 million following the adoption of IFRS 16 *Leases* (2018: nil)
- net foreign exchange gain that amounted to a €80.2 million gain for the six month period ended June 30, 2019 (2018: €109.3 million loss); and
- higher interest incomes recognized on loans granted to Altice Luxembourg S.A. and entities in the Altice Group that amounted to €53.6 million (2018: nil).

14. Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties during 2019 are mainly related to transactions with Altice USA and Altice France, transactions with associates of the various operating entities of the Group and payments for services rendered by the controlling shareholder of the Group. Such transactions are limited to:

- exchange of services between PT Portugal and their associate companies;
- exchange of services between Altice USA and Altice France with Teads, PT Portugal and Altice Dominicana;
- exchange of services like healthcare insurance, infrastructure services, management of emergency network and broadcasting of sport events between PT Portugal and its associate companies;

Transactions with related parties are not subject to any guarantees. The table below shows a summary of the Group's related party transactions for the six month periods ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, and outstanding balances as at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

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Related party transactions - income, expense and capex (€m)	June 30, 2019				
	Revenue	Operating expenses	Financial expenses	Financial income	Capex
Equity holders	2.1	16.1	76.9	53.6	-
Altice USA and its subsidiaries	7.8	0.2	-	-	-
Altice France and its subsidiaries	15.8	1.7	-	0.2	-
Executive managers	-	-	-	-	-
Associate companies, joint ventures and non-controlling interests	6.1	64.1	-	0.5	-
Total	31.9	82.1	76.9	54.3	-

Related party transactions - income, expense and capex (€m)	June 30, 2018				
	Revenue	Operating expenses	Financial expenses	Financial income	Capex
Equity holders	-	2.1	29.2	-	-
Altice USA and its subsidiaries	3.3	-	-	-	-
Altice France and its subsidiaries	405.2	71.3	-	0.2	-
Executive managers	-	-	-	-	-
Associate companies, joint ventures and non-controlling interests	16.9	57.8	0.4	3.8	4.8
Total	425.4	131.3	29.5	4.0	4.8

Related party balances - assets (€m)	June 30, 2019			December 31, 2018		
	Loans and receivables	Trade receivables and other	Current accounts	Loans and receivables	Trade receivables and other	Current accounts
Equity holders	1,623.7	16.8	22.6	1,636.7	16.8	24.7
Altice USA and its subsidiaries	-	4.8	-	2.4	8.2	-
Altice France and its subsidiaries	8.3	16.9	0.5	10.1	11.5	0.8
Executive managers	-	-	-	-	-	-
Associate companies, joint ventures and non-controlling interests	73.4	16.5	-	71.9	31.6	-
Total	1,705.4	55.0	23.1	1,721.1	68.0	25.6

Related party balances - liabilities (€m)	June 30, 2019			December 31, 2018		
	Other financial liabilities	Trade payables and other	Current accounts	Other financial liabilities	Trade payables and other	Current accounts
Equity holders	877.1	201.6	-	867.8	190.6	0.2
Altice USA and its subsidiaries	-	0.2	-	-	2.3	0.5
Altice France and its subsidiaries	-	13.9	1.4	0.7	12.9	1.4
Executive managers	-	-	-	-	-	-
Associate companies, joint ventures and non-controlling interests	0.9	26.2	0.7	-	86.2	-
Total	878.0	241.9	2.2	868.5	291.9	2.0

The revenue reported with associate companies, joint ventures and non-controlling interest mainly related to revenues in Portugal for:

- the specialized works and the lease to Fibroglobal - Comunicações Eletrónicas of ducts, posts and technical spaces through which the Group's network passes; and
- management of the emergency service to SIRESP (SIRESP is no longer a related party in 2019, as it is fully consolidated due to increase of the Group's ownership).

The revenues reported with Altice USA and its subsidiaries for the six month period ended June 30, 2019 mainly related to the revenues in PT Portugal for the sale of equipment and the revenues in Teads from online advertising services. The revenues reported with Altice USA and its subsidiaries for the six month period ended June 30, 2018 mainly related to revenues from online advertising services in Teads and long-distance traffic in Altice Dominicana.

The revenues reported with Altice France and its subsidiaries for the six month period ended June 30, 2019 of €15.8 million mainly related to revenues recognized in PT Portugal and the Dominican Republic. For the six month period ended June 30, 2018, the revenues with Altice France and its subsidiaries of €405.2 primarily related to the breakup fee income in Altice TV of €300.0 million and the operating revenues for the various services provided by PT Portugal, the French Overseas Territories, as well as Altice Technical Service France and Altice Customer Service prior to the sale to Altice France (please refer to notes 3.2.5 and 3.2.6). The corresponding operating expenses for the six month period ended June 30, 2018 was €71.3 million.

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Operating expenses with equity holders for the six month period ended June 30, 2019 was mainly related to the management fee expenses charged by Altice Luxembourg S.A. of €10.0 million and operating expenses with Altice TV.

The operating expense reported with associate companies, joint ventures and non-controlling interest mainly related to:

- in Portugal:
 - o Fibroglobal - Comunicações Eletrónicas for fibre network infrastructure management, which related to a fee for any new customer installation and a monthly fee for PT Portugal's customer base through the network of Fibroglobal;
 - o Sport TV for broadcasting of sports events; and
 - o OMTEL for operating expenses related to fees of the infrastructure service of towers.
- in Israel:
 - o PHI for operating expenses for a mobile network in Israel during 2018 (PHI is consolidated as of January 1, 2019, please refer to note 3.1.1).

Financial expense with the Company's equity holder for the six month period ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 was related to the interest expense on loan due to Altice Luxembourg S.A and the variations in the fair value of non-hedged derivative in Altice Financing with Altice Luxembourg S.A.. Financial incomes with the Company's equity holder for the six month period ended June 30, 2019 was mainly composed of interest incomes on loan and facility agreement with Altice Luxembourg S.A. of €44.6 million and other interest incomes with various entities outside of the Group.

The investment, right-of-use assets, loans and receivables of associate companies, joint ventures and non-controlling interests as of June 30, 2019 mainly related to:

- a loan granted to Fibroglobal - Comunicações Eletrónicas that provides fibre network and infrastructure management services to PT Portugal; and
- a subordinated loan with Wananchi.

The investment, right-of-use assets, loans and receivables with the Company's equity holder as of June 30, 2019 related to receivables related to loans, advances, facility agreements, vendor loans and the accrued interests with entities in the Altice Group. It mainly consisted of facility agreement and loan with Altice Luxembourg S.A. of €1,185.0 million, advances and vendor loans with Altice TV of €294.7 million and loan with Altice Group Lux S.à r.l. of €146.0 million.

The trade receivables and other and the current accounts of associate companies, joint ventures and non-controlling interests as of June 30, 2019 mainly in Portugal related to:

- Portugal Telecom - Associação de Cuidados de Saúde trade receivables related to the employee healthcare insurance in PT Portugal; and
- Fundação Portugal Telecom trade receivables.

The trade receivables and other and the current accounts with the Company's equity holder as of June 30, 2019 mainly related to receivables for management fees and re-invoicing fees charged to Altice Luxembourg S.A.. The trade receivables and other and the current accounts with Altice France and its subsidiaries as of June 30, 2019 related to trade receivables in PT Portugal.

Other financial liabilities with the Company's equity holder as June 30, 2019 mainly related to the Mandatory Convertible Notes issued by Altice International S.à r.l. that were subscribed by Altice Luxembourg S.A. of €673.4 million (please refer to note 8.6.6) and other debts and financial liabilities with the Altice Group companies.

The trade payables and other with the Company's equity holders as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 mainly related to trade payable to Altice N.V. to the fine imposed by the European Commission on the gun jumping investigation during the acquisition of PT Portugal (please refer to note 16.1.1), management fee payables to entities in the Altice Group and trade payable in PT Portugal with Altice TV.

The trade payables and other of associate companies, joint ventures and non-controlling interests as of June 30, 2019 mainly related trade payables and other payables in Portugal with:

- OMTEL trade payable related to infrastructure services of towers; and
- Portugal Telecom - Associação de Cuidados de Saúde, which provides healthcare insurance for the PT Portugal's active and retired employees.

15. Contractual obligations and commercial commitments

During the six month period ended June 30, 2019, no significant contractual obligations and commercial commitments have been signed as compared to the year ended December 31, 2018.

For the six month period ended June 30, 2019, following the implementation of IFRS 16 *Leases*, commitments related to operating leases were recorded on the statement of financial position, thus leading to a decrease in commitments of €1,543.9 million compared to the year ended December 31, 2018.

16. Litigation

In the normal course of its activities, the Group is accused in a certain number of governmental, arbitration and administrative lawsuits. Provisions are recognised by the Group when management believe that it is more likely than not that such lawsuits will result in an expense being recognized by the Group, and the magnitude of the expenses can be reliably estimated. The magnitude of the provisions recognised is based on the best estimate of the level of risk on a case-by-case basis, considering that the occurrence of events during the legal action involves constant re-estimation of this risk.

The Group is not aware of other disputes, arbitration, governmental or legal action or exceptional fact (including any legal action of which the Group is aware, which is outstanding or by which it is threatened) that may have been, or is in, progress during the last months and that has a significant effect on the financial position, the earnings, the activity and the assets of the Company and the Group, other than those described below.

This note describes the new proceedings and developments in existing litigations that have occurred since the publication of the annual consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2018 and that have had or that may have a significant effect on the financial position of the Group.

16.1. Portugal

16.1.1. European Commission Investigation

After having approved the acquisition of PT Portugal by the Group on April 20, 2015, the European Commission initiated an investigation into infringement by the Group of the obligation of prior notification of concentrations under Article 4(1) of the Merger Regulation and/or of the stand-still obligation laid down in Article 7(1) of the Merger Regulation. The European Commission issued a statement of objections on May 18, 2017, informing the Group of the objections raised against it.

On April 24, 2018, the European Commission has notified the Group of its decision to impose upon it a fine for an amount of €124.5 million. The Commission found that the Group infringed the prior notification obligation of a concentration under Article 4(1) of the EU Merger Regulation, and the stand-still obligation under Article 7(1) of the EU Merger Regulation. The Group fully disagrees with the Commission's decision, and in particular, it considers that this case differs entirely from the French Numéricable/SFR/Virgin Mobile gun jumping case, in which the Group had agreed not to challenge the allegations brought against it. In the Group's opinion, the Commission's decision relies on a wrongful definition of the notion of "implementation" of a concentration. Further, the transaction agreement governing the management of the target during the pre-closing period provided the Group with a consultation right on certain exceptional matters relating to PT Portugal aimed at preserving the value and integrity of the target prior to closing and was in accordance with well-established M&A market practice.

In any event, the Group considers that the elements in the Commission's file do not establish the exercise of influence, as alleged by the Commission, by the Group over PT Portugal's business conduct neither prior to the merger notification to the Commission nor prior to the Commission's clearance.

On July 5, 2018, the Group filed a request for annulment against the Commission's decision before the EU General Court to request that the decision as a whole be annulled or, at the very least, that the sanction be significantly reduced. The Commission's decision does not affect the approval granted by the European Commission on April 20, 2015 for the acquisition of PT Portugal by the Group.

On November 6, 2018, the Council of the European Union filed an Application to intervene in the case before the EU General Court. Both Altice Europe N.V. and the European Commission confirmed they had no observations

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to the Council's Application to intervene. The Council requested an extension of the time-limit to file its Statement of intervention. The Court granted that extension until February 25, 2019.

On November 30, 2018 the European Commission filed its defence requesting the Court (1) to dismiss Altice Europe N.V.'s Application and (2) to order Altice Europe N.V. to pay the costs. The said defence was notified to Altice Europe N.V. on December 14, 2018. On December 20, 2018, Altice Europe N.V. requested an extension of one month to lodge its reply. The extension was granted on January 4, 2019, until February 25, 2019.

On February 25, 2019, Altice Europe N.V. filed its Reply to the Commission's defence adhering to the conclusions and orders sought in its application for annulment.

On March 15, 2019, Altice Europe N.V. filed its observations on the Statement of intervention of the Council of the European Union, which essentially mirror the corresponding allegations in Altice Europe N.V.'s Application and reply to the Commission's defence.

On March 18, 2019, Altice Europe N.V. received the copy of the Commission's observations on the Statement of intervention of the Council of the European Union, which merely state it does not have any observations, as its position and that of the Council of the European Union are aligned.

After an extension of the deadline, the Commission filed its Rejoinder to the Group's reply on May 10, 2019.

The written phase of the procedure has now been closed. The President will now fix a date on which the Judge-Rapporteur is to present a preliminary report to the General Court. The preliminary report shall contain an analysis of the relevant issues of fact and of law raised by the action, proposals as to whether measures of organization of procedure or measures of inquiry should be undertaken, whether there should be an oral part of the procedure and whether the case should be referred to the Grand Chamber or to a Chamber sitting with a different number of Judges.

Altice Europe N.V. submitted a reasoned request for a hearing on May 29, 2019.

The General Court will decide whether to open the oral part of the procedure, which would include the hearing requested by Altice Europe N.V.. It is impossible to foresee when such a hearing would take place in this case, as the Court may fix a date anytime between a couple of months and up to a year after the closing of the written procedure. It is also impossible to predict when the Court will adopt its judgment, although this date will be announced some weeks in advance.

As of June 30, 2019, a liability of €126.2 million (including accrued interests) is recorded at Altice Portugal, as it is the acquiring entity of PT Portugal. On July 25, 2018, the Group issued a bank guarantee to the European Commission of €124.5 million (excluding accrued interests).

17. Going concern

As at June 30, 2019, the Group had net current liability position of €702.5 million (mainly due to trade payables amounting to €1,335.1 million) and a negative working capital of €266.1 million. During the six month period ended June 30, 2019, the Group registered a net loss of €172.6 million and generated cash flows of €650.4 million from continued operations.

As at June 30, 2019, the Group had a negative equity position of €226.2 million compared to positive equity position of €25.0 million as at December 31, 2018. The negative equity position decreased from the prior period mainly due to the loss for the six months ended June 30, 2019.

The negative working capital position is structural and follows industry norms. Customers generally pay subscription revenues early or mid-month, with short days of sales outstanding and suppliers are paid under standard commercial terms, thus generating a negative working capital. This is evidenced by the difference in the level of receivables and payables; €942.6 million compared to €1,335.1 million as at June 30, 2019, as compared to €943.6 million and €1,210.8 million as at December 31, 2018. Payables due the following month are covered by revenues and cash flows from operations (if needed).

As at June 30, 2019, the Group's short-term borrowings comprised mainly of loans from financial institutions for Altice Financing for €18.9 million. As at December 31, 2018, the Group's short-term borrowings amounted to €23.3 million. The short-term obligations are expected to be covered by the operating cash flows of the operating

subsidiaries. As at June 30, 2019, the amount drawn on the revolving credit facilities at Altice Financing amounted to nil. A listing of available credit facilities is provided in note 8.5 and the amounts available are sufficient to cover the short-term debt and interest expense needs of each of these segments if needed.

Given the above, the Board of Managers has considered the following elements in determining that the use of the going concern assumption is appropriate:

- The Group's performance on Adjusted EBITDA and operating cash flows:
 - Adjusted EBITDA for the six month period ended June 30, 2019 amounted to €757.3 million, a decrease of 4.1% compared to the same period last year. This decrease in Adjusted EBITDA is mainly linked to lower performance in the Portugal, Israel and the Dominican Republic segments and by the sale of the French Overseas Territories, which was sold to Altice France on October 31, 2018. These reductions were partly offset by an increase in Adjusted EBITDA in Teads and the favourable impact of the sale of Altice TV during 2018 on Adjusted EBITDA.
 - Operating cash flows for the six month period ended June 30, 2019 were €650.4 million.
- The Group had unrestricted cash reserves of €475.3 million as at June 30, 2019, compared to €597.3 million as at December 31, 2018, which would allow it to cover any urgent cash needs.
- Additionally, as of June 30, 2019, the Group had access to revolving credit facilities of up to €831.0 million (of which nil was drawn as of June 30, 2019).

The Group's senior executives track operational KPIs on a weekly basis, thus tracking top line trends closely. This allows the Group's senior executives and local CEOs to ensure proper alignment with budget targets and respond with speed and flexibility to counter any unexpected events and help to ensure that the budgeted targets are met.

Based on the above, the Board of Managers is of the view that the Group will continue to act as a going concern for 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements and has hence deemed it appropriate to prepare these condensed interim consolidated financial statements using the going concern assumption.

18. Events after the reporting period

There were no events subsequent to balance sheet date that had an impact on this condensed interim consolidated financial statement.